



A [Tropical Birding](#) CUSTOM tour

CENTRAL PERU

20-29 August 2016

TOUR LEADER: ANDRES VASQUEZ

(All photos by Andres Vasquez)



*The “Big Momma” of all tanagers, the hulking **Golden-backed Mountain-Tanager** in Bosque Unchog*

Introduction:

Central Peru is one darn special place, full of *birds*, full of *contrasts*, and full of breathtaking *landscapes*.

Birds: Peru ranks third in the World in terms of *number* of bird species, with nearly 1800! This is thanks, largely, to the diversity of bird habitats in the Andes Mountains, which we explored in detail even on this relatively short tour. The country hosts a large volume of endemic species and many range-restricted birds, many of which are located in *Central* Peru. We saw many of South America's "Most Wanted" birds on this tour, like grandest of all the tanagers, the unquestionably spectacular **Golden-backed Mountain-Tanager**; the super-localized **Junín Grebe**, the jeweled **Yellow-scarfed Tanager**, the enigmatic **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover**, the subtly beautiful **Bay-vented Cotinga**, and one of my personal favorites, the striking **White-eared Solitaire**. Other highlights included **Coppery Metaltail**, **Black-breasted Hillstar**, **Rufous-bellied** and **Gray-breasted Seedsnipes**, **Puna** and **Andean Snipes**, **Great** and **Rufous-backed Inca-Finches**, **Cinnamon-faced Tyrannulet**, **Masked Fruiteater**, the rare and local **Rufous-breasted Warbling-Finch**, **Andean** and **Ornate Tinamous**, plus the scarce **Thick-billed Siskin**, **Junín Canastero** and 5 other endemic *furnariids* too.



Contrasts: From one day to the next we went from sea level, (birding coastal areas for **Humboldt Penguin, Inca Terns, Peruvian Thick-Knee, Seaside Cinclodes, Peruvian Pelican** and **Peruvian Booby**), and the next morning, finding ourselves above the tree line at nearly 4800m/15,750ft, looking for the extremely rare **White-bellied Cinclodes**, and the much-wanted and local **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover**. One night we were based in a fancy high-end hotel in Peru's eclectic, seaside capital Lima, and the next we were in a rustic lodge in the highlands; Lima allowed us to taste some of the finest gastronomy on the continent, within one of the top ranked restaurants in all of South America, while in contrast some of the food in the more remote parts of the mountains was predictably less exotic, and plainer in comparison.



Landscapes: From the flat, barren, desert-like Pacific coastal plains to the humid foothill rainforests of the Amazon, to crossing over the impressive steep rocky Andean slopes and mountain tops, this area appeared to have it all. We felt like we were in a fairy tale when passing by one of the numerous crystal-clear Andean lakes that lay in the middle of ice-crowned, jagged mountain peaks, and likewise, when we rode in a tiny boat within the freezing cold waters of Lake Junín. The sinuous rivers of the Amazon, and lush green slopes of the Andean foothills also held a beauty all of their own.

This was a short custom tour, an abbreviated version of our more comprehensive Central Peru tour, that in just 10 days covered all the varied landscapes and ecosystems mention above, and visited iconic birding places like *Bosque Unchog*, the *Carpish tunnel*, *Marcapomacocha*, the dry *Santa Eulalia Valley*, the Amazon foothills of *Villa Rica*, and the coastal birding paradise of *Pucusana* just south of Lima. We didn't visit some other famous spots in the region, like the *Satipo*

Road due to time limitations. I had the immense pleasure to guide a couple of friends again: Richard and Andrew Goldfarb, on our 8th tour together, and their 10th with Tropical Birding.

Tour Summary:

The coast:

We started the tour with a visit to the famous coastal towns of *Puerto Viejo* and *Pucusana*. At first, we walked along the beach and found lots of great birds like, **Seaside Cinclodes**, lots of **Peruvian Boobies**, the first of many **Blackish Oystercatchers** (photo below), many **Kelp and Belcher's Gulls**, and several **Guanay Cormorants**. Our main target here was one we never found though, *Peruvian Tern*; but we gave it a try; it is a hard bird to find here these days. In the areas away from the beach, searching behind the local business huts produced a pair of **Peruvian Thick-knees**, a male **Peruvian Meadowlark**, many **Croaking Ground-Doves** and **Coastal Miner**, a Peruvian endemic.



After about an hour there, we moved towards the town of *Pucusana* that is superb for seabirds in particular. A short boat ride around the small island next to this popular fishing port produced lots of good birds, and good views of birds, like the cool **Humboldt Penguin**, arguably the best tern in the World, in the form of **Inca Tern**, **Red-legged** and **Guanay Cormorants**, plenty of **Peruvian Boobies**, and a couple of **Blue-footed Boobies**, as well as a long awaited lifer for the guide **Surfbird**. Bunches of huge **Peruvian Pelicans**, and a few other things were seen too in a very enjoyable boat trip.

Luckily, there was not too much swell, and thanks to the scopolamine patches we put on the night before, we did not ensure any sea sickness that sometimes affects people that do this ride.

We had lunch afterwards, when Andrew tried the famous Peruvian Ceviche, before we moved on to another famous coastal birding spot, *Los Pantanos de Villa*. At this site we found **Gray**, **Gray-hooded** and pink-flushed **Franklins Gulls**, **Cinnamon Teal**, **West Peruvian Dove**, **Great Grebe**, **Long-tailed Mockingbird**, and a few herons and shorebirds. The star of the visit though was the tiny, but super bright **Many-colored Rush-Tyrant** that gave us good views despite being mostly skulking; it was accompanied by the equally small but less colorful **Wren-like Rushbird**.



