



A [Tropical Birding](#) SET DEPARTURE tour

Oaxaca: Birding the Heart of Mexico

6 – 16 March 2019

Isthmus Extension

16 – 22 March 2019

TOUR LEADER: Nick Athanas

Report by Nick Athanas; photos are Nick's unless marked otherwise



Warblers were plentiful on this tour, such as the superb endemic Red Warbler

March in much of the Northern Hemisphere was rather dreary, but in southern Mexico we enjoyed day after day of warm, sunny days and cool, pleasant evenings – it was a wonderful and bird-filled reprieve from winter for the whole group including me. The tour visited the dry Oaxaca Valley (rich in culture as well as endemics), the high mountains surrounding it, lush cloudforest and rainforest on the Gulf slope, and dry forest along the Pacific. This provided a great cross-section of the habitats and offered fantastic birds everywhere. Some favorites included **Bumblebee Hummingbird**, **Dwarf Jay**, **Orange-breasted Bunting**, and a daily fix of **warblers**, both resident and migrant, like the unique **Red Warbler** shown above. The extension took us east across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which serves as a natural species barrier. Numerous different species entertained us like **Pink-headed Warbler**, **Rose-bellied Bunting**, and a **Nava's Wren** which put on an especially magnificent performance. Owling was a mixed bag, but our first attempt got us a spectacular **Fulvous Owl**, which was high up on the list of tour favorites. On tours like this, the group largely determines the success of the trip, and

once again we had a friendly and pleasant set of folks who were a pleasure to travel with. Mexican food is famous throughout the world, though not everyone is a fan. I have to say that this group took to it with gusto, gaining appreciation for some of the local dishes like chicken with *mole*, spiced pork *entomatadas*, shrimp *enfrijoladas*, and *chilaquiles*, though no one was too keen on the *chapulines*... The seafood feast for lunch one afternoon along the coast was quite unforgettable too, and we couldn't finish the trip without having a taste of some local *mezcal*.

Our tour began in the attractive city of Oaxaca, rich in history and kept immaculately clean by the proud residents. Most of the group chose to arrive a day or two early to relax and explore on their own a bit. There is a lot to see and the local plazas can be surprisingly good birding. We had an early dinner on the "official" arrival day and were up early next morning ready to head out for our first birding in the Oaxaca Valley. Hugo, our excellent and punctual driver, picked us right on time from the hotel and we were quickly on our way east where we spent the day birding desert scrub and oak forest on the slopes above the valley. After enjoying our first of many field breakfasts, we soon found our first Mexican endemics in the form of **Blue Mockingbird**, **Bridled Sparrow**, **Boucard's Wren**, **West Mexican Chachalaca**, and **White-throated Towhee**. Activity was excellent with numerous other neat birds flitting about such as pretty **Painted Redstarts** and **Bridled Titmice**, glowing **Black-vented Orioles**, noisy **Woodhouse's Scrub-Jays**, perky **Gray Silky-Flycatchers**, cute **Rufous-capped Warblers**, and a variety of flycatchers. The target **Oaxaca Sparrow** proved to be a challenge, but finally a pair showed well later in the morning (*photo below*).



Before lunch, we birded a reservoir near Teotitlán del Valle where we saw **Dusky Hummingbird** and **Plain-capped Starthroat** at a flowering tree along with various **waterbirds**, **shorebirds**, **kingfishers** and others. After lunch, we braved the sun and birded around the ruins of the old city state of Yagul, finding **Gray-breasted Woodpecker** (another endemic) among other more common species like **Rock** and **Canyon Wrens**, but

unfortunately not having any luck with **Beautiful Hummingbird**. We were back in our hotel in Oaxaca fairly early to prepare for our early start next morning...



...but was it ever worth it! After a 4:15 am start, an hour+ drive, and some very chilly weather at 10,000 feet up in the mountains, it was an absolute thrill to have a **Fulvous Owl** come in and land right in front of us for jaw-dropping views (*photo above courtesy of Nancy Douglas*). We especially appreciated hot drinks during our picnic breakfast on this cold morning (including some cinnamon-infused coffee thanks to Hugo's wife) as we waited for sunrise and for the forest to come alive. We spent the rest of the morning birding the high elevation pine-oak forest at La Cumbre, having nice luck with numerous birds like **Dwarf Jay**, **Gray-barred Wren**, **Russet Nightingale-Thrush**, **Brown-backed Solitaire**, **Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo**, **Mountain Trogon**, **Tufted Flycatcher**, **Mexican Chickadee**, tons of **warblers** including **Red**, **Crescent-chested**, **Golden-browed**, **Hermit**, and the odd **Olive Warbler** (a monotypic family). We had lunch at a restaurant that has some of the only hummingmer feeders in this part of Mexico, though they only brought in two species: **Blue-throated** and **Broad-tailed Hummingbirds**. We had better luck behind the restaurant where a little hose was dripping water and bringing in some great birds including two more endemics, **Rufous-capped Brushfinch** and **Collared Towhee**. Our afternoon birding was slower (as expected on a sunny afternoon) but we did add **Strong-billed** and **Spot-crowned Woodcreepers** before heading back to Oaxaca.

The following day required a long and windy drive north over the mountains towards the Gulf slope lowlands. We broke the trip up with numerous stops as we traversed several different habitats. Our first stop was not far from Oaxaca in some desert scrub where we were hoping to see Dwarf Vireo. One was singing but stayed frustratingly out of sight in the dense vegetation, though a **Golden Vireo** was nice consolation. We continued on to the next valley, where the birding was a bit slow but we did find the tour's first **Happy Wren**, then started ascending the scenic Sierra de Juarez. A couple more stops in the pine-oak forest added **Hairy**

Woodpecker (the very dark local subspecies), **Townsend's Warbler**, and many of the same birds we had seen in La Cumbre, including another **Red Warbler**, before reaching the pass. We admired the view, looking down over the forest-clad mountains all the way to the lowlands in the distance, before having lunch and continuing the journey. Our first stop at a roadside shrine got us a **Slate-colored Solitaire** and a very cooperative **Unicolored Jay** that posed for photos:



A few miles down the road we spent a long time admiring a tiny **Bumblebee Hummingbird** that was doing display flights between several different perches. As time was running short, we spent most of the rest of the afternoon driving to Tuxtepec, but one random roadside stop was especially productive with a **Golden-cheeked Warbler** and a **Green Shrike-Vireo** that came in very close:



It was a relief to finally reach our hotel, where we would be based for three nights to bird the humid Gulf slope forest. On our first day, we concentrated on the lowlands, where we hoped to find the endemic **Sumichrast's Wren** near the limestone outcrops that it requires. Seeing it required scrambling up off the road to some boulders and patiently calling it in. Finally one bird responded, scurrying back and forth across the ledge like a little mouse, occasionally stopping to sing. Having seen the wren, we spent the rest of the day enjoying the other fantastic birds that inhabit the lowland rainforest. No matter where we went, there was always something to see, and here's a list of some of them: **Plain Chachalaca, Red-billed Pigeon, Green-breasted Mango, White-bellied Emerald, White-tailed Kite, Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl, Black-headed and Gartered Trogons, Collared Aracari, Lesson's Motmot, Collared Aracari, Golden-fronted, Pale-billed, and Lineated Woodpeckers, Red-lored Parrot, Olive-throated Parakeet, Ivory-billed Woodcreeper, Rufous-breasted Spinetail, Masked Tityra, White-eyed Vireo, Brown Jay, Mangrove Swallow, Band-backed and Spot-breasted Wrens, Yellow-throated Euphonia, Montezuma Oropendola, Black-cowled, Yellow-tailed, and Altamira Orioles, Melodious Blackbird, Gray-crowned Yellowthroat, Black-headed Saltator, and a slew of warblers** including our first **Hooded**.



Altamira Oriole

On our second full day in the area, we headed up into the foothills and birded a quiet dirt road that was absolutely superb, with activity continuing almost nonstop for hours. We added a bunch of new trip birds like **Berylline Hummingbird, Black Hawk-Eagle, Gray Hawk, Keel-billed Toucan, White-crowned Parrot, Golden-crowned Warbler, Golden-olive Woodpecker, Barred Antshrike, Olivaceous and Streak-headed Woodcreepers, Piratic Flycatcher, Couch's Kingbird, White-collared Manakin, Black-crowned Tityra, Lesser Greenlet, Scrub Euphonia, White-winged and Crimson-collared Tanagers, and Buff-throated Saltator**. Of special note were several **Rufous-tailed Jacamars**, which are near the western limit of their range and quite scarce here – from the holes in the bank, they were probably nesting (*photo next page*).



