

A [Tropical Birding Tours](#) SET DEPARTURE

BIRDING WITH A CAMERA® TOUR

BELIZE BWC
23 to 31 March 2024



Report and most photos by ANDRES VASQUEZ N., the guide for this tour. *Participants' photos* indicated in each photo



The best bird of this tour cannot be any other than the absolutely incredibly gorgeous **Ocellated Turkey** (above by AV) especially when we were delighted with a superb display session of this stunning male in front of two females, a display that lasted about 25 minutes and that we managed to capture in great light and from various angles.

INTRODUCTION:

There are plenty of reasons why Belize is often selected as one of the first neotropical destinations for travelers from other continents. It is easily accessible from various cities in North and Central America via short flights, the US dollar is used everywhere, English is the main language, and it hosts a great diversity of birds (about 600 species) in a very small area which is very sparsely inhabited and blanketed in natural vegetation for the most part. Thanks to all these factors we designed this tour that lasts only one week long to cater to people looking for a short trip.



Among the most colorful tropical birds is Red-legged Honeycreeper (photo above by AV)

On this tour we visit three main areas that are markedly different from each other in terms of bird species and habitat; we visit each site for a couple of days. This maximizes the list of potential species for this tour and gives us a diverse backdrop to our birding. The first location on this year's tour was the base and upper areas of the famed **Mountain Pine Ridge** for which we used the beautiful Mariposa Lodge as a base. Then we headed to one of the most popular birding sites in Belize, the rich wetlands of **Crooked Tree Wildlife Sanctuary**. Finally, we immersed ourselves into deep tropical forests at La Milpa Research Station and Lodge in the **Rio Bravo Conservation Area**.

This itinerary gave us the chance to bird in tropical pine savannas, hilly foothill forests, lagoons, riparian forest, and dense rainforest by staying in just three places. On top of that, on the first morning of the tour, we birded in other couple different ecosystems, mangrove forest and spiny thorn savanna, where we picked up plenty of birds we don't get to see at the other sites.

This trip report will not be done on a day-by-day basis but instead I will detail the birding done by areas.



A target that we found around the mangrove forest, **Mangrove Cuckoo** (photo above by AV)

Thorn Scrub Savanna and Mangroves: Captain Hook Shrimp Farm: After the arrival night in Belize city we started our birding by visiting a well-known spot preserved by a local shrimp farm that is surrounded by natural habitats which gave us a great start to the trip. These areas provided various birds we only saw once on this tour like the local **Cinnamon Hummingbird**, **Yucatan Vireo**, **Mangrove Cuckoo**, **Clapper Rail**, **Amazon Kingfisher**, **White-crowned Pigeon**, and the sought-after **Black Catbird**. We also got a variety of shorebirds and other water-related species in the shrimp ponds that we would not have had a chance to see if it wasn't for this spot. First views of other interesting birds included **Yucatan Woodpecker**, **Black-headed Trogon**, and **Mangrove Vireo**.



A couple of the Yucatan Peninsula endemics, **Yucatan Vireo** (photo above by AV) and **Black Catbird** (photo below by AV)



The Mountain Pine Ridge area: Mariposa Lodge: This very nice forest lodge is located at the base of the ridge which provided easy access to the upper areas as well as the lower portions at the base of the ridge. The natural pine savanna on top of the ridge is a great area for raptors, and from a lookout we got 6 species soaring in about half an hour of scanning: **Bat Falcon, White Hawk, Broad-winged Hawk, Double-toothed Kite, Great Black Hawk, and Swallow-tailed Kite.** Among the pines we also put in some effort to find a few local species to these areas like **Rusty Sparrow, Rufous-capped Warbler, and Hepatic Tanager.**



*It was harder than usual but we got this nice **Rusty Sparrow** (photo above by AV)*

Other highlights of the upper ridge area included the nice looking **Grace's Warbler**, the hulking **Montezuma Oropendola**, **Masked Tityra**, **White-browed Gnatcatcher**, **Eastern Meadowlark**, a nesting **Lineated Woodpecker**, **Yellow-winged Tanager**, **Plumbeous Kite**, **Brown Jay**, **Melodious Blackbird**, and a skulking **Blue-black Grosbeak**. Our lodge and a small private reserve nearby are hotspots for hummingbirds in Belize and by spending some time in front of the feeders we picked up 7 species, including a couple very hard to get in the country like **Violet Sabrewing** and **Scaly-breasted Hummingbird**, plus **White-bellied Hummingbird**, **Wedge-tailed Sabrewing**, **Green-breasted Mango**, **Long-billed Hermit**, **White-necked Jacobin**, and **Rufous-tailed Hummingbird**. Sadly, only I got views of **Stripe-throated Hermit**.