A head shot of the elegant *Guanay Cormorant*



The fantastic-looking **Red-legged Cormorant**

The dry Santa Eulalia Valley:

We soon left the coast behind and swiftly drove up into the Andes towards the famous *Santa Eulalia Valley* where we spent two nights. The lodging here, (as we decided to stay close to the birding spots), was a little basic, but comfortable enough, in the tiny village of *Huachupampa*. We arrived at night the first day, so it was only early the next one that we really started to bird. First thing in the morning we visited the upper ridges and had many wonderful pre-breakfast birds like, **Pied-crested Tit-Tyrant**, **Andean Tinamou**, and two Peruvian endemics, the local **Rusty-bellied Brush-Finch**, and very rare **Rufous-breasted Warbling-Finch**, which is typically easy to miss; strangely though, we saw three individuals in two different spots.



When we came back to the car after finding these great species, we were delighted to find that our excellent driver Julio (who has been birding for more than a decade all over Peru); had prepared a great field breakfast that included an omelet, diced fresh fruit, granola, yogurt, juice, recently brewed coffee and bread at a spot overlooking this scenic valley. We ended up watching **Giant Hummingbird**, **Bronze-tailed Comet**, and **Peruvian Sheartail** during the meal! Then, while Julio packed things up, we walked down the hill a little ways, finding **White-browed Chat-Tyrant** and great views of a personal favorite, **Black Metaltail**.

We then took the vehicle downhill towards a well-known bridge at the bottom of the valley, where we commenced birding in earnest once more. We soon found one of the major targets in the area, **Great Inca-Finch** (photo on next page), another Peruvian endemic. We also found **Spot-billed Ground-Tyrant**, a **Canyon Canastero**, and another country

endemic nearby, **Rusty-crowned Tit-Spintail**. When started heading back uphill we saw a few **Andean Swifts** flying at eye level, and also managed to call in yet another specialty, and Peruvian endemic, **Black-necked Woodpecker**.



In the afternoon, we revisited some of the same sites, adding a few new birds including, perched views of **Mountain Parakeets**, **Rusty Flowerpiercer**, **Collared Warbling-Finch**, **Blue-and-yellow Tanager**, **Mourning**, **Ash-breasted** and **Band-tailed Sierra-Finches**, and **Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant**. We finished the day *by night*, with a pair of **Band-winged Nightjars** very close to our hotel in *Huachupampa*.

The Puna and high Andes:

The next day, we departed before dawn, at about 4:30am and drove up the valley, close to the pass where the first thing we did was climb up a steep forested hill into scattered *Polylepis* trees. This was our only chance for the rare *White-cheeked Cotinga* that despite our efforts we did *not* see, A good consolation prize was however the attractive **Stripe-headed Antpitta**. After another great breakfast provided by Julio, we birded the grounds nearby and found a **White-capped Dipper** of the black-bellied subspecies, **Cordilleran Canastero**, **Black Siskin**, **Greenish Yellow-Finches** and a few more besides.

While ascending to the Puna and high Andes, we did a few stops and found **White-winged Diuca-Finch**, **Peruvian Sierra-Finch**, **Taczanowski's** and **White-fronted Ground-Tyrants**, among others. Scanning some small lakes led us to also find **Giant Coot**, **Andean Goose**, **Crested Duck**, **Yellow-billed Pintail**, **Yellow-billed Teal**, and **(Andean) Ruddy Duck**. Near the pass, we found the local endemic **Junín Canastero**, which gave us great looks.



A view of the dry **Santa Eulalia Valley** from near **Huachupampa**

The rest of the day, and the entirety of the following morning were spent birding at altitudes above 13,000ft/4000m, where oxygen was scarce, the sun overhead intense, and the temperature extremely variable with nearly freezing mornings, but baking-hot noons. The habitat we birded is known as *Puna*, where there were no trees, and mainly comprised of grasslands with scattered bushes and cushion-plant bogs that held the limited water present up there. Birds that live at these lofty areas of the Andes are quite special, being adapted to these extreme conditions, and sometimes localized to just a few hundred square feet.

The two bird species we wanted to see most in these areas were both found with remarkable ease, and both oddly found from the car and at relatively close range! These were firstly, one of the rarest birds on Earth, **White-bellied Cinclodes**, with just 250 mature individuals estimated to still survive there, and the most wanted of all shorebirds in South America (or even the world), the tiny and unique **Diademed Sandpiper-Plover** (photo below). Both were seen on bogs near the small population of *Marcapomacocha* right at lunchtime.



Another of the big targets at this elevation was the very local **Junín Grebe** which was somewhat difficult to find on the grand Lake Junín, since it dwells in the deeper waters; we needed to take a boat ride and scan through dozens of the very similar **Northern Silvery Grebe** until we found one. On the same lake, we also found **Puna Teal**, **Chilean Flamingo**, **White-tufted Grebe**, **Plumbeous Rail**, and **Slate-colored (Andean) Coot**, among others.

Other highlights at this elevation included **Puna Snipe**, **Rufous-bellied** and **Gray-breasted Seedsnipes**, the downy but local **Olivaceous Thornbill**, as well as its more striking relative the endemic **Black-breasted Hillstar** (photo below), **Dark-**

winged Miner, Streak-throated Canastero, White-winged and Creamy-winged Cinclodes, Andean Negrito, Ochre-naped, Rufous-naped and Puna Ground-Tyrants, D'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant, Mountain Caracara, Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle, Variable Hawk, Andean Goose, and a pair of smart Ornate Tinamous impressively spotted from the car on a distant hill by Rick, while we blasted by at 60mph!