We also had a **Yellow-bellied Tyrannulet** come down very low for exceptional views:



The rare **Wedge-tailed Sabrewing** showed only very briefly and only a couple of us saw it. After lunch in Valle Nacional, we took a siesta and then birded near Tuxtepec in the afternoon. The Papaloapan River was full of a variety of shorebirds and waterbirds like **Black-bellied Whistling-Duck**, **Black-necked Stilt**, **White-faced Ibis**, **Greater and Lesser Yellowlegs**, and **Least Sandpiper**. Nearby woodland was packed with warblers and a few other birds like **Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet** and overflying **Zone-tailed Hawk**, though most of what was around we had already seen elsewhere in the lowlands.



Leaving Tuxtepec behind, we had to retrace our path back to Oaxaca. The morning was mostly spent in the mid-elevation cloudforest that we didn't have time to stop in three days ago. **Azure-hooded Jay** was our main priority, and while they were pretty common, they never sat still for more than a second, which made them surprisingly frustrating to get binoculars on! We saw a number of other nice birds while chasing them around, like **Tawny-throated Leaftosser**, **Collared Trogon**, **Brown-hooded Parrot**, **Spotted Woodcreeper**, **Eye-ringed Flatbill**, **Gray-collared Becard**, **Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush**, **White-throated Thrush**, and **Yellow-billed Cacique**, most of which we did not see anywhere else on the tour. After several tries, we finally managed to catch up with an **Emerald Toucanet** (*photo upper right*). **Common Bush-Tanagers** were all over the place and one allowed itself to be photographed:



Most of the rest of the day was spent driving back to Oaxaca. Our various stops produced a few birds, but not anything we hadn't seen earlier in the trip. We had one last night in the city.

Monte Alban is one of Mexico's most famous archeological sites and a good birding site too, so it's a great place to spend a morning. The gates don't open until 8:00am, but the desert scrub nearby was well worth spending some time in, as we quickly nailed two superb endemics, the stunning **Slaty Vireo** and the cute **Pileated Flycatcher**. We got inside the ruins before several big groups and briefly had it all to ourselves:



We had a pleasant stroll around, where **Vermilion Flycatchers**, **Rock Wrens**, **Canyon Wrens**, and **Gray Silky-Flycatchers** were living quite happily around the ancient buildings. We checked various spots for Ocellated Thrasher, but with no luck. We finally left the city of Oaxaca behind and began driving south to the Sierra de Miahuatlán, where we had a single night. An afternoon excursion to look for the rare White-throated Jay got us only **Steller's Jays**, but there were plenty of other things around to enjoy like the **Red Warbler** on the cover of this report, **Garnet-throated**, **Rivoli's**, and **White-eared Hummingbirds**, and a couple of **Scott's Orioles** (*photo right*). Back at the lodge, we had nice views of **"Brown-throated" House Wrens** and **Yellow-eyed Juncos**, and right at dusk we got very lucky with a **Mexican Whip-poor-will** that flew overhead and then landed right next to us in the spotlight, a great way to finish the day.



We had a lot of ground to cover today, and tried to cram in as much as we could. For once we could actually have a sit-down breakfast at our lodge (the only place that does it early), and then went looking for **Hooded Yellowthroat** nearby, with one responding immediately. Next we headed back to the jay road, not finding any White-throateds, but finding a superb male **Garnet-throated Hummingbird**. Most of the day's targets were at lower elevation, so we drove a bit downslope to La Soledad, where we tracked down **Gray-crowned Woodpecker**, the distinct **"Wagler's" Emerald Toucanet**, and a flock of pretty **Red-headed Tanagers** (*photo next page*). The hoped-for **Blue-capped Hummingbird** had not yet showed which was worrying, so we tried a random roadside pullout a few miles down the road and this time hit the avian jackpot with a male feeding on a flowering bush at point-blank range. A **Fan-tailed Warbler** also showed well in the same spot, so with or key targets seen, we went looking for lunch in a tiny mountain town that served some of the best food and definitely the best coffee we had in Mexico. They were quite happy to sell us a few bags before we continued down the Pacific slope. We stopped in the middle of the afternoon along a side road in the foothills that was surprisingly active considering how hot it was. **Orange-fronted Parakeet**, **White-throated Magpie-Jay**, **Russet-crowned Motmot**, **Citrioline Trogon**, **Golden-cheeked Woodpecker**, **Greenish Elaenia**, **Yellow-winged Cacique**, and **Streak-backed Oriole** were all new for the trip. Just before we were going to leave, a **Pheasant Cuckoo** started singing near the road, and miraculously it flew into view and perched where we could actually see it. It was partly hidden (see the photo next page) but we could still see it pretty well.

We finally reached the seaside resort town of Huatulco before dark, and after checking in, we quickly headed out into the vast expanse of dry forest just outside town for some very productive nightbirding. We called in our first **Colima Pygmy-Owl** just before dark, and soon **Lesser Nighthawks** appeared and started hawking insects overhead. A pair of **Northern Potoos** started calling, and we put one in the scope before another cruised very low right over us. Deep hoots signaled the presence of a **Mottled Owl** just down the road, and in no time at all we had tracked it down and had it in the light for the last bird of the day.



Red-headed Tanager at La Soledad



Pheasant Cuckoo (photo courtesy of Beth Norris)

We started out along the same stretch of road where we had owled the night before. Birding here is always tons of fun with some fantastic birds that are usually not too hard to see. Imitating a pygmy-owl usually brought in a hoard of angry birds like **White-lored Gnatcatcher**, **Broad-billed** and **Cinnamon Hummingbirds**, **Rufous-naped Wren**, **Blue Bunting**, and the unforgettable **Orange-breasted Bunting**:



We had plenty of other birds along here like **White-fronted Parrot**, **Olive Sparrow**, **Flammulated Flycatcher**, **“Long-crested” Northern Cardinal**, **Squirrel Cuckoo**, and **Happy Wren**. By mid-morning most of us were still missing one of our main targets, the gorgeous **Red-breasted Chat** (only one of the group had managed a look). We headed to a different spot and tried a trail to a lagoon. It was mostly dried up with just a small pond remaining, but it was packed with birds like **Northern Jacana**, **Northern Shoveler**, **Least Grebe**, and a bunch of herons including **Tricolored**, **Green**, and **Boat-billed**. **Crane** and **Gray Hawks** soared overhead along with a **Wood Stork**. Still no chat though, so we tried another trail, and this time finally found a cooperative bird:



A fantastic little bird and it was well worth the effort! On the same trail we also had **Banded Wren**, **Yellow-breasted Chat**, **Golden Vireo**, and better looks at **Flammulated Flycatcher**. For lunch we walked down to the beach and enjoyed an unexpectedly extravagant seafood feast while watching **Brown Pelicans**, **Magnificent Frigatebirds**, **Royal Terns**, and **Laughing Gulls**. After a siesta, we headed out to a nearby golf course, where we found an even better **Colima Pygmy-Owl** that glared at us fiercely as we snapped away:



The links didn't have any golfers but the water hazards and sand traps were packed with birds. Most were things we had seen before but **Anhinga**, **White Ibis**, **Roseate Spoonbill** were all new for the trip, and a **Gray Hawk** soared over incredibly low in perfect light:



A stop in the middle of town got us the endemic **Rufous-backed Robin** (we had also seen them in Oaxaca City, where the local population is suspected to be descendants of escaped cage birds). Late in the afternoon we did some exploring east of Huatulco looking for Lilac-crowned Parrots, but came up empty, so headed back to our hotel. We bade farewell to those not joining the Isthmus extension, and got some sleep.

Dawn saw us well east of Huatulco in some rather ugly-looking scrub, where we enjoyed the sight of both **Lilac-crowned** and **White-fronted Parrots** flying over as we were having breakfast. Our main target here was the endemic **Cinnamon-tailed Sparrow**, which we saw without too much trouble:



There were also many of the same birds we had seen around Huatulco including another **Red-breasted Chat**, but we had a lot of ground to cover today, so were soon continuing east towards the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. This is one of the windiest places on the continent, making for difficult birding. We did try a bit among the turbine farms without much success, though we did manage to spot a lone **Double-striped Thick-knee** hunkered down in the gale. We eventually reached the town of Arriaga, where we'd spend a single night, and after a short break we headed back out into the foothills above town along the old highway. Even here the wind was howling and at first we were having no luck with anything. With persistence, the area's main attraction, the incredible **Rose-bellied Bunting** (*photo next page*), finally showed himself, along with a **Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl** and its attendant hoard of mobbing birds that included a **Banded Wren**. Birding up the road proved fruitless as the wind raged even stronger, so we headed down lower and found a sheltered curve with a flowering tree that was attracting the endemic **Green-fronted Hummingbird**. With that in the bag, we decided to call it a day and drove back to Arriaga, stopping for a few minutes to watch the spectacle of dozens of **Swainson's Hawks** and **Turkey Vultures** migrating north against the wind.



