Northern Colombia:  
*The Santa Marta Mountains and the Caribbean*

11\textsuperscript{th} – 18\textsuperscript{th} February 2017

*Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager* one of twenty endemic birds seen on this northern Colombia tour

*Tropical Birding Tour Leader: Jose Illanes*
INTRODUCTION:

Although Tropical Birding has been running this trip for many years, it was very exciting to be able to lead this trip for the first time, in a country so close to my homeland in Ecuador. Colombia is famed for its extraordinary diversity of birds, being second to none in this respect with a country total exceeding 1900 species! We concentrated on two very different areas of the north, the Caribbean coast for its specialties, and the isolated northern mountain range of the Santa Marta’s that with its isolation has a number of endemics all of its own. After meeting in Baranquilla, we set off for our first destination, Salamanca Island, an area of mangroves. Our principal target there, Sapphire-throated Hummingbird was seen before breakfast. Pied Puffbird, Black-crested Antshrike also featured, before we moved on. Other stops this first day produced Russet-throated Puffbird, Stripe-backed Wren, Northern Screamer. One of the surprises of the day was finding the Santa Marta Woodstar at this unexpected elevation and site. The following day, we continued birding the La Guajira Peninsula, the most northern part of Colombia. One of the special birds of this area is the Crested Bobwhite which was seen as soon as we arrived there. Other highlights of this coastal scrubby area included Buffy Hummingbird, the stunning White-whiskered Spinetail (photo below), Chestnut Piculet, Orinocan Saltator, Glaucous Tanager, Trinidad Euphonia, and Vermilion Cardinal. Birding some coastal lagoons we found American Flamingo, Roseate Spoonbill, Caspian and Royal Terns, and during the same period we eventually found Tocuyo Sparrow, White-fringed Antwren, Shinning-green Hummingbird, and the Slender-billed Inezia. Some late afternoon forest birding produced the hoped-for Lance-tailed Manakin too. The next morning we returned to the Las Gaviotas Road, and found Santa Marta Blossomcrown, as well as White-chinned Sapphire and Military Macaw, and we also visited some hummingbird feeders that attracted Steely-vent ed Hummingbird, White-vented Plumeleteer, and Red-billed Emerald.
After birding the Caribbean coast it was now time for the mountains, and so after lunch on the second day we headed up to the Santa Martas, birding during the journey there, which led us to find some of the specialties of the region, like Santa Marta Foliage-Gleaner, Santa Marta Antbird, and Santa Marta Brushfinch, as well as Rusty-breasted Antpitta, before we reached our base for the mountains, El Dorado Lodge. We visited the highest point above the lodge, at around 7500ft/2300m, where the weather can be unpredictable. However, we were fortunate to have a pleasant time there, and found Santa Marta Wood-wren, Streak-capped and Rusty-capped Spinetails, Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager, Brown-rumped Tapaculo, Santa Marta Warbler and Yellow-crowned Redstart. Lower down, around the lodge itself we also added Band-tailed Guan, White-tipped Quetzal, Black-fronted Wood-Quail, Blue-naped Chlorophonia, Santa Marta Antpitta, and Lined Quail-Dove; while at their hummingbird feeders White-tailed Starfrontlet was the main attraction. At night we managed to track down the Santa Marta Screech-Owl.

Our final stop of the tour was lower down, within the foothills around El Minca village. On the way to there from the higher mountains we saw Groove-billed Toucanet, Santa Marta Tapaculo, Slaty-backed Nightingale Thrush, Coopmans’s Tyrannulet, Yellow-backed Oriole, and Keel-billed Toucan. Our final birding of this short tour in the Minca area produced Gartered Trogon, Rosy Thrush-Tanager, Scaled Piculet, White-bearded Manakin, and the endemic Chestnut-winged Chachalaca right at the tour end, before we returned to Baranquilla for flights out.