Birding at the Puna near **Marcapomacocha** and the dull but unique **Olivaceous Thornbill**



The temperate forest of Unchog and the subtropics of Carpish:

After taking a boat ride on Lake Junín, and birding along its western side, we moved on towards the outskirts of *Huanuco* where we stayed for three nights, in order to explore the famous *Unchog Forest* and the *Carpish Tunnel*. On the way there, we did a strategic stop to look for another target, **Rufous-backed Inca-Finch**, which was the last species on this endemic Peruvian genus for Rick. The same area produced another country endemic, **Brown-flanked Tanager** and a responsive **Green-tailed Trainbearer**. More or less in the same area but a few days later, when returning towards Junín, we birded a *Polylepis* patch where we found several **Giant Conebills**, a couple of the scarce **Thick-billed Siskin**, plus the endemic **Baron's Spinetail** and **Rusty-crowned Tit-Spinetail**.

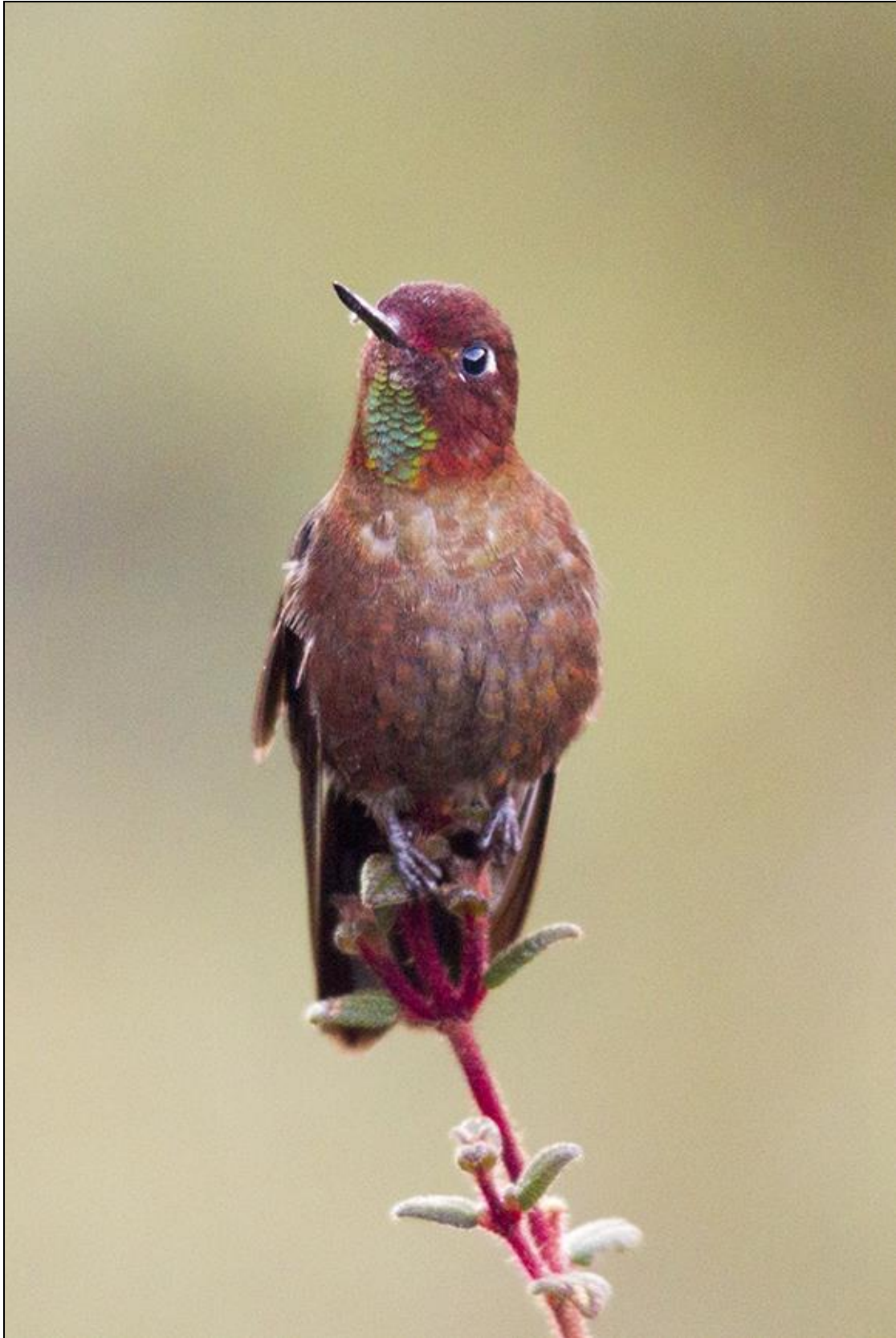
A very early start was needed to get to *Bosque Unchog* one morning in order to reach the site at dawn, the optimum time to be there for birding. Two hours of driving uphill in darkness was required to reach the site, and so we needed to



leave our hotel at 4:30am to reach the reserve near dawn. There are many specialties in this famous spot but the undeniable main target was, (as usual for this site), **Golden-backed Mountain-Tanager** (photo below), a strikingly bright and chunky tanager that is extremely localized, *and scarce*. We heard a family group in the distance from a viewpoint deep into the reserve, and were delighted when we managed to call them in; it was an unforgettable experience looking down on them from above, flying from treetop-to-treetop, towards us. We later saw what was presumed to be the same group, in a different spot and managed a couple of pictures too.

Other Peruvian endemic species we found on the area include **Coppery Metaltail**, **Pardusco**, **Tschudi's Tapaculo**, and the other big target of the area, the also quite local **Bay-vented Cotinga**.

Besides that very special bird, we also got a few wider ranging birds like **Ochraceous-breasted Flycatcher**, **White-chinned Thistletail**, **Pearled Treerunner**, **White-banded and White-throated Tyrannulets**, **Great Sapphirewing**, **Black-throated Flowerpiercer**, **Andean Flicker**, and the distinctive *obscura* subspecies of **Rufous Antpitta**.



