



Ecuador: Andes Introtour

-
June 23–30, 2012

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Leader: Scott Olmstead



Golden-headed Quetzal

Introduction

Our Andes Introtour is just that: an introduction to birding in the Andes. Even if you have birded other regions of the Neotropics, there is something unique about the biogeography of the Andes, and how the species composition of no two sites will be exactly the same. On this tour we spent six days visiting a variety of birding sites at different elevations, showcasing the subtle differences in the lush cloudforests of Northwest Ecuador. The birds were numerous and spectacular, the weather was pleasant and conducive to birding, the company was enjoyable, and we spent all five nights in the field at the delightful Tandayapa Bird Lodge. What more could you ask for?

Daily Birding Summary

Day 1: Yanacocha The main event on our first day is a visit to the Jocotoco Foundation's Yanacocha Reserve on the northwest slope of Volcán Pichincha. However, today we were "waylaid" by unexpectedly awesome birding along the way from Quito to Yanacocha. Early on we had great views of Tawny Antpitta, Shining Sunbeam, and a very cooperative Stripe-headed Brush-Finch. We also had a nice raptor show, with Variable Hawk, Black-chested Buzzard-



Eagle, and a surprise Andean Condor! It wasn't until well after 8:00 that we actually made it to the reserve! During the rest of the morning we worked through some good mixed flocks with Superciliated Hemispingus, Blue-backed Conebill, and Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager, among others. And let's not forget the Rufous Antpitta, blissfully feeding on worms provided by one of the local wardens!

In the afternoon the weather was uncharacteristically mild and we decided

to hit the trail again after lunch. We staked out an abundant patch of Cavendishia where we hoped to find the rare and critically endangered Black-breasted Puffleg. For all those flowers there were surprisingly few hummingbird visitors but after a half-hour we were rewarded with a visit from the unmistakable male Black-breasted Puffleg, glowing deep blue in the afternoon light! We spent the rest of our afternoon making our way to Tandayapa Lodge, with good birding all along the way. A flock of White-browed Ground-Tyrants, several **Red-crested Cotingas** (above), and a pair of Andean Lapwings were among the birds seen just below Yanacocha. Further down the road to Tandayapa we found Torrent Duck, White-capped Dipper, the cute Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant, and a couple of Andean Cocks-of-the-rock displaying.

Day 2: Tandayapa We started the morning with a walk to the hide, where enjoyed a great dawn chorus. We had nice views of the local Streak-capped Treehunters and Immaculate Antbirds, among others but overall there were not a lot of birds coming in. A female thrush gave us a real identification challenge, eventually turning out to be a Glossy-black. We headed back and checked out the feeders at the lodge. It's always a privilege to get to watch Red-headed Barbets, Blue-winged Mountain-Tanagers, and Golden Tanagers over breakfast! A little after 8:00 we were on our way up the Tandayapa Valley; we stopped at a bamboo patch to see a family of Plain-tailed Wrens and not far away we had our first Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan encounter! These beauties were hard to appreciate through the fog at first, and were left hoping for an upgrade. Well we got just that, driving farther up the road, we decided to walk a stretch beyond Bellavista, and we came upon a couple of mountain-toucans feeding right by the road at eye level! Now it was clear why they were chosen to be on the cover bird of the field guide!



Walking along the road turned out to be very productive, with new hummingbirds like Gorgeted Sunangel and Collared Inca, and some huge mixed flocks with Streaked Tuftedcheeks, Grass-