Rose-bellied Bunting, sometimes called Rosita's Bunting



Green-fronted Hummingbird

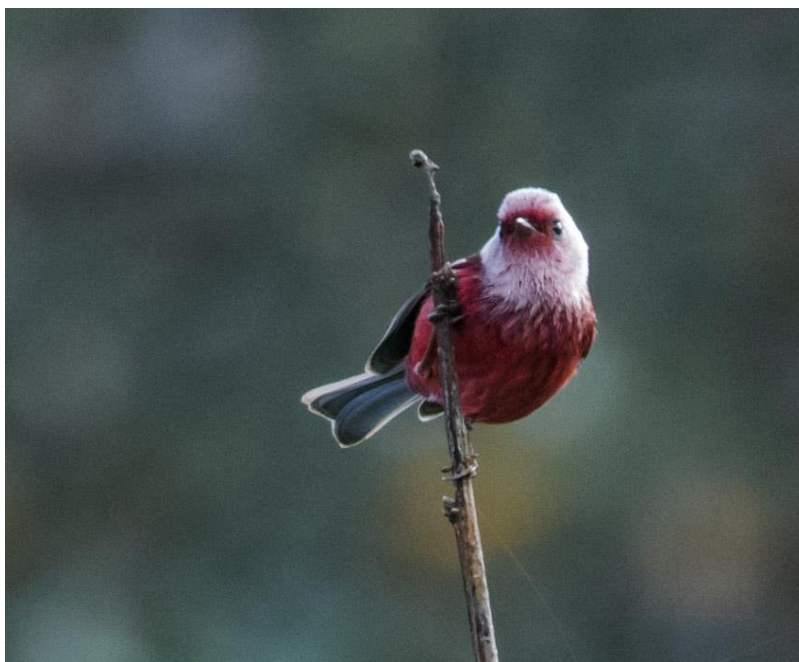
Early next morning, we drove along the coastal plain to the town of Puerto Arista, where fortunately the wind had died down. We had breakfast next to a tidal flat that was full of foraging waterbirds like **Roseate Spoonbill**, **Black-necked Stilt**, **Whimbrel**, and **Willet**, and then set off walking down a very “birdy” road through farmland. We quickly found one of our main targets, **White-bellied Chachalaca**, and continued to see more of them throughout the morning. Flocks of migrating **Scissor-tailed Flycatchers** regularly cruised by and a family group of **Stripe-headed Sparrows** was nice to see. **Giant Wren** (*photo below*) took longer to track down, but finally we located an inquisitive pair that clearly were enamored with each other as they couldn’t bear to be more than a few inches apart at any moment.



Later in the morning we started driving back up into the mountains, reaching San Cristobal by mid-afternoon, where we would spend two nights. We had time to stop by the small Huitepec reserve, which had some neat birds like **Rufous-browed Wren**, **Amethyst-throated Hummingbird**, and **Blue-and-white Mockingbird**. We didn’t stay out too late as we had a particularly early start looming.

Our owling luck came to an end today when, despite a 4:00am start and decent weather, we had absolutely nothing to show for our efforts, not even a “heard only”. It happens. We spent the rest of the morning birding the high mountains above San Cristobal, finding several birds new for the tour including **Yellowish Flycatcher**, **Rufous-collared Robin**, **Black** and **Mountain Thrushes**, and (briefly) a pair of **Black-throated Jays**. In the afternoon, we went to a different park on the outskirts of town where we engaged in a lengthy battle with a **Blue-throated Motmot**, which the motmot mostly won. We did see a few **Black-capped Swallows** in amongst a big flock of **Violet-green Swallows**, and had some other birds like **Northern Flicker**.

For our last morning in the high mountains, we headed east along the road to Chanal with one special bird in mind, **Pink-headed Warbler**. This unique bird stands out even among the many other superb members of this celebrated family, and all were eager to find one. Fortunately we did not have to wait long, as they were calling as soon as we got out of the van, and we had found two even before having our field breakfast.



After breakfast, we had a much better experience than we had the previous day with a pair of **Blue-throated Motmots** that actually didn't mind being seen, along with **Yellow-backed Oriole**, **Hammond's Flycatcher**, **Golden-browed Warbler**, **Band-backed Wren**, and even better views of **Pink-headed Warbler**. We spent the rest of the morning birding various spots along the highway, where we added various new birds like **Acorn Woodpecker** and **Eastern Bluebird**. **Northern Pygmy-Owl** imitations helped attract the smaller birds, and then finally the owl itself (*photo right*). Birds here are of the *cobanense* subspecies, and may eventually be split as Guatemalan Pygmy-Owl. We also lucked out with a pair of **Hooded Grosbeaks**, quite a scarce bird and even a lifer for me. After lunch we stopped at a few locations on the western outskirts of San Cristobal, where there were a decent number of birds around, especially migrant warblers, but nothing we hadn't seen before on the trip. Late in the afternoon we headed to Tuxtla Gutierrez, where we spent the last three nights of the tour.



The Sumidero Canyon is just north of Tuxtla and one of Mexico's most impressive natural wonders, with vertical walls as high as 3000 feet. The road up into the park to the various viewpoints goes through excellent forest and offers some great birding. We had breakfast at a lower viewpoint where **White-throated Magpie-Jays** joined us along with a **Russet-crowned Motmot** and a **Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl**. Higher up, we spent a lot of time trying to coax some **Singing Quail** to cross a dirt track, but they weren't having any of it, and only one person managed a view. The very local **Belted Flycatcher** was much more cooperative and we had great looks at a pair (*photo next page*), also finding a pair of **Yellow Grosbeaks** and a female **Blue Seedeater** nearby.



Belted Flycatcher

Continuing up the road, we stopped at all the viewpoints for birding, and also to admire the view, though photos like this never do it justice:



We checked flowering trees for hummingbirds, though had better luck using pygmy-owl imitations to attract them, seeing numerous **Canivet's Emeralds** and **Buff-bellied Hummingbirds**, along with one lone **Azure-crowned Hummingbird**. It was a surprisingly cool and cloudy day, so we ended up having lunch at the only

place to eat in the park and kept birding until mid-afternoon. A few of other species we had up there included **Blue Bunting**, **Golden-cheeked Warbler**, **Black-vented Oriole**, **Collared Trogon**, **Yellow-bellied Sapsucker**, **Spot-crowned Woodcreeper**, **Elegant Euphonia**, and **Yellow-winged Tanager**. Later in the afternoon, we stopped by the Tuxta zoo. I hadn't birded there before, but was intrigued by rumors of "wild" curassows wandering around. There certainly were **Great Curassows**, but I think it's a stretch to consider them wild considering how tame they were – they may not have been in cages, but some had leg bands and all seemed totally content to hang around the zoo all the time. In other places that I have visited with habituated curassows, they still spent most of their time off in the forest and only occasionally came near human habitation. The **Crested Guan** there seemed perhaps more likely to be "countable", and there were other clearly wild birds around that were quite easy to see and photograph like **Green Jay**, **Russet-crowned Motmot**, and this **Gartered Trogon**:



Back at the hotel, we paused to watch a flock of **Green Parakeets** that were squawking and fussing in some palm trees next to the parking lot, and two of them flew into what was probably a nesting cavity.

It was hard to believe we were down to our last birding day. This time we headed back into Gulf slope cloudforest, where our streak of dry days came to an end. Well, just barely. We really only had a few drops of rain, but there was thick fog to deal with for the first couple of hours that made seeing canopy birds pretty difficult. Fortunately, one of our main targets was an understory bird so the fog didn't matter: **Nava's Wren**.