Coppery Metaltail, by the start of the trail at **Bosque Unchog**

The next day we dedicated the entire morning to the subtropical forest around the *Carpish Tunnel*. Upon arrival, we were greeted by a fantastic Andean mixed flock that included a bunch of great things like the endemic **Drab Hemispingus** and **Peruvian Wren**, **Black-capped**, **Superciliaried**, **Black-eared** and **Hemispinguses**, **Gray-hooded Bush-Tanager**, **Plushcap**, **Rufous-chested Tanager**, **Capped Conebill**, **Blue-capped Tanager**, **Grass-green Tanager**, **Lacrimose**, **Buff-breasted** and **Chestnut-bellied Mountain-Tanagers**, **Blue-and-black Tanager**, the first of many **Moustached Flowerpiercers**, **Gray-browed Brush-Finch**, **Yellow-vented Woodpecker**, and a few others too!

The rest of the morning was also very good, but the birds were more spread out along the road. Not too far in, we found one of the big targets for the area, the endemic **Unstreaked Tit-Tyrant** and closeby a pair of **Slaty Finches**. **Barred Parakeets** flew by repeatedly, and a very vocal **Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan** gave us a good show too. Late in the morning, we saw the only **Violet-throated Starfrontlet** of the trip, a noisy **Streak-headed Antbird**, **Rufous Spinetail**, **Streaked Tuftedcheek**, and another Peruvian endemic, **Rufous-vented Tapaculo**. We regularly heard two endemic antpittas in the distance, (Chestnut and Bay Antpittas), but never got a chance to call one in due to the substantial distances involved.

In the afternoon, we birded along the well-known *Paty Trail*, just a few kilometers down from Carpish. The weather was not helpful, and we had to work around the rain that continued on-and-off throughout the afternoon. For a while, it gave us a decent break, when we managed to find various good species, including one of my favorite South American birds, the elegant **White-eared Solitaire** (photo right) which gave us great views through the scope.



Other cool findings in this area were **White-collared Jays** at the start of the trail, **Flame-faced Tanagers** in a

flock near the school, **Tricolored Brush-Finch**, **Crimson-mantled Woodpecker**, **Strong-billed Woodcreeper**, **Variable Antshrike**, and yet another Peruvian endemic, the modest **Inca Flycatcher**. By this time it was getting dark, and so started heading back up the trail when we heard distinctive soft, high-pitched song of a pair of **Band-tailed Fruiteaters**, which were soon lured into view.

The next day we had a long driving day, since we needed to go from *Huanuco* all the way to *Villa Rica*. This involved a total driving time of over 7 hours with a few stops and just occasional birding.



Bay-vented Cotinga is a highly desired Peruvian endemic; seen and digiscoped at *Bosque Unchog*

The humid foothills of the Amazon near Villa Rica:

After a long ride from *Huanuco* we reached the foothills of the Andes on the Amazon side. Our final destination was the town of *Villa Rica* where we spent two nights. We did some birding before reaching the town, and got a few lowland species like **Little Woodpecker**, **Long-tailed Tyrant**, a quite responsive **Bluish-fronted Jacamar**, **Violaceous Jay**, **Magpie Tanager**, **Yellow-rumped Cacique**, **Russet-backed Oropendola**, **Purple-throated Euphonia**, **Olivaceous Siskin**, **Yellow-headed Caracara**, **Blue-headed Parrot**, **White-eyed Parakeet**, a lone **Emerald (Black-throated) Toucanet**, the skulking **Plain-crowned Spinetail**, and a soaring **White Hawk**.

On the next two mornings, we birded the upper portions and along the pass of the *Villa Rica – Oxapampa Old Road*, also known as *Bosque Scho'lllet*. It was a wonderful couple of days there; the weather was fair, and the birds cooperated well for the most part. There were several specific targets we were aiming to get, and happily we found them. The first was the Peruvian endemic **Masked Fruiteater** of which we only saw a female. The second target, and another endemic too, was the tiny **Creamy-bellied Antwren** that we found closer to *Villa Rica* than to the pass. The third target, **Blue-banded Toucanet** (photo below), required a bit of work but in the end we saw it nicely...



There were many other superb birds, including one of my all-time favorites (I think perhaps also Andrew's too now), the rare **Chestnut-crested Cotinga**; we saw two different individuals in two different spots. Another of South America's great birds was also seen, the hulking **Red-ruffed Fruitcrow**. Other highlights included, **Yellow-throated Tanager**, **Oleaginous Hemispingus**, **Trilling Tapaculo**, **Red-throated Caracara**, **White-backed Fire-eye**, **Torrent Tyrannulet**, **Rufous-tailed Tyrant**, a vocal party of **Pale-footed Swallows**, another **White-eared Solitaire**, **Hook-billed Kite**, **White Hawk**, **Dusky-green Oropendola** and many more.

The very last new bird we got in *Bosque Scho'llet* was another superb one, the Peruvian endemic **Yellow-scarfed Tanager** (photo below). We had largely given up on this species, having already missed it at Carpish, Paty, and in two mornings at Scho'llet, but something told me we had to do a final stop near the observation tower at the pass. I had a weird feeling about that spot, so I decided to give one more try precisely with that bird in mind and a very happy moment was had when a lone individual was found in the undergrowth of a stunted forest patch.



The afternoon of the first day and late morning on the second one in the area of *Villa Rica* we visited the *Onconal Lake* and the road to *Cedro Pampa* that starts behind the lake. The ecosystem here is fairly disturbed, with lots of coffee plantations and scattered patches of forest, but in spite of this, the birding is first class.