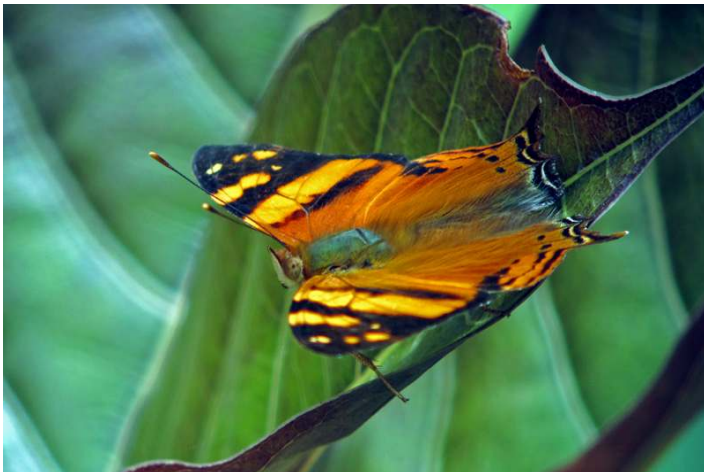
green Tanagers, and Hooded Mountain-Tanagers. But for me the bird of the morning was a pair of Tanager Finches we spotted moving unobtrusively through the understory beside the road, seemingly hanging out with a few Three-striped Warblers. We returned to the lodge for lunch and more birding around the grounds. Of course the hummingbird feeders are one of the main draws here, and we spent quite a bit of time checking out what was coming in. It's hard to say what was the crowd favorite; it could have been the bee-sized Purple-throated Woodstar, the unique Booted Racket-tail, the elegant Violet-tailed Sylph, or possibly the pugnacious **Buff-tailed Coronet** (above). Late in the afternoon we visited the hide again and got to watch 3 White-throated Quail-Doves foraging in the compost. And a family group of Powerful Woodpeckers came right by the patio.

Day 3: Milpe Today we traveled downslope from Tandayapa and visited the Milpe area in the foothills. It was an action-packed day! During the morning we walked the trails at the Milpe Bird Sanctuary, a private forest reserve operated by Mindo Cloudforest Foundation. In recent years the birding has just been getting better and better here as the foundation's reforestation efforts have been coming to fruition in the areas around the original old-growth forest patch. The reserve is famous for its lek of Club-winged Manakins, and fortunately the manakins were very active and we got to check out their strange display before moving along down the trail. The hard-to-spot Andean Solitaire was feeding nearby. We also found a displaying Golden-winged Manakin, dancing for his lady friend on the a sun-dappled mossy log on the forest floor! A few good mixed flocks on our morning walk brought us new birds such as Choco Warbler, Tawny-breasted Flycatcher, Spotted Bartbtail, and Spotted Woodcreeper. We got a trio of foliage-gleaners: Scaly-throated, Lineated, and Buff-fronted. We saw birds of all sizes, from the large and gaudy Choco Toucan to the tiny Olivaceous Piculet. The hummingbird feeders had some nice eye candy, including Green Thorntails, Green-crowned Briliants, and **Green-crowned Woodnymphs** (below).



For lunch we headed into the nearby town of Los Bancos and visited a local restaurant, the Mirador Rio Blanco, which has great food and great birding. The fruit feeders just outside the dining room drew in Crimson-rumped Toucanets, White-throated Quail-Doves, and a nice assortment of tanagers that included Blue-gray, Lemon-rumped, Golden, Silver-throated and one Rufous-throated. We spent the second part of the afternoon on a return visit to Milpe; this time we went for a walk at the neighboring property, Milpe Gardens, which is now also owned by Mindo Cloudforest Foundation. Here we saw some new birds, such as Orange-billed Sparrow, Purple-crowned Fairy, and **Broad-billed Motmot** (above). Perhaps the highlight of the afternoon was a Spotted Nightingale-Thrush, first heard giving its strange song. Eventually it surrendered good views after a sustained attempt to actually see this nervous and skulking bird, no small feat!

On the way back to the lodge, we stopped at a stakeout on the way up the Tandayapa Valley and located a striking male Lyre-tailed Nighthjar singing from his perch up the steep hillside. Seeing this magnificent nightjar sally out overhead and show off its tremendous tail in the fading daylight is always a treat. Told you it was a full day!