Among the 322 species recorded (of which 311 were seen), the ones picked as trip highlights by the group were: Santa Marta Woodstar, Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager, Santa Marta and Rusty-breasted Antpitta, White-tailed Starfrontlet, Santa Marta Warbler, Yellow-crowned Redstart (Whitestart) photo below, Rosy Thrush- Tanager, Chestnut Piculet, Vermilion Cardinal, Bicolored Wren, White-tipped Quetzal and Keel-billed Toucan was on the list.
TOUR SUMMARY:

Day 1 (of birding): Isla Salamanca National Park to the Guajira Peninsula
Leaving Baranquilla early, we took the 45-minute drive to Via Parque Isla Salamanca. As soon as we arrived at this mangrove area, we noticed our main target species, Sapphire-throated Hummingbird feeding on a flowering tree known locally as Mata Raton. We had this bird before breakfast, and so then took a field breakfast arranged by our driver Jerson. We continued birding this area after eating, with the most productive area being the mangroves surrounding the parking lot; this held specialties of this habitat like Panama Flycatcher, Northern Scrub Flycatcher, Bicolored Conebill, and Prothonotary Warbler, as well as Pied Puffbird, Black-crested Antshrike, Red-rumped Woodpecker, and Straight-billed Woodcreeper.

Birding swampy habitat along the 2.5 mile/4km entrance road nearby, led us to see Russet-throated Puffbird, a bunch of Brown-throated Parakeets, our first Stripe-backed and Bicolored Wrens (photo above), Pearled Kite, and Gray Kingbird. Wetland species were also in evidence, such as Snail Kite, migrant Blue-winged Teal, Black-bellied and White-faced Whistling-Ducks, White-headed Marsh-Tyrant, Pied Water-Tyrant, Bare-faced Ibis, Amazon Kingfisher, and the shy Yellow-chinned Spinetail. A long way off, the other Tropical Birding group in the area, led by Nick Athanas, also showed us a surprise Northern Screamer. By late morning we had planned to bird Tayrona National Park, but were prevented doing so due to an unannounced temporary closure of the bird. Therefore, we took lunch and noted some birds from the restaurant itself like, Crimson-
backed Tanager, Cinnamon Becard, Masked Tityra, Carib Grackle, and some conspicuous and noisy Orange-chinned Parakeets.

Following lunch and some new birds there, we visited the Las Gaviotas Road, a mere twenty-minute drive from the restaurant. Although we only birded there for a short time, it was highly successful, with good views of a White-bellied Antbird, and two endemic hummingbirds that I had not been expecting at this location at all: Santa Marta Woodstar and Santa Marta Blossomcrown, which were both seen feeding on the same epiphytes. After that period of unforeseen excitement, we drove on to our destination for the night, Riohacha on the edge of the Caribbean Sea on the Guajira Peninsula. A few stops along the way added more birds though like, Green-rumped Parrotlet, (photo below), Blue-crowned Parakeet, Bare-eyed Pigeon, and at least three of Rufous-vented Chachalacas, before our birding closed for the day.

Day 2: Guajira Peninsula and Las Gaviotas
Today’s birding started in the coastal lowlands on the Guajira Peninsula at Los Flamencos Sanctuary. A short drive from Riohacha took us into some nice open scrubby habitat. Before we had reached our destination though, we spotted a roadside Double-striped Thick-Knee, which was the only sighting of the species on the tour. Once we arrived at the sanctuary, we quickly began racking up birds, such as Black-faced Grassquit, Pale-legged Hornero, Slender-billed Inezia, further Russet-throated Puffbird (photo next page), Northern Scrub Flycatcher, Green-rumped Parrotlet, and Black-crested Antshrike (photo page 7), and a superb Vermilion Cardinal showed up too. Some of the other star finds also included White-fringed Antwren, the spectacular White-
whiskered Spinetail, charming Chestnut Piculet, Orinocan Saltator, and a family of Crested Bobwhite towards the end of our walk. All of this was done before breakfast to ensure we got the best bird activity, before the heat of the day quickly moved in. Therefore, after this, we returned to the van where our driver Jerson had breakfast waiting. After breakfast we continued birding on the lookout for species that we were still missing. During this period we found Glaucous Tanager, Savanna Hawk, Pearl Kite, Red-crowned Woodpecker, and Trinidad Euphonia.