Like the very similar Sumichrast's Wren that we had seen earlier in the trip, it is only found around limestone outcrops. Fortunately, the rocks come down to the edge of the road at this site, so we avoided having to scramble up after it. After some playback, a lone **Nava's Wren** came in almost to our feet and then scurried back and forth right in front of us for about five minutes, bobbing its head up and down and occasionally stopping to sing:



It was a sign of things to come. The fog lifted, the birding got better, and there were wrens everywhere! Along that stretch of road, which we started calling "wren alley", we ended up seeing a remarkable seven different species. Along with Nava's, we also got **House, Band-backed, Spot-breasted, Cabanis's, White-bellied, and White-breasted Wood-Wrens**. A few other species to mention are **Black-faced Grosbeak, Collared Trogon, Stripe-throated Hermit, Smoky-brown Woodpecker, Green Shrike-Vireo, Yellow-throated Vireo, Long-billed Gnatwren, and MacGillivray's Warbler**. Like the previous day, it was a cool and cloudy day, so we ended up spending almost the whole day there, breaking it up with a stop for lunch at a big reservoir to the north. The restaurant there specialized in tilapia (though they had other options), and the kitchen staff were tossing the remains out the back of the building, where a hungry horde of herons, egrets, vultures, and even the local cats all vied for the tasty morsels. **American White Pelicans** were new for the trip and several **Ospreys** were hunting out over the water. As the day ended back in Tuxtla, we celebrated the end of successful trip with one last superb Mexican meal, this time chased with some top shelf *mezcal*. Thank you all for helping make it a memorable trip and hope to bird with you again in the future!

BIRD LIST

The taxonomy of the bird list follows eBird/Clements (available here: <http://www.birds.cornell.edu/clementschecklist/download/>)

Main tour (MT): 314 species seen, with an additional 19 heard only.

Extension (X): 222 species seen, with an additional 17 heard only

Totals for entire trip: 382 species seen, with an additional 35 heard only

h indicates a species that was HEARD only.

GO indicates a species seen by the GUIDE ONLY.

(E) indicates a taxon endemic to Mexico; **(I)** indicates an introduced species.

| | | | | |
|------|---|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | TINAMOUS | | TINAMIDAE |
| MT-h | | Great Tinamou | | <i>Tinamus major</i> |
| | | DUCKS, GEESE, & WATERFOWL | | ANATIDAE |
| | X | Black-bellied Whistling-Duck | | <i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i> |
| MT | X | Blue-winged Teal | | <i>Spatula discors</i> |
| | X | Northern Shoveler | | <i>Spatula clypeata</i> |
| | | CRACIDS | | CRACIDAE |
| MT | X | Plain Chachalaca | | <i>Ortalis vetula</i> |
| MT | X | West Mexican Chachalaca (E) | | <i>Ortalis poliocephala</i> |
| | X | White-bellied Chachalaca | | <i>Ortalis leucogastra</i> |
| | X | Crested Guan | | <i>Penelope purpurascens</i> |
| | X | Highland Guan | | <i>Penelopina nigra</i> |
| | X | (Great Curassow – <i>not included in totals</i>) | | <i>Crax rubra</i> |
| | | NEW WORLD QUAIL | | ODONTOPHORIDAE |
| MT-h | | Long-tailed Wood-Partridge (E) | | <i>Dendrortyx macroura</i> |
| MT | X | Northern Bobwhite | | <i>Colinus virginianus</i> |
| | X | Singing Quail | | <i>Dactylortyx thoracicus</i> |
| MT-h | | Spotted Wood-Quail | | <i>Odontophorus guttatus</i> |
| | | GREBES | | PODICIPEDIDAE |
| MT | | Least Grebe | | <i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i> |
| | | PIGEONS AND DOVES | | COLUMBIDAE |
| MT | X | Rock Pigeon (I) | | <i>Columba livia</i> |
| MT | X | Red-billed Pigeon | | <i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i> |
| MT | X | Band-tailed Pigeon | | <i>Patagioenas fasciata</i> |
| MT-h | | Short-billed Pigeon | | <i>Patagioenas nigrirostris</i> |
| MT | | Eurasian Collared-Dove (I) | | <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i> |
| MT | X | Inca Dove | | <i>Columbina inca</i> |
| MT | | Common Ground-Dove | | <i>Columbina passerina</i> |
| | X | Plain-breasted Ground-Dove | | <i>Columbina minuta</i> |
| MT | | Ruddy Ground-Dove | | <i>Columbina talpacoti</i> |
| MT-h | | Blue Ground-Dove | | <i>Claravis pretiosa</i> |
| MT | X | White-tipped Dove | | <i>Leptotila verreauxi</i> |
| MT-h | | White-faced Quail-Dove | | <i>Zentrygon albifacies</i> |

| | | | | |
|----|------|-----|---|--|
| GO | MT | X | White-winged Dove | <i>Zenaida asiatica</i> |
| | MT | | Mourning Dove | <i>Zenaida macroura</i> |
| | | | CUCKOOS | CUCULIDAE |
| | MT | X | Groove-billed Ani | <i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i> |
| | MT | | Pheasant Cuckoo | <i>Dromococcyx phasianellus</i> |
| | MT | | Squirrel Cuckoo (West Mexico) (E) | <i>Piaya cayana mexicana</i> |
| | MT | X | Squirrel Cuckoo (Middle America) | <i>Piaya cayana thermophila</i> |
| | | | NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES | CAPRIMULGIDAE |
| | MT | | Lesser Nighthawk | <i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i> |
| | MT | | Common Pauraque | <i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i> |
| | MT | X-h | Mexican Whip-poor-will | <i>Antrostomus arizonae</i> |
| | | | POTOOS | NYCTIBIIDAE |
| | MT | | Northern Potoo | <i>Nyctibius jamaicensis</i> |
| | | | SWIFTS | APODIDAE |
| | MT | | White-collared Swift | <i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i> |
| | | X | Chimney Swift | <i>Chaetura pelagica</i> |
| | | | HUMMINGBIRDS | TROCHILIDAE |
| | MT-h | X | Stripe-throated (Little) Hermit | <i>Phaethornis striigularis</i> |
| | MT | X | Green-breasted Mango | <i>Anthracothonax prevostii</i> |
| | MT | X | Rivoli's (Magnificent) Hummingbird | <i>Eugenes fulgens</i> |
| | MT | X | Plain-capped Starthroat | <i>Heliothraupis constantii</i> |
| | | X | Amethyst-throated Hummingbird (Amethyst-throated) | <i>Lampornis amethystinus [amethystinus Grp]</i> |
| | MT | | Blue-throated Hummingbird | <i>Lampornis clemenciae</i> |
| | MT | X | Garnet-throated Hummingbird | <i>Lamprolaima rhami</i> |
| | MT | X | Ruby-throated Hummingbird | <i>Archilochus colubris</i> |
| | MT | | Bumblebee Hummingbird (E) | <i>Atthis heloisa</i> |
| | MT | | Broad-tailed Hummingbird | <i>Selasphorus platycercus</i> |
| | | X | Canivet's Emerald | <i>Chlorostilbon canivetii</i> |
| | MT | | Dusky Hummingbird (E) | <i>Cynanthus sordidus</i> |
| | MT | X | Broad-billed Hummingbird (Doubleday's) | <i>Cynanthus latirostris doubledayi</i> |
| | MT | | Wedge-tailed Sabrewing | <i>Campylopterus curvipennis</i> |
| | MT | | Blue-capped (Oaxaca) Hummingbird (E) | <i>Eupherusa cyanophrys</i> |
| | MT | X | White-bellied Emerald | <i>Amazilia candida</i> |
| | | X | Azure-crowned Hummingbird | <i>Amazilia cyanocephala</i> |
| | MT | X | Berylline Hummingbird | <i>Amazilia beryllina</i> |
| | MT | X | Rufous-tailed Hummingbird | <i>Amazilia tzacatl</i> |
| | MT | X | Buff-bellied Hummingbird | <i>Amazilia yucatanensis</i> |
| | MT | | Cinnamon Hummingbird | <i>Amazilia rutila</i> |
| | | X | Green-fronted Hummingbird (E) | <i>Amazilia viridifrons</i> |
| | MT | X | White-eared Hummingbird | <i>Hylocharis leucotis</i> |
| | | | RAILS, GALLINULES, & COOTS | RALLIDAE |
| | MT | | Common Gallinule | <i>Gallinula galeata</i> |
| | MT | | American Coot | <i>Fulica americana</i> |
| | | | THICK-KNEES | BURHINIDAE |
| | | X | Double-striped Thick-knee | <i>Burhinus bistriatus</i> |
| | | | STILTS AND AVOCETS | RECURVIROSTRIDAE |
| | MT | X | Black-necked Stilt | <i>Himantopus mexicanus</i> |
| | | | PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS | CHARADRIIDAE |
| | | X | Black-bellied Plover | <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i> |
| | MT | | Killdeer | <i>Charadrius vociferus</i> |
| | | | JACANAS | JACANIDAE |
| | MT | | Northern Jacana | <i>Jacana spinosa</i> |

SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES

| | | |
|----|---|--------------------|
| | X | Whimbrel |
| MT | | Least Sandpiper |
| MT | | Dowitcher sp. |
| MT | X | Spotted Sandpiper |
| MT | X | Greater Yellowlegs |
| | X | Willet |
| MT | X | Lesser Yellowlegs |

GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMMERS

| | | |
|----|---|---------------|
| MT | X | Laughing Gull |
| MT | X | Royal Tern |

STORKS

| | | |
|----|---|------------|
| MT | X | Wood Stork |
|----|---|------------|

FRIGATEBIRDS

| | | |
|----|---|-------------------------|
| MT | X | Magnificent Frigatebird |
|----|---|-------------------------|

ANHINGAS

| | | |
|----|--|---------|
| MT | | Anhinga |
|----|--|---------|

CORMORANTS AND SHAGS

| | | |
|----|---|---------------------|
| MT | X | Neotropic Cormorant |
|----|---|---------------------|

PELICANS

| | | |
|----|---|------------------------|
| | X | American White Pelican |
| MT | X | Brown Pelican |

HERONS, EGRETS, & BITTERNS

| | | |
|----|---|---------------------------|
| MT | X | Great Blue Heron |
| MT | X | Great Egret |
| MT | X | Snowy Egret |
| MT | X | Little Blue Heron |
| MT | X | Tricolored Heron |
| MT | X | Cattle Egret |
| MT | X | Green Heron |
| MT | X | Black-crowned Night-Heron |
| MT | | Boat-billed Heron |

IBISES AND SPOONBILLS

| | | |
|----|---|-------------------|
| MT | X | White Ibis |
| MT | | White-faced Ibis |
| MT | X | Roseate Spoonbill |

NEW WORLD VULTURES

| | | |
|----|---|----------------|
| MT | X | Black Vulture |
| MT | X | Turkey Vulture |

OSPREY

| | | |
|----|---|--------|
| MT | X | Osprey |
|----|---|--------|

HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES

| | | |
|----|---|-------------------|
| MT | | White-tailed Kite |
| MT | | Black Hawk-Eagle |
| MT | | Crane Hawk |
| MT | X | Roadside Hawk |
| MT | X | Gray Hawk |
| MT | | Broad-winged Hawk |
| MT | | Short-tailed Hawk |
| MT | X | Swainson's Hawk |
| MT | | Zone-tailed Hawk |
| MT | | Red-tailed Hawk |

SCOLOPACIDAE

| |
|---------------------------|
| <i>Numenius phaeopus</i> |
| <i>Calidris minutilla</i> |
| <i>Limnodromus sp.</i> |
| <i>Actitis macularia</i> |
| <i>Tringa melanoleuca</i> |
| <i>Tringa semipalmata</i> |
| <i>Tringa flavipes</i> |

LARIDAE

| |
|------------------------------|
| <i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i> |
| <i>Thalasseus maximus</i> |

CICONIIDAE

| |
|---------------------------|
| <i>Mycteria americana</i> |
|---------------------------|

FREGATIDAE

| |
|----------------------------|
| <i>Fregata magnificens</i> |
|----------------------------|

ANHINGIDAE

| |
|------------------------|
| <i>Anhinga anhinga</i> |
|------------------------|

PHALACROCORACIDAE

| |
|----------------------------------|
| <i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i> |
|----------------------------------|

PELECANIDAE

| |
|----------------------------------|
| <i>Pelecanus erythrorhynchos</i> |
| <i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i> |

ARDEIDAE

| |
|--------------------------------|
| <i>Ardea herodias</i> |
| <i>Ardea alba</i> |
| <i>Egretta thula</i> |
| <i>Egretta caerulea</i> |
| <i>Egretta tricolor</i> |
| <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> |
| <i>Butorides virescens</i> |
| <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> |
| <i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i> |

THRESKIORNITHIDAE

| |
|------------------------|
| <i>Eudocimus albus</i> |
| <i>Plegadis chihi</i> |
| <i>Platalea ajaja</i> |

CATHARTIDAE

| |
|-------------------------|
| <i>Coragyps atratus</i> |
| <i>Cathartes aura</i> |

PANDIONIDAE

| |
|--------------------------|
| <i>Pandion haliaetus</i> |
|--------------------------|

ACCIPITRIDAE

| |
|---------------------------------|
| <i>Elanus leucurus</i> |
| <i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i> |
| <i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i> |
| <i>Rupornis magnirostris</i> |
| <i>Buteo plagiatus</i> |
| <i>Buteo platypterus</i> |
| <i>Buteo brachyurus</i> |
| <i>Buteo swainsoni</i> |
| <i>Buteo albonotatus</i> |
| <i>Buteo jamaicensis</i> |

OWLS

| | | |
|----|---|---------------------------------|
| | X | Northern Pygmy-Owl (Guatemalan) |
| MT | X | Colima Pygmy-Owl (E) |
| MT | X | Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl |
| MT | | Mottled Owl |
| MT | | Fulvous Owl |

TROGONS

| | | |
|----|---|------------------------------|
| MT | | Black-headed Trogon |
| MT | X | Citreoline Trogon (E) |
| MT | X | Gartered (Violaceous) Trogon |
| MT | X | Mountain Trogon |
| MT | X | Collared Trogon |

MOTMOTS

| | | |
|----|---|--------------------------------|
| | X | Blue-throated Motmot |
| MT | X | Russet-crowned Motmot |
| MT | | Lesson's (Blue-crowned) Motmot |

KINGFISHERS

| | | |
|----|---|-------------------|
| MT | X | Ringed Kingfisher |
| MT | | Belted Kingfisher |
| MT | | Green Kingfisher |

TOUCANS

| | | |
|----|-----|--|
| MT | | Northern Emerald-Toucanet (Wagler's) (E) |
| MT | | Northern Emerald-Toucanet (Emerald) |
| MT | | Collared Aracari |
| MT | X-h | Keel-billed Toucan |

WOODPECKERS

| | | |
|----|-----|---|
| | X | Yellow-bellied Sapsucker |
| | X | Acorn Woodpecker |
| MT | X-h | Golden-cheeked Woodpecker (E) |
| MT | | Gray-breasted Woodpecker (E) |
| MT | X | Golden-fronted Woodpecker (Velasquez's) |
| MT | X | Ladder-backed Woodpecker |
| MT | X | Hairy Woodpecker |
| | X | Smoky-brown Woodpecker |
| MT | | Pale-billed Woodpecker |
| MT | | Lineated Woodpecker |
| MT | X-h | Golden-olive Woodpecker |
| MT | | Gray-crowned Woodpecker (E) |
| | X | Northern Flicker (Guatemalan) |

FALCONS AND CARACARAS

| | | |
|------|---|------------------------|
| MT-h | | Barred Forest-Falcon |
| | X | Collared Forest-Falcon |
| MT | X | Crested Caracara |
| MT | X | American Kestrel |
| MT | X | Merlin |
| | X | Peregrine Falcon |

PARROTS

| | | |
|----|---|--------------------------|
| MT | | Brown-hooded Parrot |
| MT | | White-crowned Parrot |
| | X | Lilac-crowned Parrot (E) |
| MT | | Red-lored Parrot |
| MT | X | White-fronted Parrot |

STRIGIDAE

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| | <i>Glaucidium gnoma cobanense</i> |
| | <i>Glaucidium palmarum</i> |
| | <i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i> |
| | <i>Ciccaba virgata</i> |
| | <i>Strix fulvescens</i> |

TROGONIDAE

| | |
|--|------------------------------|
| | <i>Trogon melanocephalus</i> |
| | <i>Trogon citreolus</i> |
| | <i>Trogon caligatus</i> |
| | <i>Trogon mexicanus</i> |
| | <i>Trogon collaris</i> |

MOMOTIDAE

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| | <i>Aspatha gularis</i> |
| | <i>Momotus mexicanus</i> |
| | <i>Momotus lessonii</i> |

ALCEDINIDAE

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| | <i>Megaceryle torquata</i> |
| | <i>Megaceryle alcyon</i> |
| | <i>Chloroceryle americana</i> |