Day 4: Mashpi This is not a destination we can include on every Introtour but we were able to secure permission from the property owners to bird this legendary patch of middle-elevation cloudforest about two hours from Tandayapa, so we took advantage of the opportunity. I first discovered the Mashpi area quite by accident about four years ago and was immediately impressed by the lush moss-draped forest here. Since then it has become one of the hottest birding sites where birders can hope to see some of the more elusive Chocó endemics. Today we got to bird an area I had not visited before: the entrance track to the new Mashpi Reserve, owned and operated by a local travel company. We started with a little birding along the main road, turning up the handsome and rare Indigo Flowerpiercer and the endemic Brown Inca. On the Mashpi Road itself we had a flyover of four fast-moving, erratic, and strikingly-colored Rose-faced Parrots. Not long after we got into a mixed flock with Pacific Tuftedcheeks and at least one Moss-backed Tanager. We also found our first Orange-breasted Fruiteater, maddeningly difficult to see. After much effort we eventually were satisfied to get a prolonged scope view of a male perched high in the canopy. Little did we know at the time, this bird turned out to be surprisingly

common and we would get still better views later on! The birding was challenging to say the least, as many of the mixed flocks were overhead and difficult to observe.

Inside the gate, we almost immediately spotted our first Black Solitaire, which flew in front of the windshield and perched for a moment just feet from the van! Score! One of the top targets for the morning, the Chocó Vireo did not exactly cooperate; we were able to hear it singing but it did not respond at all to broadcast of its song and we never got to see it. We did have a couple more impressive mixed flocks, and although we needed many opportunities, in the end Glistening-green, Flame-face, and Moss-backed Tanagers were seen well. As if we hadn't spent enough time looking overhead, a pair of Barred Hawks teased us by displaying overhead!

For the last few hours of the afternoon we returned to Tandayapa to spend some more time around the lodge. One of the main "problems" at Tandayapa is you never know if you should be watching the hummingbird feeders or going for a walk on the trails! We managed to do a little bit of both, scoring Golden-headed Quetzal on the trails and the usual 12 or so species of hummingbirds at the feeders. The resident volunteer at the lodge, Jeremy, pointed out an active nest of **Crimson-mantled Woodpecker** (below). Thanks Jeremy!



Day 5: Rio Silanche Day 5 was our day to travel downslope to the Rio Silanche Bird Sanctuary, another precious forest reserve owned and operated by the Mindo Cloudforest Foundation. This area is in the lower foothills at around 400m elevation, so there is a nice mix of foothill and lowland species here, including many that we didn't see at any other location on the trip. As we turned off the highway and onto the access road, the thick, low fog that is typical in the early morning hours here was just starting to clear. We found lots of bird activity at several stops along

the road, with woodpeckers, tityras, flycatchers, and tanagers such as the numerous well represented. We finally arrived at the reserve around mid-morning and stepped out of the van right into more mixed flock activity!

The canopy observation tower was quite productive, and from the top deck we enjoyed closeup views of White-tailed Trogon, Chestnut-mandibled Toucan, and Green Honeycreeper. **Black-cheeked Woodpeckers** (above) and Masked Tityras took turns perching on a dead snag nearby, and a striking **Yellow-tufted Dacnis** (below) paused long enough for a scope view. We also took a good walk through the tall rainforest and found a good, though difficult-to-observe flock that was probably feeding near and army anstwarm. Plain-brown Woodcreeper and Northern Barred-Woodcreeper were among the birds we eventually saw well here. Also on the same walk we flushed a tiny Wedge-billed Woodcreeper out of its nest in a hollow stump, and it was a thrill to be able to observe its two plain white eggs at the bottom of the nest hole.

On an afternoon walk on a different trail (across the road) we found our second intriguing nest of the day. Watching a female Griscom's Antwren moving through the lower treetops, she suddenly disappeared from view and after a moment we realized she had settled onto a nest! We watched the nest, an inconspicuous pouch of green mossy fibers, through the scope for some time, amazed at how it blended into the foliage of the tree. It's possible that the nest of this species (or subspecies since it is often considered part of Moustached Antwren) has never been found before! Finally, as the afternoon crept on, we had to tear ourselves away and head back to Tandayapa. Leaving Rio Silanche is always the hardest part of the day.