The lake produced many waterbirds like, **Cocoi Heron**, **Gray-cowled Wood-Rail**, and **Least Grebe** The road to *Cedro Pampa* was very productive. We were very happy with scope views of the localized country endemic **Cinnamon-faced Tyrannulet**, but there were some good ones alongside too, including the microscopic **White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant**, **White-browed Hermit**, **Sapphire-spangled Emerald**, **Ocellated Piculet**, **Chestnut-backed Antshrike**, **Yellow-crested Tanager**, **Blue-crowned Trogon**, **Stripe-chested Antwren**, **Yellow-browed Tody-Flycatcher**, and a few other songbirds besides. It was getting dark on the first afternoon when we stopped at a stake out for **Band-bellied Owl** and managed to call one in; it stayed perched in front of us for at least two full minutes.

The drive to Lima (and the best food I have tasted; Sorry Mom!):

The final day of the tour had arrived way too soon, and we soon found ourselves reluctantly heading back to the capital of Peru in order to catch our flights back home. Our planes did not depart until midnight, and so we had the entire day to take it easy and drive along the busy central highway, full of heavy goods vehicles, which snakes its way through the Andes and terminates at the coast, in Lima itself. We did not need to depart super early since all of the good birding spots were several hours away at least at that point. We had spent the night in Tarma, in order to break the long ride between Villa Rica and Lima, but still the driving time from there to the Airport ended up being around 7 hours without stops.

This was, of course, then mainly a travel day but we did a couple of neat birding stops along the way. The first was way up in the mountains, at the famous *Ticlio Bog* where we walked for about an hour. We found a few **Puna Ibis**, a family group of **Rufous-bellied Seedsnipe**, and a pair of **Gray-breasted Seedsnipes**. Great birds, but none of these compared with the CRITICALLY ENDANGERED **White-bellied Cinclodes** we also saw there. And yes, another of this rare species, in a different spot to the other one we saw earlier on day three. This time, the bird cooperated very well allowing for pictures like the one below...



We continued on down the road and stopped near *San Mateo*, where we took a side road just to bird a little more, breaking up the journey, but also to try to get a couple of birds we had missed before in *Santa Eulalia*. Sadly though we did not find any of these potential new birds during a brief stop in the area. We did however; find *another Great Inca-Finch* as another highlight. We had lunch there and later continued down to Lima. We had time to drop our bags in a hotel that we used for the afternoon only, and take a cab for 45 minutes in order to visit one of the very best restaurants

in the World, *Astrid & Gastón*, ranked 30th within “The World’s 50 Best”. (<https://goo.gl/ybXYVH>). After this great meal we took a cab to collect our bags, and continued on to the airport; a perfect ending to a truly amazing tour.

Final Checklist:



Inca Terns were common around *Pucusana*

We finished the tour with **404 species of birds recorded** of which 30 were heard only (H) and 6 were only seen by the tour leader (L).

TINAMIFORMES: Tinamidae

Brown Tinamou

Ornate Tinamou

Andean Tinamou

Crypturellus obsoletus

Nothoprocta ornata

Nothoprocta pentlandii

ANSERIFORMES: Anatidae

Andean Goose

Crested Duck

Torrent Duck

Blue-winged Teal

Cinnamon Teal

White-cheeked Pintail

Chloephaga melanoptera

Lophonetta specularioides

Merganetta armata

Anas discors

Anas cyanoptera

Anas bahamensis

Yellow-billed Pintail

Anas georgica

Puna Teal

Anas puna

Yellow-billed Teal

Anas flavirostris

Ruddy Duck

*Oxyura jamaicensis***GALLIFORMES: Cracidae**

Speckled Chachalaca

*Ortalis guttata***PODICIPEDIFORMES: Podicipedidae**

White-tufted Grebe

Rollandia rolland

Least Grebe

Tachybaptus dominicus

Pied-billed Grebe

Podilymbus podiceps

Great Grebe

Podiceps major

Silvery Grebe

Podiceps occipitalis

Junin Grebe (E)

*Podiceps taczanowskii***PHOENICOPTERIFORMES: Phoenicopteridae**

Chilean Flamingo

*Phoenicopterus chilensis***SPHENISCIFORMES: Spheniscidae**

Humboldt Penguin

*Spheniscus humboldti***SULIFORMES: Sulidae**

Blue-footed Booby

Sula nebouxii

Peruvian Booby

*Sula variegata***SULIFORMES: Phalacrocoracidae**

Neotropic Cormorant

Phalacrocorax brasilianus

Red-legged Cormorant

Phalacrocorax gaimardi

Guanay Cormorant

*Phalacrocorax bougainvillii***SULIFORMES: Anhingidae**

Anhinga

*Anhinga anhinga***PELECANIFORMES: Pelecanidae**

Peruvian Pelican

*Pelecanus thagus***PELECANIFORMES: Ardeidae**

Cocoi Heron

Ardea cocoi

Great Egret

Ardea alba

Snowy Egret

Egretta thula

Little Blue Heron

Egretta caerulea

Cattle Egret

Bubulcus ibis

Striated Heron

Butorides striata

Black-crowned Night-Heron

*Nycticorax nycticorax***PELECANIFORMES: Threskiornithidae**

Puna Ibis

*Plegadis ridgwayi***ACCIPITRIFORMES: Cathartidae**

Black Vulture

Coragyps atratus

Turkey Vulture

Cathartes aura

L Andean Condor

*Vultur gryphus***ACCIPITRIFORMES: Accipitridae**

Hook-billed Kite	<i>Chondrohierax uncinatus</i>
Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
White Hawk	<i>Leucopternis albicollis</i>
Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>
Variable Hawk	<i>Buteo polyosoma</i>
FALCONIFORMES: Falconidae	
Red-throated Caracara	<i>Ibycter americanus</i>
Mountain Caracara	<i>Phalcoboenus megalopterus</i>
Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>
Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
GRUIFORMES: Rallidae	
H Rufous-sided Crake	<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>
Gray-cowled Wood-Rail	<i>Aramides cajaneus</i>
H Blackish Rail	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>
Plumbeous Rail	<i>Pardirallus sanguinolentus</i>
Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>
Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>
Giant Coot	<i>Fulica gigantea</i>
GRUIFORMES: Aramidae	
Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Burhinidae	
Peruvian Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus superciliaris</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Charadriidae	
Andean Lapwing	<i>Vanellus resplendens</i>
Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>
Diademed Sandpiper-Plover	<i>Phegornis mitchellii</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Haematopodidae	
American Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus palliatus</i>
Blackish Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ater</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Recurvirostridae	
Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Jacanidae	
Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>
CHARADRIIFORMES: Scolopacidae	
Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>
L Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>