RAMPHASTIDAE

| | |
|--|---|
| | <i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus wagleri</i> |
| | <i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus</i> [prasinus Group] |
| | <i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i> |
| | <i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i> |

PICIDAE

| | |
|--|---|
| | <i>Sphyrapicus varius</i> |
| | <i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i> |
| | <i>Melanerpes chrysogenys</i> |
| | <i>Melanerpes hypopolius</i> |
| | <i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i> [santacruz Group] |
| | <i>Dryobates scalaris</i> |
| | <i>Dryobates villosus</i> |
| | <i>Dryobates fumigatus</i> |
| | <i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i> |
| | <i>Dryocopus lineatus</i> |
| | <i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i> |
| | <i>Colaptes auricularis</i> |
| | <i>Colaptes auratus mexicanoides</i> |

FALCONIDAE

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| | <i>Micrastur ruficollis</i> |
| | <i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i> |
| | <i>Caracara cheriway</i> |
| | <i>Falco sparverius</i> |
| | <i>Falco columbarius</i> |
| | <i>Falco peregrinus</i> |

PSITTACIDAE

| | |
|--|---------------------------|
| | <i>Pyrilia haematotis</i> |
| | <i>Pionus senilis</i> |
| | <i>Amazona finschi</i> |
| | <i>Amazona autumnalis</i> |
| | <i>Amazona albifrons</i> |

| | | | |
|----|------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | MT | Olive-throated Parakeet (Aztec) | <i>Eupsittula nana astec/vicinalis</i> |
| | MT | X Orange-fronted Parakeet | <i>Eupsittula canicularis</i> |
| | | X Green Parakeet | <i>Psittacara holochlorus</i> |
| | | X Pacific Parakeet | <i>Psittacara strenuus</i> |
| | | TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS | THAMNOPHILIDAE |
| | MT | X Barred Antshrike | <i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i> |
| | | ANTTHRUSHES | FORMICARIIDAE |
| | MT-h | Black-faced Antthrush (Mayan) | <i>Formicarius analis moniliger</i> |
| | | OVENBIRDS AND WOODCREEPERS | FURNARIIDAE |
| | MT | Tawny-throated Leaf-tosser | <i>Sclerurus mexicanus</i> |
| | MT | X-h Olivaceous Woodcreeper | <i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i> |
| | MT-h | Tawny-winged Woodcreeper | <i>Dendrocincla anabatina</i> |
| | MT | Strong-billed Woodcreeper | <i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus sclateri</i> |
| | MT | X Ivory-billed Woodcreeper | <i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i> |
| | MT | Spotted Woodcreeper | <i>Xiphorhynchus erythropygius</i> |
| | MT | Streak-headed Woodcreeper | <i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i> |
| | MT | X Spot-crowned Woodcreeper | <i>Lepidocolaptes affinis</i> |
| GO | MT | Ruddy Foliage-gleaner | <i>Clibanornis rubiginosus</i> |
| | | X-h Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner | <i>Automolus ochrolaemus</i> |
| | MT | Rufous-breasted Spinetail | <i>Synallaxis erythrothorax</i> |
| | | TYRANT FLYCATCHERS | TYRANNIDAE |
| | MT | Yellow-bellied Tyrannulet | <i>Ornithion semiflavum</i> |
| | MT | X Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet | <i>Camptostoma imberbe</i> |
| | MT | Greenish Elaenia | <i>Myiopagis viridicata</i> |
| | MT | Yellow-bellied Elaenia | <i>Elaenia flavogaster</i> |
| | | X-h Mountain Elaenia | <i>Elaenia frantzii</i> |
| | MT | Sepia-capped Flycatcher | <i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i> |
| | MT-h | Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher | <i>Poecilatriccus sylvia</i> |
| | MT | X Yellow-olive Flycatcher | <i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i> |
| | | X Belted Flycatcher | <i>Xenotriccus callizonus</i> |
| | MT | Pileated Flycatcher | <i>Xenotriccus mexicanus</i> |
| | MT | X Tufted Flycatcher | <i>Mitrephanes phaeocercus</i> |
| | MT | X-h Greater Pewee | <i>Contopus pertinax</i> |
| | | X-h Eastern Wood-Pewee | <i>Contopus virens</i> |
| | MT | Yellow-bellied Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax flaviventris</i> |
| | | X "Traill's" Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax alnorum/traillii</i> |
| | MT | X Least Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax minimus</i> |
| | | X Hammond's Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax hammondi</i> |
| | | X Dusky Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax oberholseri</i> |
| | MT-h | Cordilleran Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax occidentalis</i> |
| | | X Yellowish Flycatcher | <i>Empidonax flavescens</i> |
| | MT | Black Phoebe | <i>Sayornis nigricans</i> |
| | MT | Vermilion Flycatcher | <i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i> |
| | MT-h | X-h Bright-rumped Attila | <i>Attila spadiceus</i> |
| | MT | X Dusky-capped Flycatcher | <i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i> |
| | MT | Ash-throated Flycatcher | <i>Myiarchus cinerascens</i> |
| | MT | X Nutting's Flycatcher | <i>Myiarchus nuttingi</i> |
| | MT | X-h Great Crested Flycatcher | <i>Myiarchus crinitus</i> |
| | MT | X Brown-crested Flycatcher | <i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i> |
| | MT | Flammulated Flycatcher (E) | <i>Deltarhynchus flammulatus</i> |
| | MT | X Great Kiskadee | <i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i> |
| | MT | X Boat-billed Flycatcher | <i>Megarynchus pitangua</i> |

| | | | | |
|----|------|-----|--------------------------------------|---|
| | MT | X | Social Flycatcher | <i>Myiozetetes similis</i> |
| | MT | | Piratic Flycatcher | <i>Legatus leucophaeus</i> |
| | MT | X | Tropical Kingbird | <i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i> |
| | MT | X | Couch's Kingbird | <i>Tyrannus couchii</i> |
| | MT | | Cassin's Kingbird | <i>Tyrannus vociferans</i> |
| | MT | | Thick-billed Kingbird | <i>Tyrannus crassirostris</i> |
| | MT | | Western Kingbird | <i>Tyrannus verticalis</i> |
| | | X | Scissor-tailed Flycatcher | <i>Tyrannus forficatus</i> |
| | | | MANAKINS | PIPRIDAE |
| | MT | | White-collared Manakin | <i>Manacus candei</i> |
| | | | TITYRAS AND ALLIES | TITYRIDAE |
| | MT | | Black-crowned Tityra | <i>Tityra inquisitor</i> |
| | MT | X | Masked Tityra | <i>Tityra semifasciata</i> |
| | MT | | Gray-collared Becard | <i>Pachyramphus major</i> |
| | MT | X | Rose-throated Becard | <i>Pachyramphus aglaiae</i> |
| | | | SHRIKES | LANIIDAE |
| | MT | | Loggerhead Shrike | <i>Lanius ludovicianus</i> |
| | | | VIREOS AND ALLIES | VIREONIDAE |
| GO | MT | X | Rufous-browed Peppershrike | <i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i> |
| | MT | | Chestnut-sided Shrike-Vireo | <i>Vireolanius melitophrys</i> |
| | MT | X | Green Shrike-Vireo | <i>Vireolanius pulchellus</i> |
| | MT | X-h | Lesser Greenlet | <i>Pachysylvia decurtata</i> |
| | MT | | Golden Vireo (E) | <i>Vireo hypochryseus</i> |
| | MT | | Slaty Vireo (E) | <i>Vireo brevipennis</i> |
| | MT-h | | Dwarf Vireo (E) | <i>Vireo nelsoni</i> |
| | MT | | White-eyed Vireo | <i>Vireo griseus</i> |
| | MT | X | Bell's Vireo | <i>Vireo bellii</i> |
| | MT | X | Hutton's Vireo | <i>Vireo huttoni</i> |
| | | X | Yellow-throated Vireo | <i>Vireo flavifrons</i> |
| | MT | | Cassin's Vireo | <i>Vireo cassinii</i> |
| | MT | X | Blue-headed Vireo | <i>Vireo solitarius</i> |
| | MT | X | Warbling Vireo | <i>Vireo gilvus</i> |
| | | | CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES | CORVIDAE |
| | MT | | Dwarf Jay (E) | <i>Cyanolyca nanus</i> |
| | | X | Black-throated Jay | <i>Cyanolyca pumilo</i> |
| | MT | | Azure-hooded Jay | <i>Cyanolyca cucullata</i> |
| | MT | X | White-throated Magpie-Jay | <i>Calocitta formosa</i> |
| | MT | X | Brown Jay | <i>Psilorhinus morio</i> |
| | MT | X | Green Jay | <i>Cyanocorax yncas</i> |
| | MT | X | Steller's Jay (Central American) | <i>Cyanocitta stelleri</i> [coronata Group] |
| | MT | | Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay | <i>Aphelocoma woodhouseii</i> |
| | MT | X | Unicolored Jay | <i>Aphelocoma unicolor</i> |
| | MT | | Common Raven | <i>Corvus corax</i> |
| | | | SWALLOWS | HIRUNDINIDAE |
| | | X | Black-capped Swallow | <i>Atticora pileata</i> |
| | MT | X | Northern Rough-winged Swallow | <i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i> |
| | MT | X | Gray-breasted Martin | <i>Progne chalybea</i> |
| | MT | X | Mangrove Swallow | <i>Tachycineta albilinea</i> |
| | | X | Violet-green Swallow | <i>Tachycineta thalassina</i> |
| | | X | Barn Swallow | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> |
| | | | TITS, CHICKADEES, AND TITMICE | PARIDAE |
| | MT | | Mexican Chickadee | <i>Poecile sclateri</i> |