Day 6: Paz de las Aves On our final morning we traveled to the famous Refugio Paz de las Aves, a private forest reserve owned by a local farmer Angel Paz and his family. We had a nice 4:30am breakfast (!) before making the 45-minute drive from Tandayapa in the dark, arriving before dawn. This was all part of the plan, as hiking down into the forest before daybreak allowed us to get into a forest blind and see the display of the Andean Cock-of-the-rock. On this

particular morning we were able to see 4 brilliant blood-red males. The name of the local subspecies *sanguinolenta*, colored an exceptionally especially rich red, is derived from this vivid crimson color. Not to marginalize this spectacular bird, but the true main attraction at Refugio Paz must be the antpittas, and we saw the largest: Giant Antpitta, and the smallest: **Ochre-breasted Antpitta** (above), both summoned from the depths of the forest with some juicy worms and a few enticing whistled notes from Angel and his brother Rodrigo. Angel also produced a family of Dark-backed Wood-Quail, feeding at point-blank range on the trail. The fruit feeders here have been excellent lately as well, and we saw Black-chinned and Blue-winged Mountain-Tanagers, Toucan Barbets, Crimson-rumped Toucanets and Sickle-winged Guans. Also added here were Velvet-purple Coronet and Empress Brilliant were the last new hummingbirds of the trip.

After some delicious homemade empanadas, we did a little more birding around Refugio Paz, missing the local Ocellated Tapaculo (heard only) and coming up with a dazzling **Golden-headed Quetzal** instead. (See photo at top.) Around midday we slowly made our way back to the lodge, stopping along the way to admire the local “white-winged” race of Black Phoebe. We had a farewell lunch and a couple more hours around the lodge to say our goodbyes to the hummingbirds, and then returned to Quito. What a trip! See you next time.

The List

In total we recorded 302 species during our trip. Of these 302 species, 48 were heard but not seen.

- The taxonomic order of this list follows *The Birds of Ecuador*, by Ridgely and Greenfield.
- However, I have updated the nomenclature to reflect the latest work by the AOU's [South American Classification Committee](#).
- Names in “quotation marks” indicate identifiable subspecies that may eventually be recognized as distinct species.
- Names in [brackets] indicate that the taxon in question, currently recognized as a species by the South American Classification Committee, was once considered part of a larger species.
- Names in (parentheses) indicate older or alternate nomenclature.
- An “H” indicates the species was heard only.
- An “L” indicates the species was seen only by the leader.

TINAMOUS

Little Tinamou

DUCKS, GEESE, SWANS

Torrent Duck

HERONS & EGRETS

Cattle Egret

AMERICAN VULTURES

Andean Condor

Black Vulture

Turkey Vulture

Tinamidae

Crypturellus soui

H

Anatidae

Merganetta armata

Ardeidae

Bubulcus ibis

Cathartidae

Vultur gryphus

Coragyps atratus

Cathartes aura

KITES, EAGLES, HAWKS

Hook-billed Kite
 Swallow-tailed Kite
 "Plain-breasted" Sharp-shinned Hawk
 Barred Hawk
 Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle
 Short-tailed Hawk
 Variable Hawk

FALCONS & CARACARAS

Barred Forest-Falcon
 Collared Forest-Falcon
 Laughing Falcon

CURASSOWS, GUANS, ETC.

Wattled Guan
 Sickle-winged Guan

NEW WORLD QUAIL

Dark-backed Wood-Quail

PLOVERS & LAPWINGS

Andean Lapwing

PIGEONS & DOVES

Band-tailed Pigeon
 Pale-vented Pigeon
 Ruddy Pigeon
 Plumbeous Pigeon
 Dusky Pigeon
 Eared Dove
 White-tipped Dove
 Pallid Dove
 Ruddy Quail-Dove

PARROTS & MACAWS

Maroon-tailed Parakeet
 Blue-fronted Parrotlet
 Rose-faced Parrot
 Blue-headed Parrot
 Red-billed Parrot
 Bronze-winged Parrot
 Scaly-naped Amazon