Other areas in the lower portions of the pine ridge provided a combination of open areas with some tropical forests patches where we got tons of birds, out of which the highlights were **Laughing Falcon**, an out of place **Black-headed Siskin**, many seed-eating specialists like **Blue Grosbeak**, **Indigo** and **Blue Buntings**, **Yellow-faced** and **Blue-black Grassquits**, **Morelet's Seedeater**, and **Thick-billed Seed Finch**, some forest birds like **Long-billed Gnatwren**, **White-bellied Wren**, **Slaty-tailed Trogon**, **Lesson's Motmot**, **Black-headed Saltator**, **Golden-fronted Woodpecker**, **Red-throated** and **Red-crowned Ant-Tanagers**, **Northern Bentbill**, **Olivaceous Woodcreeper**, and a few parrot species like **White-fronted**, **Red-lored**, and **White-crowned Parrots**.



*A great shot in flight of the big headed **Laughing Falcon** (photo by participant Seth Barr)*

I could write a whole chapter about the North American migrants that at this time of the year populate the Yucatan Peninsula, out of which the most conspicuous are the warblers. On this portion of the trip alone we found **American Redstart**, **Hooded**, **Tennessee**, **Magnolia**, **Black-and-white**, **Black-throated Green**, **Ovenbird**, **Northern Waterthrush**, and **Yellow-throated Warblers** plus the former member of the family, **Yellow-breasted Chat**. One of the favorite moments of the trip also occurred when we were birding a semi-open area surrounded by forest and in the center a large dead tree with various nest holes. A ton of birds moved around this place where we spent a solid hour photographing things like **Keel-billed Toucan**, **Collared Aracari**, **Ivory-billed Woodcreeper**, and **Gartered Trogon**. Then some drama happened when a pair of **Black-crowned Tityras** were investigating one of these nest holes and a **Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl** came in to take it over. Joining the action, **Golden-fronted Woodpeckers** and a **Masked Tityra** also came in to mob the owl before it finally left.

Some of the favorite shots from this moment will be shown in the next couple pages:



Black-crowned Tityras were not happy with the *Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl* that came in to the nest hole the tityras were first investigating. This is a composite image for reference of the moment (photo by AV)



Collared Aracaris were present in big numbers in this area and they kept on flying from one tree to the next one (photo by AV)



Keel-billed Toucans were not as numerous but they behaved basically the same way as the aracaris (photo by AV)

Crooked Tree Sanctuary: Bird's Eye View Lodge: the next birding area brought completely different habitats. Crooked Tree Lagoon is a large body of water that brings tons of water related birds, and in the middle of this horseshoe-shaped lagoon there is some pine savannah and dry scrub. We birded from our van inside the savanna and by boat along the waters of the lagoon. This nice mix of habitats and activities add a lot to the tour. The boat rides are very pleasant and you can see large numbers of birds. The savannas hold a couple birds that are quite localized.



Another great shot in flight of **Black-collared Hawk** (photo by participant **Seth Barr**)

We had three outings on boats cruising along the calm waters. The first one gave us a large number of new birds for the trip and on the next couple rides we filled in a couple gaps but more importantly we focused on getting photos of things we did not get the first time or simply on improving some of them. Some of the birds we saw were **Caspian and Gull-billed Terns, Black-collared Hawk, Snail Kite, Russet-naped Wood-Rail, Glossy and White Ibises, Northern Jacana, Common and Purple Gallinules**, a flock of **Lesser Scaup, Osprey, Green, Ringed, Belted,** and **American Pygmy Kingfishers**, and various species of herons including the odd **Bare-throated Tiger-Heron** and the very difficult (when waters are high as they were on this trip) **Agami Heron**. Another key one here was the difficult and shy **Sungrebe** of which we saw two different individuals.



A skillful shot of Sungrebe (photo by participant Seth Barr)

In terms of passerines and other small birds we got the small **Mangrove Vireo**, many **Prothonotary Warblers**, the photogenic **Fork-tailed Flycatcher, Mangrove Swallow, Common Tody-Flycatcher**, a skittish **Gray-crowned Yellowthroat**, and a couple species of flycatchers scattered along the water's edge. We were also fortunate to see very well three species of raptors that are quite unusual in this area, like the shy **Collared Forest-Falcon**, an actively hunting **Aplomado Falcon**, and the scarce **Crane Hawk**.

These boat rides were picked by the participants as one of the most enjoyable activities we did on this tour. It was for sure a very nice relaxing time with lots of subjects to photograph, many of those even gave us repeated opportunities and different angles.



Fork-tailed Flycatcher (above by AV) and American Pygmy-Kingfisher (below by participant Seth Barr)



The savannas on the other hand gave us one of the key birds of the trip, the unique **Yucatan Jay**. We saw this bird in two different occasions. We also targeted and got the difficult **Yellow-lored Parrot** which we saw perched distantly and flying overhead at close range. Both species are endemics to the Yucatan Peninsula. We also managed to find from the western causeway three individuals of **Pinnated Bittern** but none of these were particularly close for photos. Those were the highlights but of course we saw plenty more.