We took lunch at a local coastal restaurant, and saw Reddish Egret, Tricolored Heron, White and Scarlet Ibis, Black-bellied Plover, Whimbrel, Laughing Gull, Royal and Caspian Terns, American Oystercatcher, and the attractive Roseate Spoonbill before taking our food. After lunch, we birded near El Perico village area, where the road took us back along the shore line where we saw many American Flamingos, and the same coastal habitat held Buffy and Shinning-green Hummingbirds, Red-billed Emerald, and some of the same species that we saw earlier in the day. One of the major targets we were still missing, in spite of much searching in the correct habitat, was Tocuyo Sparrow, which eventually turned up after searching for much of the day. Much of the rest of the afternoon was spent driving to our next destination, but we also made another stop in the Las Gaviotas Road, where we saw both Santa Marta Woodstar and Santa Marta Blossomcrown again, and some other common birds like Rufous-vented Chachalaca.
Day 3: Las Gaviotas Road to El Dorado Reserve (Santa Marta Mountains)

After an early breakfast and check out, we returned to the nearby Las Gaviotas Road once more. Our early start gave us the chance to see a Military Macaw flying by. Much further down the road, we saw a couple of Whooping Motmots, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Forest Elaenia, White-chinned Sapphire that mobbed our pygmy-owl call, Plain-brown Woodcreeper, White-winged Becard, Trinidad Euphonia again, Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher, Mourning Warbler, Bicolored and Buff-breasted Wrens, and nice looks of a displaying Lance-tailed Manakin. For lunch, we drove to the town of Minca, stopping before reaching the town to add Black-backed Antshrike and the Golden-fronted Greenlet to the birdlist. The restaurant we stopped at has hummingbird feeders, and we were able to observe White-necked Jacobin, Black-throated Mango, Coppery Emerald, White-vented Plumeleteer, Steely-vented Hummingbird, and Crowned Woodnymph during our visit. The restaurant also boasts fruit feeders, which also drew in birds like Buff-throated Saltator, Summer Tanager, Pale-breasted Thrush, and the attractive Golden-winged Sparrow, our main target bird for the site and the principal reason for having lunch there.

Our time in the lowlands had now come to a close, and after eating, we drove up into the Santa Marta Mountains, and El Dorado Lodge, a property run by the Pro Aves Foundation. The road traveled to get there was a dusty dirt road, not always the most popular place to bird, but all the same it brought us some of the endemic species to the mountains, like Santa Marta Foliage-Gleaner and Santa Marta Antbird, along with other localized specialties including Santa Marta Brushfinch (photo next page), and White-lobed Warbler. Other road birding in this area yielded Black-headed and Bay-headed Tanagers, Scaled Pigeon, Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush, and Masked Trogon sitting right above the track. Finally, as dusk rolled in, we arrived at the picturesque El Dorado Lodge, perched on a hillside in this isolated mountain range.
Days 4-5: Santa Marta Mountains

Two full days were spent within the El Dorado Reserve, and within the lodge of the same name. The lodge itself is located in the lower section of the mountains, and with some of the endemic birds only found at higher elevations, we visited the upper part of the reserve (at around 7500ft/2300m) in order to try and track down these higher elevation species. While the altitude is not especially high, this upper section of the reserve is known for being shrouded in mist, and being very exposed to the wind, often making finding these birds difficult. However, our time up high was accompanied by pleasant weather, and we soon found Santa Marta Wood-wren, which came in so close it almost walked over our feet! Also at these higher elevations, we noted other endemics such as Santa Marta Warbler, Rusty-headed and Streak-capped Spinetails, Brown-rumped Tapaculo, Yellow-crowned Redstart (Whitestart), Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager also featured at these high elevations. We also saw the Santa Marta race of Black-throated Tody-tyrant. Other more widespread species were also seen, like Cinnamon Flycatcher, White-throated Tyrannulet, Scaly-naped Parrot, Mountain Velvetbreast, a soaring White rumped Hawk, and Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant.

At lower elevations in the area around the lodge itself, we observed a nesting White-tipped Quetzal, as well as more Santa Marta endemics, Santa Marta Toucanet, Sierra Nevada Brushfinch, and an elusive Santa Marta Antpitta, which gave us decent looks in the end. Other avian highlights from these lower areas included Golden-breasted Fruiteater, Lined Quail-Dove, Yellow-legged Thrush, Strong-billed Woodcreeper, Montane Foliage-Gleaner, Spotted Barbtail, Golden-crowned Flycatcher, and Blue-capped and Black-capped Tanagers. El Dorado Lodge has a variety of feeders and areas to attract birds, and these were very worth checking while we were
there; the hummingbird feeders were visited by **Crowned Woodnymph, Lesser and Brown Violetears**, and the dazzling endemic **White-tailed Starfrontlet** *(photo below)*, the fruit and corn feeders hosted **Blue-naped Chlorophonia** and **Band-tailed Guan** respectively, and a compost pile played host to **Black-fronted Wood-Quail**. Around the cabins, we also regularly encountered **Black-chested Jays**. A nightwalk also saw us find the endemic “**Santa Marta**” **Screech-Owl**, which has yet to be formally named and described yet. We enjoyed a great time staying at this scenic lodge, with endemics on the doorstep.