Surfbird

Baird's Sandpiper

Pectoral Sandpiper

Puna Snipe

Andean Snipe

Wilson's Phalarope

CHARADRIIFORMES: Thinocoridae

Rufous-bellied Seedsnipe

Gray-breasted Seedsnipe

CHARADRIIFORMES: Laridae

Andean Gull

Gray-hooded Gull

Gray Gull

Franklin's Gull

Belcher's Gull

Kelp Gull

Inca Tern

Black Skimmer

COLUMBIFORMES: Columbidae

Rock Pigeon

Spot-winged Pigeon

Band-tailed Pigeon

Plumbeous Pigeon

West Peruvian Dove

Eared Dove

Croaking Ground-Dove

Black-winged Ground-Dove

Golden-spotted Ground-Dove

White-tipped Dove

H Gray-fronted Dove

PSITTACIFORMES: Psittacidae

Mountain Parakeet

White-eyed Parakeet

Barred Parakeet

Blue-headed Parrot

H Speckle-faced Parrot

Scaly-naped Parrot

CUCULIFORMES: Cuculidae

Squirrel Cuckoo

Smooth-billed Ani

Groove-billed Ani

Band-bellied Owl

Peruvian Pygmy-Owl

CAPRIMULGIFORMES:*Aphriza virgata**Calidris bairdii**Calidris melanotos**Gallinago andina**Gallinago jamesoni**Phalaropus tricolor**Attagis gayi**Thinocorus orbignyianus**Chroicocephalus serranus**Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus**Leucophaeus modestus**Leucophaeus pipixcan**Larus belcheri**Larus dominicanus**Larosterna inca**Rynchops niger**Columba livia**Patagioenas maculosa**Patagioenas fasciata**Patagioenas plumbea**Zenaida meloda**Zenaida auriculata**Columbina cruziana**Metriopelia melanoptera**Metriopelia aymara**Leptotila verreauxi**Leptotila rufaxilla**Psilopsiagon aurifrons**Aratinga leucophthalma**Bolborhynchus lineola**Pionus menstruus**Pionus tumultuosus**Amazona mercenaria**Piaya cayana**Crotophaga ani**Crotophaga sulcirostris**Pulsatrix melanota**Glaucidium peruanum*

Caprimulgidae

Band-winged Nightjar

Caprimulgus longirostris

Blackish Nightjar

*Caprimulgus nigrescens***APODIFORMES: Apodidae**

Chestnut-collared Swift

Streptoprocne rutila

White-collared Swift

Streptoprocne zonaris

Pale-rumped Swift

Chaetura egregia

White-tipped Swift

Aeronautes montivagus

Andean Swift

*Aeronautes andecolus***APODIFORMES: Trochilidae**

White-browed Hermit

Phaethornis stuarti

Lesser Violetear

Colibri cyanotus

Sparkling Violetear

Colibri coruscans

Black-throated Mango

Anthracothorax nigricollis

Amethyst-throated Sunangel

Heliangelus amethysticollis

Speckled Hummingbird

Adelomyia melanogenys

Long-tailed Sylph

Agelaiocercus kingi

Bronze-tailed Comet

Polyonymus caroli

Black-breasted Hillstar (E)

Oreotrochilus melanogaster

Green-tailed Trainbearer

Lesbia nuna

Olivaceous Thornbill

Chalcostigma olivaceum

Tyrian Metaltail

Metallura tyrianthina

Coppery Metaltail (E)