CUCKOOS & ANIS

Squirrel Cuckoo
 Smooth-billed Ani

NIGHTJARS & NIGHTHAWKS

Lyre-tailed Nightjar

SWIFTS

White-collared Swift
 Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift

HUMMINGBIRDS

White-whiskered Hermit
 Stripe-throated Hermit
 White-necked Jacobin
 Brown Violet-ear
 Green Violet-ear

Accipitridae

Chondrohierax uncinatus
Elanoides forficatus
Accipiter striatus ventralis
Leucopternis princeps
Geranoaetus melanoleucus
Buteo brachyurus
Buteo polyosoma

Falconidae

Micrastur ruficollis
Micrastur semitorquatus
Herpetotheres cachinnans

Cracidae

Aburria aburri
Chamaepetes goudotii

Odontophoridae

Odontophorus melanonotus

Charadriidae

Vanellus resplendens

Columbidae

Patagioenas fasciata
Patagioenas cayennensis
Patagioenas subvinacea
Patagioenas plumbea
Patagioenas goodsoni
Zenaida auriculata
Leptotila verreauxi
Leptotila pallida
Geotrygon montana

Psittacidae

Pyrrhura melanura
Touit dilectissima
Pionopsitta (Pyrilia) pulchra
Pionus menstruus
Pionus sordidus
Pionus chalcopterus
Amazona mercenaria

Cuculidae

Piaya cayana
Crotophaga ani

Caprimulgidae

Uropsalis lyra

Apodidae

Streptoprocne zonaris
Panyptila cayennensis

Trochilidae

Phaethornis yaruqui
Phaethornis striigularis
Florisuga mellivora
Colibri delphinae
Colibri thalassinus

L

H

H

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H

Sparkling Violet-ear
 Green Thorntail
 Green-crowned Woodnymph
 Violet-bellied Hummingbird
 Rufous-tailed Hummingbird
 Andean Emerald
 Blue-chested Hummingbird
 Purple-chested Hummingbird
 Speckled Hummingbird
 Purple-bibbed Whitetip
 Empress Brilliant
 Green-crowned Brilliant
 Fawn-breasted Brilliant
 Shining Sunbeam
 Mountain Velvetbreast
 Great Sapphirewing
 Brown Inca
 Collared Inca
 Buff-winged Starfrontlet
 Sword-billed Hummingbird
 Buff-tailed Coronet
 Velvet-purple Coronet
 Gorgeted Sunangel
 Black-breasted Puffleg
 Sapphire-vented Puffleg
 Booted Racket-tail
 Black-tailed Trainbearer
 Tyrian Metaltail
 Violet-tailed Sylph
 Wedge-billed Hummingbird
 Purple-crowned Fairy
 Purple-throated Woodstar
TROGONS & QUETZALS
 Golden-headed Quetzal
 (Western) White-tailed Trogon
 Collared Trogon
 Masked Trogon
MOTMOTS
 Broad-billed Motmot
 Great Jacamar
PUFFBIRDS
 White-whiskered Puffbird
 Lanceolated Monklet
NEW WORLD BARBETS
 Orange-fronted Barbet
 Red-headed Barbet
 Toucan Barbet
TOUCANS
 Crimson-rumped Toucanet
 "Pale-mandibled" Collared Araçari
 Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan

Colibri coruscans
Popelairia conversii
Thalurania fannyi
Damophila julie
Amazilia tzacatl
Amazilia franciae
Amazilia amabilis
Amazilia rosenbergi
Adelomyia melanogenys
Urosticte benjamini
Heliodoxa imperatrix
Heliodoxa jacula
Heliodoxa rubinoides
Aglaeactis cupripennis
Lafresnaya lafresnayi L
Pterophanes cyanopterus
Coeligena wilsoni
Coeligena torquata
Coeligena lutetiae
Ensifera ensifera
Boissonneaua flavescens
Boissonneaua jardini
Heliangelus strophianus
Eriocnemis nigrivestis
Eriocnemis luciani
Ocreatus underwoodii
Lesbia victoriae
Metallura tyrianthina
Aglaiocercus coelestis
Schistes geoffroyi H
Heliiothryx barroti
Calliphlox mitchellii
Trogonidae
Pharomachrus auriceps
Trogon [viridis] chionurus
Trogon collaris H
Trogon personatus
Momotidae
Electron platyrhynchum
Jacamerops aureus
Bucconidae
Malacoptila panamensis
Micromonacha lanceolata
Capitonidae
Capito squamatus
Eubucco bourcierii
Semnornis ramphastinus
Ramphastidae
Aulacorhynchus haematopygus
Pteroglossus torquatus erythropygius
Andigena laminirostris