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**Day 6: Santa Marta Mountains to Minca**

This morning, we spent some final time within **El Dorado Reserve**, chasing whatever we still needed, and then descended into the foothills of the mountains, around **Minca**, where we stayed the night. Having checked out, and on our way out of the reserve, we spotted our final endemic of the Santa Marta’s, the well-named **Santa Marta Tapaculo**, which was typically elusive and sneaky, but was seen several times. Other pick-ups included **Groove-billed Toucanet, Keel-billed Toucan, Black-hooded Thrush, Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush**, a very responsive **Gray-throated Leaftosser, Streaked Xenops, Golden-olive Woodpecker**, and **Swallow Tanager**. Before reaching our hotel in
the village of Minca, we birded some cultivated areas, and coffee plantations, where we managed to find three Rosy Thrush-Tanagers, a stunning species that can be often be hard to see well. Other finds there included Crimson-crested Woodpecker, Coopman’s Tyrannulet, Bright-rumped Attila, Red-billed Parrot, Rufous-breasted and Rufous-and-white Wrens, Yellow-backed Oriole, Thick-billed Euphonia, and Rose-breasted Grosbeak. Just before we left this dirt road to go for lunch, the driver informed us he knew of a Black-and-white Owl roost, where fortunately the bird was present.

After lunch at the hotel, where we enjoyed the feeders there, we birded near Minca town. We drove up the hill, and then walked down the road, where use of a pygmy-owl call helped draw in mobbing birds like Grayish Saltator, Thick-billed Seedfinch, White-lined Tanager, Rufous-capped Warbler, Golden-fronted Greenlet, White-bearded Manakin, and the species we were especially interested in finding, Scaled Piculet. On our way back to the hotel, a series of Keel-billed Toucans called vigorously as their last calls of the day before they went to roost for the night.

Day 7: Minca to Barranquilla
For our final day of birding in Northern Colombia, we birded again near the town of Minca, before returning southwest to Barranquilla, stopping for some more target birds on the journey back. Near Minca we birded the same dirt road as the day before, driving up a ways, and then walking and birding our way down when we found Pale-breasted Spinetail, Streak-headed and Cocoa Woodcreepers, Paltry Tyrannulet, Golden-crowned Warbler, and Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl for
the first time, as well as observing soaring **Zone-tailed and Gray Hawks** above the road. While many of these were new, there was no shortage of species we had seen before, like **Rufous-tailed Jacamar**, **Whooping Motmot**, **Crimson-crested Woodpecker**, **Brown-throated and Orange-chinned Parakeets**, **Rufous-capped Warbler** (*photo below*), and **Black-headed and Crimson-backed**

![Rufous-capped Warbler](image)

After this final birding in **Minca**, we drove back to the hotel and did some final birding at their hummingbird feeders in company with their attendant birds like **Coppery Emerald**, **Black-throated Mango**, **Pale-billed Hermit**, and **Steely-vented Hummingbird**. On our drive back to Baranquilla, we made a scheduled stop in some dry scrubby habitat along the **Bale Road**, and found half a dozen of the endemic **Chestnut-winged Chachalaca** within five minutes of arriving (that was our main reason for stopping there).

On the final leg of our tour, and journey to **Barranquilla**, we saw various waterbirds like, **Magnificent Frigatebird**, **Brown Pelican**, and **Little Blue-Heron** as we drove along the shoreline. The tour close with a final farewell dinner, a final checklist and a look back at a total of **311 species of birds seen in just 7 days of birding!**
Crowned Woodnymph (top) and Black-fronted Wood-Quail (bottom)
Santa Marta Wood-Wren (top) and Black-chested Jay (bottom)
Golden-breasted Fruiteater (top) and Band-tailed Guan (bottom)
Rusty-breasted Antpitta (top) and Red Howler (bottom)
**BIRD LIST:**
The taxonomy of the bird list follows: Clements, James F., White, Anthony W., and Fitzpatrick, John W. The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World. Cornell, 2007. This list is up to date with the major changes published by Cornell up until August 2016. (H) indicates a species that was HEARD only. (G) indicates a species recorded by the GUIDE ONLY. (E) Indicates and endemic species