Metallura theresiae

Black Metaltail

Metallura phoebe

Collared Inca

Coeligena torquata

Violet-throated Starfrontlet

Coeligena violifer

Great Sapphirewing

Pterophanes cyanopterus

Chestnut-breasted Coronet

Boissonneaua matthewsii

Fawn-breasted Brilliant

Heliodoxa rubinoides

Giant Hummingbird

Patagona gigas

Purple-collared Woodstar

Myrtis fanny

Oasis Hummingbird

Rhodopsis vesper

Peruvian Sheartail

Thaumastura cora

White-bellied Woodstar

Chaetocercus mulsant

Blue-tailed Emerald

Chlorostilbon mellisugus

Gray-breasted Sabrewing

Campylopterus largipennis

Fork-tailed Woodnymph

Thalurania furcata

Amazilia Hummingbird

Amazilia amazilia

Sapphire-spangled Emerald

Amazilia lactea

Golden-tailed Sapphire

*Chrysuronia oenone***TROGONIFORMES: Trogonidae**

H Golden-headed Quetzal

Pharomachrus auriceps

Blue-crowned Trogon

*Trogon curucui***CORACIIFORMES: Alcedinidae**

Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>
GALBULIFORMES: Galbulidae	
Bluish-fronted Jacamar	<i>Galbula cyanescens</i>
PICIFORMES: Ramphastidae	
Emerald Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus</i>
Blue-banded Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus coeruleicinctis</i>
Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan	<i>Andigena hypoglauca</i>
PICIFORMES: Picidae	
Ocellated Piculet	<i>Picumnus dorbignyanus</i>
Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cruentatus</i>
Little Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis passerinus</i>
Yellow-vented Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis dignus</i>
Bar-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis nigriceps</i>
Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rivolii</i>
Black-necked Woodpecker (E)	<i>Colaptes atricollis</i>
Andean Flicker	<i>Colaptes rupicola</i>
Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>
H Crimson-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus haematogaster</i>
PASSERIFORMES: Furnariidae	
Coastal Miner (E)	<i>Geositta peruviana</i>
Common Miner	<i>Geositta cunicularia</i>
Slender-billed Miner	<i>Geositta tenuirostris</i>
Dark-winged Miner (E)	<i>Geositta saxicolina</i>
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>
Buff-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus guttatus</i>
Montane Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger</i>
Plain-breasted Earthcreeper	<i>Upucerthia jelskii</i>
Cream-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes albiventris</i>
Surf Cinclodes (E)	<i>Cinclodes taczanowskii</i>
White-winged Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes atacamensis</i>
White-bellied Cinclodes (E)	<i>Cinclodes palliatus</i>
Wren-like Rushbird	<i>Phleocryptes melanops</i>
Rusty-crowned Tit-Spinetail (E)	<i>Leptasthenura pileata</i>
L Andean Tit-Spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura andicola</i>
Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>
Rufous Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis unirufa</i>
Plain-crowned Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis gujanensis</i>
Baron's Spinetail (E)	<i>Cranioleuca baroni</i>
H Line-fronted Canastero	<i>Asthenes urubambensis</i>
Junin Canastero (E)	<i>Asthenes virgata</i>
Streak-throated Canastero	<i>Asthenes humilis</i>
Cordilleran Canastero	<i>Asthenes modesta</i>
Canyon Canastero	<i>Asthenes pudibunda</i>

	White-chinned Thistletail	<i>Asthenes fuliginosa</i>
	Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>
	Streaked Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii</i>
	Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>
H	Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>
H	Striped Woodhaunter	<i>Hyloctistes subulatus</i>
H	Striped Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes holostictus</i>
H	Rufous-backed Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes scrutator</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Thamnophilidae	
H	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>
	Chestnut-backed Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>
	Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>
	Stripe-chested Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula longicauda</i>
	Creamy-bellied Antwren (E)	<i>Herpsilochmus motacilloides</i>
	Streak-headed Antbird	<i>Drymophila striaticeps</i>
H	Blackish Antbird	<i>Cercomacra nigrescens</i>
	White-backed Fire-eye	<i>Pyriglena leuconota</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Grallariidae	
	Stripe-headed Antpitta	<i>Grallaria andicolus</i>
H	Bay Antpitta (E)	<i>Grallaria capitalis</i>
	Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula obscura</i>
H	Chestnut Antpitta (E)	<i>Grallaria blakei</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Rhinocryptidae	
H	Ash-colored Tapaculo	<i>Myornis senilis</i>
	Trilling Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus parvirostris</i>
H	Large-footed Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus macropus</i>
	Rufous-vented Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus femoralis</i>
H	Neblina Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus altirostris</i>
	Tschudi's Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus acutirostris</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Tyrannidae	
	White-tailed Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus poecilocercus</i>
	White-banded Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus stictopterus</i>
	White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>
L	Sulphur-bellied Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus minor</i>
	Pied-crested Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes reguloides</i>
	Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes flavirostris</i>
	Tufted Tit-Tyrant	<i>Anairetes parulus</i>
	Unstreaked Tit-Tyrant (E)	<i>Anairetes agraphia</i>
H	White-crested Elaenia	<i>Elaenia albiceps</i>
	Small-billed Elaenia	<i>Elaenia parvirostris</i>
	Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>
	Streak-necked Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes striaticollis</i>
	Inca Flycatcher (E)	<i>Leptopogon taczanowskii</i>
	Cinnamon-faced Tyrannulet (E)	<i>Phylloscartes parkeri</i>

H	Black-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias nigrocapillus</i>
	Ashy-headed Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias cinereiceps</i>
H	Peruvian Tyrannulet (E)	<i>Zimmerius viridiflavus</i>
	Many-colored Rush Tyrant	<i>Tachuris rubrigastra</i>
H	Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Pseudotriccus ruficeps</i>
	White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Myiornis albiventris</i>
	Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Lophotriccus pileatus</i>
	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
	Yellow-browed Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum chrysocrotaphum</i>
	Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphureus</i>
	Yellow-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias flaviventris</i>
	Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus</i>
	Ochraceous-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Nephelomyias ochraceiventris</i>
	Bran-colored Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>
	Smoke-colored Pewee	<i>Contopus fumigatus</i>
	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
	Andean Negrito	<i>Lessonia oreas</i>
	Rufous-tailed Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus poecilurus</i>
	Spot-billed Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola maculirostris</i>
	Taczanowski's Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola griseus</i>
	Puna Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola juninensis</i>
	White-fronted Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola albifrons</i>
	Ochre-naped Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola flavinucha</i>
	Rufous-naped Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola rufivertex</i>
	White-browed Ground-Tyrant	<i>Muscisaxicola albifrons</i>
	Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	<i>Agriornis montanus</i>
	Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>
	Smoky Bush-Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes fumigatus</i>
H	Rufous-bellied Bush-Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes fuscorufus</i>
	Crowned (Kalinowski's) Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca frontalis</i>
	Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca rufipectoralis</i>
	Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>
	D'Orbigny's Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca oenanthoides</i>
	White-browed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca leucophrys</i>
	Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>
	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
L	Short-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>
	Pale-edged Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus cephalotes</i>
	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>
H	Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>
	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Cotingidae	
	Band-tailed Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola intermedia</i>