Chocó Toucan	<i>Ramphastos brevis</i>	
"Chestnut-mandibled" Black-mandibled Toucan	<i>Ramphastos ambiguus swainsonii</i>	
WOODPECKERS & PICULETS	Picidae	
Olivaceous Piculet	<i>Picumnus olivaceus</i>	
Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rivolii</i>	
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rubiginosus</i>	
Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>	
Black-cheeked Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes pucherani</i>	
Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis fumigatus</i>	H
Red-rumped Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis kirkii</i>	
Powerful Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus pollens</i>	
OVENBIRDS	Furnariidae	
"Pacific" Pale-legged Hornero	<i>Furnarius leocopus cinnamomeus</i>	
Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>	H
Slaty Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis brachyura</i>	
Rufous Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis unirufa</i>	H
White-browed Spinetail	<i>Hellmayrea gularis</i>	H
Red-faced Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca erythroptis</i>	
Streaked Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii</i>	
"Pacific" Buffy Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes lawrenceii johnsoni</i>	
Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>	
Spotted Barbtail	<i>Premnoplex brunnescens</i>	
Lineated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla subalaris</i>	
Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia variegaticeps</i>	
Western [Striped] Woodhaunter	<i>Hyloctistes [subulatus] virgatus</i>	H
Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor rufus</i>	
Streak-capped Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes virgaticeps</i>	
Uniform Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes ignobilis</i>	H
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>	
Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>	
WOODCREEPERS	Dendrocolaptidae	
Plain-brown Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla fuliginosa</i>	
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>	
Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>	
Northern Barred-Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae</i>	
Spotted Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus erythroptis</i>	
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>	
Montane Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger</i>	
TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS	Thamnophilidae	
Uniform Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus unicolor</i>	H
Western Slaty-Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>	
"Griscom's" Moustached Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula ignota ignota</i>	
Pacific Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula pacifica</i>	
Checker-throated Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula fulviventris</i>	H
White-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula axillaris</i>	H
Slaty Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula schisticolor</i>	
Dot-winged Antwren	<i>Microrhophias quixensis</i>	
Rufous-rumped Antwren	<i>Terenura callinota</i>	
Immaculate Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza immaculata</i>	
Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza exsul</i>	

ANTTHRUSHES & ANTPITTAS

Black-headed Antthrush
 Rufous-breasted Antthrush
 Giant Antpitta
 Scaled Antpitta
 Chestnut-crowned Antpitta
 Rufous Antpitta
 Tawny Antpitta
 Ochre-breasted Antpitta

TAPACULOS

Blackish (Unicolored) Tapaculo
 Nariño Tapaculo
 Spillmann's Tapaculo
 Ocellated Tapaculo

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

Sooty-headed Tyrannulet
 Ashy-headed Tyrannulet
 Chocó [Golden-faced] Tyrannulet
 Brown-capped Tyrannulet
 Greenish Elaenia
 White-crested Elaenia
 White-banded Tyrannulet
 White-tailed Tyrannulet
 Tufted Tit-Tyrant
 Streak-necked Flycatcher
 Slaty-capped Flycatcher
 Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant
 Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant
 Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher
 Common Tody-Flycatcher
 Yellow-margined Flatbill
 Ornate Flycatcher
 Ruddy-tailed Flycatcher
 Sulphur-rumped Flycatcher
 Tawny-breasted Flycatcher
 Cinnamon Flycatcher
 Smoke-colored Pewee
 Black Phoebe
 White-browed Chat-Tyrant
 Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant
 Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant
 Crowned Chat-Tyrant
 Yellow-bellied Chat-Tyrant
 Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant
 Smoky Bush-Tyrant
 Masked Water-Tyrant
 Dusky-capped Flycatcher
 Boat-billed Flycatcher
 Rusty-margined Flycatcher
 Golden-crowned Flycatcher
 Tropical Kingbird