**TINAMOUS**
Little Tinamou

**TINAMIDAE**
Crypturellus soui

**ANHIMIDAE**
Chauna chavaria

**ANATIDAE**
Dendrocygna viduata

**SCREAMERS**
Northern Screamer

**WATERFOWL**
White-faced Whistling-Duck
Black-bellied Whistling-Duck
Blue-winged Teal

**ANATIDAE**
Dendrocygna autumnalis

Anas discors

**CRACIDS**
Chestnut-winged Chachalaca (E)
Rufous-vented Chachalaca
Band-tailed Guan
Sickle-winged Guan

**CRACIDAE**
Ortalis garrula

**ANATIDAE**
Penelope argyrotais

**NEW WORLD QUAIL**
Crested Bobwhite
Black-fronted Wood-Quail

**ODONTOPHORIDAE**
Colinus cristatus

**FLAMINGOS**
American Flamingo

**PHOENICOPTERIDAE**
Phoenicopterus ruber

**FRIGATEBIRDS**
Magnificent Frigatebird

**FREGATIDAE**
Fregata magnificens

**CORMORANTS AND SHAGS**
Neotropic Cormorant

**PHALACROCORACIDAE**
Phalacrocorax brasilianus

**PELICANS**
Brown Pelican

**PELECANIDAE**
Pelecanus occidentalis

**HERONS, EGRETS, BITTERNS**
Great Blue Heron
Great Egret
Snowy Egret
Little Blue Heron
Tricolored Heron
Reddish Egret
Cattle Egret
Green Heron
Striated Heron

**ARDEIDAE**
Ardea herodias

**ARDEIDAE**
Ardea alba

**ARDEIDAE**
Egretta thula

**ARDEIDAE**
Egretta caerulea

**ARDEIDAE**
Egretta tricolor

**ARDEIDAE**
Egretta rufescens

**ARDEIDAE**
Bubulcus ibis

**ARDEIDAE**
Butorides virescens

**ARDEIDAE**
Butorides striata
Black-crowned Night-Heron

IBISES AND SPOONBILLS
White Ibis
Scarlet Ibis
Glossy Ibis
Bare-faced Ibis
Roseate Spoonbill

NEW WORLD VULTURES
Black Vulture
Turkey Vulture
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture

OSPREY
Osprey

HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES
Pearl Kite
White-tailed Kite
Snail Kite
Double-toothed Kite
Plumbeous Kite
Savanna Hawk
Roadside Hawk
White-rumped Hawk
Gray Hawk
Broad-winged Hawk
Zone-tailed Hawk

RAILS, GALLINULES, COOTS
Purple Gallinule

LIMPIN
Limpkin

THICK-KNEES
Double-striped Thick-knee

PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS
Black-bellied (Gray) Plover
Southern Lapwing

OSTERCATCHERS
American Oystercatcher

STILTS AND AVOCETS
Black-necked Stilt

JACANAS
Wattled Jacana

SANDPIPERs AND ALLIES
Whimbrel
Sanderling
Spotted Sandpiper
Greater Yellowlegs
Lesser Yellowlegs  
**GULLS**  
Laughing Gull  
**TERNS**  
Gull-billed Tern  
Caspian Tern  
Royal Tern  
Sandwich Tern  
**PIGEONS AND DOVES**  
Rock Pigeon  
Pale-vented Pigeon  
Scaled Pigeon  
Bare-eyed Pigeon  
Band-tailed Pigeon  
Common Ground-Dove  
Ruddy Ground-Dove  
Scaled Dove  
White-tipped Dove  
Lined Quail-Dove  
**CUCKOOS**  
Greater Ani  
Smooth-billed Ani  
Groove-billed Ani  
Striped Cuckoo  
Squirrel Cuckoo  
**OWLS**  
Santa Marta Screech-Owl (E)  
Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl  
Black-and-white Owl  
Lesser Nighthawk  
Common Pauraque  
**SWIFTS**  
White-collared Swift  
Gray-rumped Swift  
**HUMMINGBIRDS**  
White-necked Jacobin  
Long-billed (W. Long-tailed) Hermit  
Pale-bellied Hermit  
Sooty-capped Hermit  
Brown Violetear  
Lesser (Green) Violetear  
Ruby-topaz Hummingbird  
Black-throated Mango  
Santa Marta Blossomcrown (E)  
Tolima Blossomcrown (E)  