| | | | |
|------|-----|-----------------------------------|--|
| MT | | Bridled Titmouse | <i>Baeolophus wollweberi</i> |
| | | LONG-TAILED TITS | AEGITHALIDAE |
| MT | X | Bushtit | <i>Psaltiriparus minimus</i> |
| | | TREECREEPERS | CERTHIIDAE |
| MT | X | Brown Creeper | <i>Certhia americana</i> |
| | | WRENS | TROGLODYTIDAE |
| MT | | Rock Wren | <i>Salpinctes obsoletus</i> |
| MT | | Canyon Wren | <i>Catherpes mexicanus</i> |
| MT | | Sumichrast's Wren (E) | <i>Hylorchilus sumichrasti</i> |
| | X | Nava's Wren (E) | <i>Hylorchilus navai</i> |
| MT | | House Wren (Brown-throated) | <i>Troglodytes aedon brunneicollis</i> |
| | X | House Wren (Southern) | <i>Troglodytes aedon intermedius</i> |
| | X | Rufous-browed Wren | <i>Troglodytes rufociliatus</i> |
| MT | | Bewick's Wren | <i>Thryomanes bewickii</i> |
| MT | X | Band-backed Wren | <i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i> |
| MT | | Gray-barred Wren (E) | <i>Campylorhynchus megalopterus</i> |
| | X | Giant Wren (E) | <i>Campylorhynchus chiapensis</i> |
| MT | X | Rufous-naped Wren (Sclater's) (E) | <i>Campylorhynchus rufinucha humilis</i> |
| MT | | Boucard's Wren (E) | <i>Campylorhynchus jocosus</i> |
| MT | X | Spot-breasted Wren | <i>Pheugopedius maculipectus</i> |
| MT | X | Happy Wren (E) | <i>Pheugopedius felix</i> |
| MT | X | Banded Wren | <i>Thryophilus pleurostictus</i> |
| | X | Cabanis's (Plain) Wren | <i>Cantorchilus modestus</i> |
| | X | White-bellied Wren | <i>Uropsila leucogastra</i> |
| MT-h | X | White-breasted Wood-Wren | <i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i> |
| MT | X-h | Gray-breasted Wood-Wren | <i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i> |
| | | GNATCATCHERS | POLIOPTILIDAE |
| | X | Long-billed Gnatwren | <i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i> |
| MT | X | Blue-gray Gnatcatcher | <i>Polioptila caerulea</i> |
| MT | X | White-lored Gnatcatcher | <i>Polioptila albiloris</i> |
| | | KINGLETS | REGULIDAE |
| MT-h | | Golden-crowned Kinglet | <i>Regulus satrapa</i> |
| MT | | Ruby-crowned Kinglet | <i>Regulus calendula</i> |
| | | THRUSHES AND ALLIES | TURDIDAE |
| | X | Eastern Bluebird | <i>Sialia sialis</i> |
| MT | X | Brown-backed Solitaire | <i>Myadestes occidentalis</i> |
| MT | X-h | Slate-colored Solitaire | <i>Myadestes unicolor</i> |
| MT | | Russet Nightingale-Thrush (E) | <i>Catharus occidentalis</i> |
| MT-h | X-h | Ruddy-capped Nightingale-Thrush | <i>Catharus frantzii</i> |
| MT | | Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush | <i>Catharus mexicanus</i> |
| | X | Swainson's Thrush | <i>Catharus ustulatus</i> |
| | X | Wood Thrush | <i>Hylocichla mustelina</i> |
| | X | Mountain Thrush | <i>Turdus plebejus</i> |
| MT | | White-throated Thrush | <i>Turdus assimilis</i> |
| MT | X | Clay-colored Thrush | <i>Turdus grayi</i> |
| MT | X | Black Thrush | <i>Turdus infuscatus</i> |
| MT | | American Robin | <i>Turdus migratorius</i> |
| MT | | Rufous-backed Robin (E) | <i>Turdus rufopalliatu</i> |
| | X | Rufous-collared Robin | <i>Turdus rufitorques</i> |
| | | MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS | MIMIDAE |
| MT | | Blue Mockingbird (E) | <i>Melanotis caerulescens</i> |
| | X | Blue-and-white Mockingbird | <i>Melanotis hypoleucus</i> |

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| | X | Gray Catbird | <i>Dumetella carolinensis</i> |
| MT | | Curve-billed Thrasher | <i>Toxostoma curvirostre</i> |
| MT-h | | Ocellated Thrasher (E) | <i>Toxostoma ocellatum</i> |
| | X | Tropical Mockingbird | <i>Mimus gilvus</i> |
| MT | | Northern Mockingbird | <i>Mimus polyglottos</i> |
| | | WAGTAILS AND PIPITS | MOTACILLIDAE |
| MT | | American Pipit | <i>Anthus rubescens</i> |
| | | WAXWINGS | BOMBYCILLIDAE |
| MT | | Cedar Waxwing | <i>Bombycilla cedrorum</i> |
| | | SILKY-FLYCATCHERS | PTILIOGONATIDAE |
| MT | X | Gray Silky-flycatcher | <i>Ptiliogonys cinereus</i> |
| | | OLIVE WARBLER | PEUCEDRAMIDAE |
| MT | | Olive Warbler | <i>Peucedramus taeniatus</i> |
| | | FINCHES, EUPHONIAS, & ALLIES | FRINGILLIDAE |
| MT | | Scrub Euphonia | <i>Euphonia affinis</i> |
| MT | | Yellow-throated Euphonia | <i>Euphonia hirundinacea</i> |
| MT | X | Elegant (Blue-hooded) Euphonia | <i>Euphonia elegantissima</i> |
| GO MT-h | X | Olive-backed Euphonia | <i>Euphonia gouldi</i> |
| | X | Hooded Grosbeak | <i>Coccothraustes abeillei</i> |
| MT | X | House Finch | <i>Haemorhous mexicanus</i> |
| MT | X | Lesser Goldfinch | <i>Spinus psaltria</i> |
| | | NEW WORLD SPARROWS | PASSERELLIDAE |
| MT | | Common Chlorospingus (Northeast Mexico) | <i>Chlorospingus flavopectus ophthalmicus</i> |
| MT | | Common Chlorospingus (Southwest Mexico) | <i>Chlorospingus flavopectus albifrons</i> |
| | X | Common Chlorospingus (Middle America) | <i>Chlorospingus flavopectus [postocularis Grp]</i> |
| | X | Cinnamon-tailed (Sumichrast's) Sparrow (E) | <i>Peucaea sumichrasti</i> |
| | X | Stripe-headed Sparrow | <i>Peucaea ruficauda</i> |
| MT | | Bridled Sparrow (E) | <i>Peucaea mystacalis</i> |
| MT | | Olive Sparrow | <i>Arremonops rufivirgatus</i> |
| MT | | Lark Sparrow | <i>Chondestes grammacus</i> |
| MT | X | Yellow-eyed Junco | <i>Junco phaeonotus</i> |
| | X | Rufous-collared Sparrow | <i>Zonotrichia capensis</i> |
| MT | | White-throated Towhee (E) | <i>Melospiza albicollis</i> |
| MT | | Rufous-crowned Sparrow | <i>Aimophila ruficeps</i> |
| MT | | Oaxaca Sparrow (E) | <i>Aimophila notosticta</i> |
| MT | | Spotted Towhee | <i>Pipilo maculatus</i> |
| MT | | Collared Towhee (E) | <i>Pipilo ocai</i> |
| MT | | Rufous-capped Brushfinch (E) | <i>Atlapetes pileatus</i> |
| | | YELLOW-BREASTED CHAT | ICTERIIDAE |
| MT | | Yellow-breasted Chat | <i>Icteria virens</i> |
| | | TROUPIALS AND ALLIES | ICTERIDAE |
| MT | X | Yellow-billed Cacique | <i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i> |
| MT | | Yellow-winged Cacique | <i>Cassiculus melanicterus</i> |
| MT | X | Montezuma Oropendola | <i>Psarocolius montezuma</i> |
| MT | X | Black-vented Oriole | <i>Icterus wagleri</i> |
| MT | | Black-cowled Oriole | <i>Icterus prosthemelas</i> |
| MT | | Orchard Oriole | <i>Icterus spurius</i> |
| | X | Yellow-backed Oriole | <i>Icterus chrysater</i> |
| MT | | Yellow-tailed Oriole | <i>Icterus mesomelas</i> |
| MT | X | Streak-backed Oriole | <i>Icterus pustulatus</i> |
| MT | X | Bullock's Oriole | <i>Icterus bullockii</i> |
| MT | | Spot-breasted Oriole | <i>Icterus pectoralis</i> |