Formicariidae

Formicarius nigricapillus H
Formicarius rufipectus H
Grallaria gigantea
Grallaria guatemalensis H
Grallaria ruficapilla H
Grallaria rufula
Grallaria quitensis
Grallaricula flavirostris

Rhinocryptidae

Scytalopus [unicolor] latrans H
Scytalopus vicinior H
Scytalopus spillmanni H
Acropternis orthonyx H

Tyrannidae

Phyllomyias griseiceps
Phyllomyias cinereiceps H
Zimmerius [chrysops] albigularis
Ornithion brunneicapillum H
Myiopagis viridicata H
Elaenia albiceps H
Mecocerculus stictopterus
Mecocerculus poecilocercus
Anairetes parulus
Mionectes striaticollis
Leptopogon superciliaris
Pseudotriccus pelzelni
Lophotriccus pileatus
Todirostrum nigriceps
Todirostrum cinereum
Tolmomyias flavotectus
Myiotriccus ornatus
Terenotriccus erythrurus H
Myiobius sulphureipygius
Myiobius villosus
Pyrhomyias cinnamomea
Contopus fumigatus
Sayornis nigricans
Muscisaxicola albilora
Ochthoeca fumicolor
Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris
Ochthoeca frontalis
Silvicultrix diadema H
Myiotheretes striaticollis H
Myiotheretes fumigatus
Fluvicola nengeta
Myiarchus tuberculifer H
Megarynchus pitangua H
Myiozetetes cayanensis
Myiodynastes chrysocephalus
Tyrannus melancholicus

Barred Becard	<i>Pachyramphus versicolor</i>	
Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>	
One-colored Becard	<i>Pachyramphus homochrous</i>	
Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>	
Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>	
COTINGAS	Cotingidae	
Red-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rubrocristata</i>	
Green-and-black Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola riefferii</i>	L
Orange-breasted Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola jucunda</i>	
Scaled Fruiteater	<i>Ampelioides tschudii</i>	H
Purple-throated Fruitcrow	<i>Querula purpurata</i>	H
Andean Cock-of-the-rock	<i>Rupicola peruviana</i>	
MANAKINS	Pipridae	
Golden-winged Manakin	<i>Masius chrysopterus</i>	
White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>	
Club-winged Manakin	<i>Machaeropterus deliciosus</i>	
CROWS & JAYS	Corvidae	
Turquoise Jay	<i>Cyanolyca turcosa</i>	
VIREOS & ALLIES	Vireonidae	
Black-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis nigrirostris</i>	L
Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo	<i>Vireolanius leucotis</i>	H
Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>	
Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>	
Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>	
THRUSHES	Turdidae	
Andean Solitaire	<i>Myadestes ralloides</i>	
Black Solitaire	<i>Entomodestes coracinus</i>	
Spotted Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus dryas</i>	
Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>	
Glossy-black Thrush	<i>Turdus serranus</i>	
Ecuadorian [Spectacled] Thrush	<i>Turdus [nudigensis] maculirostris</i>	
DIPPERS	Cinclidae	
White-capped Dipper	<i>Cinclus leucocephalus</i>	
SWALLOWS & MARTINS	Hirundinidae	
Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon murina</i>	
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	
White-thighed Swallow	<i>Neochelidon tibialis</i>	
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>	
WRENS	Troglodytidae	
Rufous Wren	<i>Cinnycerthia unirufa</i>	H
Sharpe's (Sepia-brown) Wren	<i>Cinnycerthia olivascens</i>	
Sedge (Grass) Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>	H
Bay Wren	<i>Thryothorus nigricapillus</i>	H
Plain-tailed Wren	<i>Thryothorus euophrys</i>	
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	H
Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>	
Scaly-breasted (Southern Nightingale) Wren	<i>Microcerculus marginatus</i>	H
GNATCATCHERS & GNATWRENS	Polioptilidae	
Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila plumbea</i>	
NEW WORLD WARBLERS	Parulidae	
Tropical Parula	<i>Parula pitiayumi</i>	