Tringa flavipes  
**LARIDAE: LARINAE**  
Leucophaeus atricilla  
**LARIDAE: STERNINAE**  
Gelochelidon nilotica  
Hydroprogne caspia  
Thalasseus maximus  
Thalasseus sandvicensis  
**COLUMBIDAE**  
Columba livia  
Patagioenas cayennensis  
Patagioenas speciosa  
Patagioenas corensis  
Patagioenas fasciata  
Columbina passerina  
Columbina talpacoti  
Columbina squammata  
Leptotila verreauxi  
Zentrygon lineatus  
**CUCULIDAE**  
Crotaphaga major  
Crotaphaga ani  
Crotaphaga sulcirostris  
Tapera naevia  
Playa cayana  
**STRIGIDAE**  
Megascops sp.nov.  
Glaucidium brasilianum  
Ciccaba nigrolineata  
Chordeiles acutipennis  
Nyctidromus albicollis  
**APODIDAE**  
Streptoprocne zonaris  
Chaetura cinereiventris  
**TROCHILIDAE**  
Florisuga mellivora  
Phaethornis longirostris  
Phaethornis anthophilus  
Phaethornis augusti  
Colibri delphinae  
Colibri thalassinus  
Chrysolampis mosquitus  
Anthracothorax nigricollis  
Anthecephala floriceps  
Anthecephala berlepschi
Tyrian Metaltail
White-tailed Starfrontlet (E)
Mountain Velvetbreast
Long-billed Starthroat
Santa Marta Woodstar (E)
Red-billed Emerald
Coppery Emerald
White-vented Plumeleteer
Crowned (Violet-crowned) Woodnymph
Buffy Hummingbird
Steely-vented Hummingbird
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird
Sapphire-throated Hummingbird
Sapphire-bellied Hummingbird (E)
Shining-green Hummingbird
White-chinned Sapphire
**TROGONS**
White-tipped Quetzal
Gartered Trogon
Masked Trogon
**MOTMOTS**
Whooping Motmot
**KINGFISHERS**
Ringed Kingfisher
Amazon Kingfisher
Green Kingfisher
**PUFFBIRDS**
Pied Puffbird
Russet-throated Puffbird
**JACAMARS**
Rufous-tailed Jacamar
**TOUCANS**
Emerald (Santa Marta) Toucanet
Groove-billed (Yellow-billed) Toucanet
Yellow-throated (Chestnut-mandibled) Toucan
Keel-billed Toucan
**WOODPECKERS**
Scaled Piculet
Chestnut Piculet
Red-crowned Woodpecker
Red-rumped Woodpecker
Golden-green Woodpecker
Golden-olive Woodpecker
Spot-breasted Woodpecker
Lineated Woodpecker

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Crimson-crested Woodpecker

**FALCONS AND CARACARAS**
Barred Forest-Falcon
Crested Caracara
Yellow-headed Caracara
Laughing Falcon
Bat Falcon

**NEW WORLD AND AFRICAN PARakeets**
Orange-chinned Parakeet
Red-billed Parrot
Blue-headed Parrot
Scaly-naped Parrot
Green-rumped Parrotlet
Santa Marta Parakeet (E)
Brown-throated Parakeet
Military Macaw
Blue-crowned Parakeet
Scarlet-fronted Parakeet

**TYPICAL ANTBIRDS**
Black-crested Antshrike
Barred Antshrike
Black-backed Antshrike
White-fringed Antwren
Santa Marta Antbird (E)
White-bellied Antbird

**ANTPITTAS**
Santa Marta Antpitta (E)
(Santa Marta) Rufous Antpitta
Rusty-breasted Antpitta

**TAPACULOS**
Santa Marta Tapaculo (E)
Brown-rumped Tapaculo (E)

**OVENBIRDS**
Gray-throated Leafossier
Plain-brown Woodcreeper
Strong-billed Woodcreeper
Cocoa Woodcreeper
Straight-billed Woodcreeper
Streak-headed Woodcreeper
Montane Woodcreeper
Plain Xenops
Streaked Xenops
Pale-legged Hornero
Montane Foliage-gleaner
Santa Marta Foliage-gleaner (E)
Spotted Barbtaill
Streak-capped Spinetail (E)
Yellow-chinned Spinetail
Pale-breasted Spinetail
Rusty-headed Spinetail (E)
White-whiskered Spinetail