	Barred Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola arcuata</i>
	Masked Fruiteater (E)	<i>Pipreola pulchra</i>
	Bay-vented Cotinga (E)	<i>Doliornis sclateri</i>
	Red-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rubrocristatus</i>
	Chestnut-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rufaxilla</i>
	Red-ruffed Fruitcrow	<i>Pyroderus scutatus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Tityridae	
H	Green-backed (Yellow-cheeked) Becard	<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>
	Barred Becard	<i>Pachyramphus versicolor</i>
	White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Vireonidae	
	Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>
	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>
	Olivaceous Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus olivaceus</i>
H	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Corvidae	
	White-collared Jay	<i>Cyanolyca viridicyanus</i>
	Violaceous Jay	<i>Cyanocorax violaceus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Hirundinidae	
	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
	Pale-footed Swallow	<i>Orochelidon flavipes</i>
	Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Orochelidon murina</i>
	Andean Swallow	<i>Orochelidon andecola</i>
	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Troglodytidae	
	Peruvian Wren (E)	<i>Cinnycerthia peruana</i>
H	Coraya Wren	<i>Pheugopedius coraya</i>
	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
	Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
	Sedge Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>
H	Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Cinclidae	
	White-capped Dipper	<i>Cinclus leucocephalus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Turdidae	
H	Andean Solitaire	<i>Myadestes ralloides</i>
	White-eared Solitaire	<i>Entomodestes leucotis</i>
	Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>
	Chiguanco Thrush	<i>Turdus chiguanco</i>
	Glossy-black Thrush	<i>Turdus serranus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Mimidae	
	Long-tailed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus longicaudatus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Parulidae	
	Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pitiayumi</i>

H	Three-striped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus tristriatus</i>
	Citrine Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis luteoviridis</i>
	Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis fulvicauda</i>
	Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis coronatus</i>
	Slate-throated Redstart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>
	Spectacled Redstart	<i>Myioborus melanocephalus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Coerebidae	
	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Thraupidae	
	Magpie Tanager	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>
	Black-capped Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus atropileus</i>
	Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus superciliaris</i>
	Oleaginous Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus frontalis</i>
	Black-eared Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus melanotis</i>
	Drab Hemispingus (E)	<i>Hemispingus xanthophthalmus</i>
	Gray-hooded Bush Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>
	Rufous-chested Tanager	<i>Thlypopsis ornata</i>
	Brown-flanked Tanager (E)	<i>Thlypopsis pectoralis</i>
	Pardusco (E)	<i>Nephelornis oneilli</i>
	Cinereous Conebill	<i>Conirostrum cinereum</i>
	Capped Conebill	<i>Conirostrum albifrons</i>
	Giant Conebill	<i>Oreomanes fraseri</i>
	Plushcap	<i>Catamblyrhynchus diadema</i>
	Guira Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis guira</i>
	Yellow-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufiventer</i>
	Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>
	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>
	Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>
	Blue-and-yellow Tanager	<i>Thraupis bonariensis</i>
	Golden-backed Mountain-Tanager (E)	<i>Buthraupis aureodorsalis</i>
	Lacrimose Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus lacrymosus</i>
	Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>
	Grass-green Tanager	<i>Chlorornis riefferii</i>
	Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
	Chestnut-bellied Mountain-Tanager	<i>Delothraupis castaneoventris</i>
	Yellow-throated Tanager	<i>Iridosornis analis</i>
	Yellow-scarfed Tanager (E)	<i>Iridosornis reinhardti</i>
	Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
	Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>
	Flame-faced Tanager	<i>Tangara parzudakii</i>
	Spotted Tanager	<i>Tangara punctata</i>
	Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>
	Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>

Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
L Silvery (Silver-backed) Tanager	<i>Tangara viridicollis</i>
Black-faced Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata</i>
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>
Golden-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator aurantirostris</i>
PASSERIFORMES: Emberizidae	
Peruvian Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus punensis</i>
Mourning Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus fruticeti</i>
Plumbeous Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>
Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus plebejus</i>
Band-tailed Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus alaudinus</i>
White-winged Diuca-Finch	<i>Diuca speculifera</i>
Great Inca-Finch (E)	<i>Incaspiza pulchra</i>
Rufous-backed Inca-Finch (E)	<i>Incaspiza personata</i>
Rufous-breasted Warbling-Finch (E)	<i>Poospiza rubecula</i>
Collared Warbling-Finch	<i>Poospiza hispaniolensis</i>
Chestnut-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila castaneiventris</i>
Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
Plain-colored Seedeater	<i>Catamenia inornata</i>
Slaty Finch	<i>Haplospiza rustica</i>
Moustached Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa mystacalis</i>
Black-throated Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa brunneiventris</i>
Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa sittoides</i>
Bluish Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa caerulescens</i>
Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa cyanea</i>
Bright-rumped Yellow-Finch	<i>Sicalis uropygialis</i>
Greenish Yellow-Finch	<i>Sicalis olivascens</i>
Red-capped Cardinal	<i>Paroaria gularis</i>
Gray-browed Brush-Finch	<i>Arremon torquatus</i>
Tricolored Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes tricolor</i>
Slaty Brushfinch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>
Yellow-breasted Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes latinuchus</i>
Rusty-bellied Brush-Finch (E)	<i>Atlapetes nationi</i>
Yellow-browed Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus aurifrons</i>
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
Common Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>
PASSERIFORMES: Cardinalidae	
Golden (Southern Yellow) Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus chrysogaster</i>
Blue-black Grosbeak	<i>Cyanocompsa cyanoides</i>
PASSERIFORMES: Icteridae	
Peruvian Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella bellicosa</i>
Scrub Blackbird	<i>Dives warszewiczi</i>
Yellow-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus cela</i>

Russet-backed Oropendola

Dusky-green Oropendola

PASSERIFORMES: Fringillidae

Purple-throated Euphonia

Thick-billed Euphonia

Golden-rumped Euphonia

Orange-bellied Euphonia

Thick-billed Siskin

Hooded Siskin

Olivaceous Siskin

Black Siskin

PASSERIFORMES: Passeridae

House Sparrow

Psarocolius angustifrons

Psarocolius atrovirens

Euphonia chlorotica

Euphonia laniirostris

Euphonia cyanocephala

Euphonia xanthogaster

Spinus crassirostris

Spinus magellanicus

Spinus olivaceus

Spinus atratus

Passer domesticus