Olive-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis semiflava</i>	
Slate-throated Whitestart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>	
Spectacled Whitestart	<i>Myioborus melanocephalus</i>	
Black-crested Warbler	<i>Basileuterus nigrocristatus</i>	
"Chocó" Golden-bellied Warbler	<i>Basileuterus chrysogaster chlorophrys</i>	
Three-striped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus tristriatus</i>	
Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus coronatus</i>	
Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Phaeothlypis fulvicauda</i>	
TANAGERS & ALLIES	Thraupidae	
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	
Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>	
Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>	
"Yellow-tufted" Black-faced Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata egregia</i>	
Scarlet-breasted Dacnis	<i>Dacnis berlepschi</i>	
Cinereous Conebill	<i>Conirostrum cinereum</i>	
Blue-backed Conebill	<i>Conirostrum sitticolor</i>	
Capped Conebill	<i>Conirostrum albifrons</i>	L
Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis cyanea</i>	
Glossy Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa lafresnayii</i>	
Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>	
White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>	H
Indigo Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa indigotica</i>	
Guira Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis guira</i>	
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>	L
Yellow-collared Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia flavirostris</i>	H
Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>	
Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>	
Glistening-green Tanager	<i>Chlorochrysa phoenicotis</i>	
Rufous-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara rufigula</i>	
Gray-and-gold Tanager	<i>Tangara palmeri</i>	L
Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>	
Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>	
Flame-faced Tanager	<i>Tangara parzudakii</i>	
Golden-naped Tanager	<i>Tangara ruficervix</i>	
Metallic-green Tanager	<i>Tangara labradorides</i>	
Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>	
Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>	
Black-capped Tanager	<i>Tangara heinei</i>	
Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>	
Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>	
Golden-crowned Tanager	<i>Iridosornis rufivertex</i>	L
Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>	
Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus somptuosus</i>	
Black-chinned Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus notabilis</i>	
Hooded Mountain-Tanager	<i>Buthraupis montana</i>	
Grass-green Tanager	<i>Chlorornis riefferii</i>	
Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>	
Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>	
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>	
Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>	
"Lemon-rumped" Flame-rumped Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus</i>	

Ochre-breasted Tanager
Dusky-faced Tanager
White-shouldered Tanager
Tawny-crested Tanager
Scarlet-browed Tanager
Dusky Bush-Tanager
Superciliaried Hemispingus

SALTATORS, GROSEAKS, ETC.

Buff-throated Saltator
Black-winged Saltator
Slate-colored Grosbeak
Golden-bellied (Southern Yellow) Grosbeak

EMBERIZINE FINCHES

Blue-black Grassquit
Thick-billed [Lesser] Seed-Finch
Yellow-bellied Seedeater
Plain-colored Seedeater
Yellow-breasted [Rufous-naped] Brush-Finch
Tricolored Brush-Finch
White-winged Brush-Finch
Chestnut-capped Brush-Finch
Gray-browed [Stripe-headed] Brush-Finch
Tanager Finch
Orange-billed Sparrow
Black-striped Sparrow
Rufous-collared Sparrow

CARDUELINE FINCHES

Yellow-bellied Siskin

Chlorothraupis stolzmanni
Mitrospingus cassinii
Tachyphonus luctuosus
Tachyphonus delatrii
Heterospingus xanthopygius
Chlorospingus semifuscus
Hemispingus superciliaris

Cardinalidae

Saltator maximus
Saltator atripennis
Saltator grossus
Pheucticus chrysogaster

Emberizidae

Volatinia jacarina
Oryzoborus [angolensis] funereus
Sporophila nigricollis
Catamenia inornata
Atlapetes latinuchus
Atlapetes tricolor
Atlapetes leucopterus
Buarremon brunneinucha
Buarremon [torquatus] assimilis
Oreothraupis arremonops
Arremon aurantirostris

Arremonops conirostris
Zonotrichia capensis

Fringillidae

Carduelis xanthogastra

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