**TYRANT FLYCATCHERS**

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<th>Spotted Barbtaill</th>
<th>Premnoplex brunnescens</th>
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<tr>
<td>Streak-capped Spinetail (E)</td>
<td>Cranioleuca hellmayri</td>
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<td>Yellow-chinned Spinetail</td>
<td>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</td>
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<td>Synallaxis albescens</td>
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<td>Rusty-headed Spinetail (E)</td>
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<td>White-whiskered Spinetail</td>
<td>Synallaxis candei</td>
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**TYRANNIDAE**

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<th>Brown-capped Tyrannulet</th>
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<tr>
<td>Greenish Elaenia</td>
<td>Myiopagis viridicata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-bellied Elaenia</td>
<td>Elaenia flavogaster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olive-striped Flycatcher</td>
<td>Mionectes olivaceus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ochre-bellied Flycatcher</td>
<td>Mionectes oleagineus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sepia-capped Flycatcher</td>
<td>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sooty-headed Tyrannulet</td>
<td>Phylomystes griseiceps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paltry (Specious) Tyrannulet</td>
<td>Zimmerius vilissimus tamae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden-faced (Coopmans's) Tyrannulet</td>
<td>Zimmerius chrysops minimus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Scrub-Flycatcher</td>
<td>Sublegatus arenarum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slender-billed Tyrannulet</td>
<td>Inezia tenuirostris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tawny-crowned Pygmy-Tyrant</td>
<td>Euscarthmus melopyrhus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pale-eyed Pygmy-Tyrant</td>
<td>Atalotriccus pilaris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Bentbill</td>
<td>Oncostoma olivaceum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant</td>
<td>Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black-throated Tody-Tyrant</td>
<td>Hemitriccus granadensis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher</td>
<td>Poecilotoricus sylvia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Tody-Flycatcher</td>
<td>Todyrostrophus cinereum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher</td>
<td>Todyrostrophus nigriceps</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cinnamon Flycatcher</td>
<td>Pyrhomyias cinnamomeus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Western Wood-Pewee</td>
<td>Contopus sordidus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acadian Flycatcher</td>
<td>Empidonax virescens</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vermilion Flycatcher</td>
<td>Pyrrocephalus rubinus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pied Water-Tyrant</td>
<td>Fluvicola pica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White-headed Marsh Tyrant</td>
<td>Arundinicola leucocephala</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant</td>
<td>Ochthoeca diadema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cattle Tyrant</td>
<td>Machetornis rixosa</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bright-rumped Attila</td>
<td>Attila spadiceus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dusky-capped Flycatcher</td>
<td>Myiarchus tuberculifer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Panama Flycatcher</td>
<td>Myiarchus panamensis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Great Crested Flycatcher</td>
<td>Myiarchus crinitus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown-crested Flycatcher</td>
<td>Myiarchus tyrannulus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Kiskadee</td>
<td>Pitangus sulphuratus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Boat-billed Flycatcher
Rusty-margined Flycatcher
Social Flycatcher
Golden-crowned Flycatcher
Streaked Flycatcher
Piratic Flycatcher
Tropical Kingbird
Eastern Kingbird
Gray Kingbird
COTINGAS
Golden-breasted Fruiteater
MANAKINS
Lance-tailed Manakin
White-bearded Manakin
TITYRAS AND ALLIES
Masked Tityra
Cinnamon Becard
White-winged Becard
VIREOS
Rufous-browed Peppershrike
Golden-fronted Greenlet
Yellow-throated Vireo
Brown-capped Vireo
Red-eyed Vireo
CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES
Black-chested Jay
SWALLOWS
Blue-and-white Swallow
Southern Rough-winged Swallow
Gray-breasted Martin
Bank Swallow
Barn Swallow
WRENS
Scaly-breasted Wren
House Wren
Stripe-backed Wren
Bicolored Wren
Rufous-breasted Wren
Rufous-and-white Wren
Buff-breasted Wren
Gray-breasted Wood-Wren
Santa Marta Wood-Wren (E)
GNATCATCHERS
Long-billed Gnatwren
Tropical Gnatcatcher