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| | MT | Altamira Oriole | <i>Icterus gularis</i> |
| | MT | X Baltimore Oriole | <i>Icterus galbula</i> |
| | MT | Scott's Oriole | <i>Icterus parisorum</i> |
| | MT | X Bronzed Cowbird | <i>Molothrus aeneus</i> |
| GO | MT | Giant Cowbird | <i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i> |
| | MT | Melodious Blackbird | <i>Dives dives</i> |
| | MT | X Great-tailed Grackle | <i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i> |
| | | NEW WORLD WARBLERS | PARULIDAE |
| | MT | Blue-winged Warbler | <i>Vermivora cyanoptera</i> |
| | MT | X Black-and-white Warbler | <i>Mniotilta varia</i> |
| | | Swainson's Warbler | <i>Limnethlypis swainsonii</i> |
| | MT | X Crescent-chested Warbler | <i>Oreothlypis superciliosa</i> |
| | | X Tennessee Warbler | <i>Oreothlypis peregrina</i> |
| | MT | Orange-crowned Warbler | <i>Oreothlypis celata</i> |
| | MT | X Nashville Warbler | <i>Oreothlypis ruficapilla</i> |
| | MT | Virginia's Warbler | <i>Oreothlypis virginiae</i> |
| | MT | Gray-crowned Yellowthroat | <i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i> |
| | MT | X MacGillivray's Warbler | <i>Geothlypis tolmiei</i> |
| | MT | Hooded Yellowthroat (E) | <i>Geothlypis nelsoni</i> |
| | MT | Hooded Warbler | <i>Setophaga citrina</i> |
| | MT | X American Redstart | <i>Setophaga ruticilla</i> |
| | MT | X Northern Parula | <i>Setophaga americana</i> |
| GO | | X Tropical Parula | <i>Setophaga pitayumi</i> |
| | MT | X Magnolia Warbler | <i>Setophaga magnolia</i> |
| | MT | X Yellow Warbler | <i>Setophaga petechia</i> |
| | MT | Chestnut-sided Warbler | <i>Setophaga pennsylvanica</i> |
| | MT | Yellow-rumped Warbler (Myrtle) | <i>Setophaga coronata coronata</i> |
| | MT | X Yellow-rumped Warbler (Audubon's) | <i>Setophaga coronata auduboni</i> |
| | MT | Black-throated Gray Warbler | <i>Setophaga nigrescens</i> |
| | MT | X Townsend's Warbler | <i>Setophaga townsendi</i> |
| | MT | X Hermit Warbler | <i>Setophaga occidentalis</i> |
| | MT | X Golden-cheeked Warbler | <i>Setophaga chrysoparia</i> |
| | MT | X Black-throated Green Warbler | <i>Setophaga virens</i> |
| | MT | Fan-tailed Warbler | <i>Basileuterus lachrymosus</i> |
| | MT | X Rufous-capped Warbler | <i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i> |
| | MT | X Golden-browed Warbler | <i>Basileuterus belli</i> |
| | MT | X Golden-crowned Warbler | <i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i> |
| | MT | X Wilson's Warbler | <i>Cardellina pusilla</i> |
| | MT | Red Warbler (White-cheeked) | <i>Cardellina rubra rubra/rowleyi</i> |
| | | X Pink-headed Warbler | <i>Cardellina versicolor</i> |
| | MT | Painted Redstart | <i>Myioborus pictus</i> |
| | MT | X Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart) | <i>Myioborus miniatus</i> |
| | | CARDINALS AND ALLIES | CARDINALIDAE |
| | MT | X Hepatic Tanager | <i>Piranga flava</i> |
| | MT | X Summer Tanager | <i>Piranga rubra</i> |
| | MT | X Western Tanager | <i>Piranga ludoviciana</i> |
| | MT | Flame-colored Tanager | <i>Piranga bidentata</i> |
| | MT | X White-winged Tanager | <i>Piranga leucoptera</i> |
| | MT | Red-headed Tanager (E) | <i>Piranga erythrocephala</i> |
| | MT | X-h Red-throated Ant-Tanager | <i>Habia fuscicauda</i> |
| | | X Black-faced Grosbeak | <i>Caryothraustes poliogaster</i> |
| | MT | X Northern Cardinal (Long-crested) (E) | <i>Cardinalis cardinalis carneus</i> |

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| | X | Yellow Grosbeak (Guatemalan) | <i>Pheucticus chrysopleus aurantiacus</i> |
| MT | | Rose-breasted Grosbeak | <i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i> |
| MT | | Black-headed Grosbeak | <i>Pheucticus melanocephalus</i> |
| MT | X | Red-breasted Chat (E) | <i>Granatellus venustus</i> |
| | X | Blue Seedeater (Blue) | <i>Amaurospiza concolor concolor</i> |
| | X-h | Blue-black Grosbeak | <i>Cyanoloxia cyanoides</i> |
| | X | Blue Bunting (Middle America) | <i>Cyanocompsa parellina parellina</i> |
| MT | | Blue Bunting (West Mexico) (E) | <i>Cyanocompsa parellina indigotica</i> |
| MT | X | Indigo Bunting | <i>Passerina cyanea</i> |
| | X | Rose-bellied (Rosita's) Bunting (E) | <i>Passerina rositae</i> |
| MT | X | Orange-breasted Bunting (E) | <i>Passerina leclancherii</i> |
| MT | X | Painted Bunting | <i>Passerina ciris</i> |
| | | TANAGERS AND ALLIES | THRAUPIDAE |
| MT | | Crimson-collared Tanager | <i>Ramphocelus sanguinolentus</i> |
| MT | | Blue-gray Tanager | <i>Thraupis episcopus</i> |
| MT | X | Yellow-winged Tanager | <i>Thraupis abbas</i> |
| MT | | Golden-hooded Tanager | <i>Tangara larvata</i> |
| MT | X | Red-legged Honeycreeper | <i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i> |
| MT | X | Cinnamon-bellied Flowerpiercer | <i>Diglossa baritula</i> |
| MT | | Blue-black Grassquit | <i>Volatinia jacarina</i> |
| MT | | Thick-billed Seed-Finch | <i>Sporophila funerea</i> |
| MT | | Variable Seedeater | <i>Sporophila corvina</i> |
| MT | | Morelet's (White-collared) Seedeater | <i>Sporophila moreletii</i> |
| MT | | Cinnamon-rumped (White-collared) Seedeater (E) | <i>Sporophila torqueola</i> |
| | X | Bananaquit | <i>Coereba flaveola</i> |
| MT | | Buff-throated Saltator | <i>Saltator maximus</i> |
| MT | | Black-headed Saltator | <i>Saltator atriceps</i> |
| MT | | Grayish Saltator (Middle American) | <i>Saltator coerulescens [grandis Group]</i> |
| | | OLD WORLD SPARROWS | PASSERIDAE |
| MT | | House Sparrow (I) | <i>Passer domesticus</i> |