Megarynchus pitangua
Myiozetetes cayanensis
Myiozetetes similis
Myiodynastes chrysocephalus
Myiodynastes maculatus
Legatus leucophaius
Tyrannus melancholicus
Tyrannus tyrannus
Tyrannus dominicensis
Cotingidae
Pipreola aureopectus
Pipridae
Chiroxiphia lanceolata
Manacus manacus
Tityridae
Tityra semifasciata
Pachyramphus cinnamomeus
Pachyramphus polychopterus
Vireonidae
Cyclarhis gujanensis
Pachysylvia aurantiifrons
Vireo flavifrons
Vireo leucophrys
Vireo olivaceus
Corvidae
Cyanocorax affinis
Hirundinidae
Pygochelidon cyanoleuca
Stelgidopteryx ruficollis
Progne chalybea
Riparia riparia
Hirundo rustica
Troglydytidae
Microcerculus marginatus
Trogodytes aedon
Campylorhynchus nuchalis
Campylorhynchus griseus
Pheugopedius rutilus
Thryophilus rufalbus
Cantorchilus leucotis
Henicorhina leucophrys bangsi
Henicorhina anachoreta
Polioptilidae
Ramphocaenus melanurus
Polioptila plumbea
THRUSHES AND ALLIES
Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush
Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush
Yellow-legged Thrush
Pale-breasted Thrush
Black-hooded Thrush
Great Thrush

TURDIDAE
Catharus aurantirostris
Catharus fuscat
Turdus flavipes
Turdus leucomelas
Turdus olivater
Turdus fuscat

MIMIDAE
Mimus gilvus

MOCKINGBIRDS
Tropical Mockingbird

NEW WORLD WARBLERS
Northern Waterthrush
Black-and-white Warbler
Prothonotary Warbler
Tennessee Warbler
Mourning Warbler
American Redstart
Blackburnian Warbler
Yellow Warbler
Rufous-capped Warbler
Golden-crowned Warbler
Santa Marta Warbler (E)
White-lored Warbler (E)
Slate-throated Redstart
Yellow-crowned Redstart (E)

PARULIDAE
Parkesia noveboracensis
Mniottila varia
Protonotaria citrea
Oreothlypis peregrina
Geothlypis philadelphia
Setophaga ruticilla
Setophaga fusca
Setophaga petechia
Basileuterus rufifrons
Basileuterus culicivorus
Basileuterus basilicus
Myiothlypis conspicillatus
Myioborus miniatus
Myioborus flavivertex

TANAGERS AND ALLIES
White-lined Tanager
Crimson-backed Tanager
Black-cheeked Mountain-Tanager (E)
Blue-gray Tanager
Glaucous Tanager
Palm Tanager
Blue-capped Tanager
Black-headed Tanager
Black-capped Tanager
Bay-headed Tanager
Swallow Tanager
Blue Dacnis
Purple Honeycreeper
Bicolored Conebill
White-sided Flowerpiercer
Rusty Flowerpiercer
Saffron Finch
Blue-black Grassquit
Thick-billed Seed-Finch
Gray Seedeater

THRAUPIDAE
Tachyphonus rufus
Ramphocelus dimidiatus
Anisognathus melanogenys
Thraupis episcopus
Thraupis glaucocolpa
Thraupis palmarum
Thraupis cyanoccephala
Tangara cyanoptera
Tangara heinei
Tangara gyrola
Tersina viridis
Dacnis cayana
Cyanerpes caeruleus
Conirostrum bicolor
Diglossa albilatera
Diglossa sittoides
Sicalis flaveola
Volatinia jacarina
Sporophila funerea
Sporophila intermedia
Paramo Seedeater
Pileated Finch
Bananaquit
Dull-colored Grassquit
Black-faced Grassquit
Rosy Thrush-Tagner
Buff-throated Saltator
Orinoco Saltator
Grayish Saltator
Streaked Saltator

SPARRROWS AND ALLIES
Black-striped Sparrow
Tocuyo Sparrow
Sierra Nevada Brushfinch (E)
Golden-winged Sparrow
Rufous-collared Sparrow
Santa Marta Brushfinch (E)

CARDINALS AND ALLIES
Summer Tanager
Vermilion Cardinal
Golden (-bellied) Grosbeak
Rose-breasted Grosbeak
Dickcissel

TROUPIALS AND ALLIES
Great-tailed Grackle
Carib Grackle
Yellow-hooded Blackbird
Shiny Cowbird
Yellow-backed Oriole
Yellow Oriole
Baltimore Oriole
Yellow-billed Cacique
Carib Grackle
Yellow-throated Cacique
Trinidad Euphonia
Thick-billed Euphonia
Blue-naped Chlorophonia
Lesser Goldfinch

MAMMAL LIST:

Venezuelen Red Howler
Red-tailed Squirrel
Central American Agouti

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