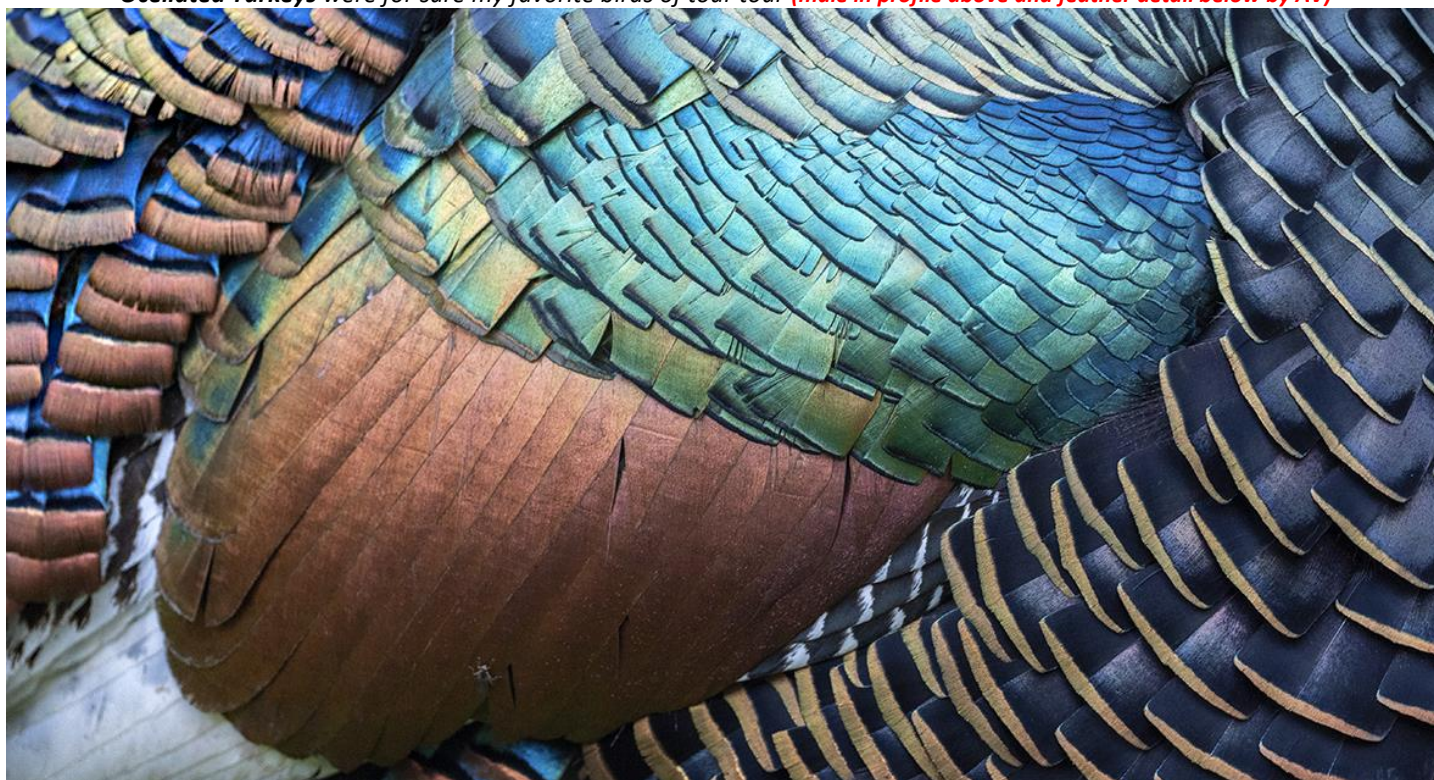
A young and an adult Yucatan Jays (above by participant Seth Barr)

Rio Bravo Conservation Area: La Milpa Lodge and Research Station: the final leg of the tour took us to the very pristine tropical rainforest that surrounds La Milpa Lodge. This area has basically the same species and habitats that you could find at the more famous Chan Chich Lodge but in a less remote location and in more modest but perfectly comfortable accommodation.

The areas surrounding the lodge provide a large open grassland area which is perfect for finding one of the most sought-after species of Central America, the gorgeous **Ocellated Turkey**. A male and a variable number of females (we saw two regularly) roamed around this open habitat foraging, preening, grooming, and even displaying when the male tried to show off in front of the females. They walked along the paths that lead to the cabins and just outside the restaurant area typically early and late in the day; one can get quite close to them. During the heat of mid-day, they tend to hide inside the forest.



Ocellated Turkeys were for sure my favorite birds of tour tour (male in profile above and feather detail below by AV)



We spent, at various different times, a cumulative couple of hours just enjoying and photographing these beauties. One time we found the usual three turkeys walking along the main road, and after spending half an hour with them, we were ready to move on in search of other birds that were calling all around us, but the turkeys just kept on foraging next to us for other fifteen minutes or so (check out a video I made of this funny moment here:

https://www.instagram.com/reel/C5UtdskA3EQ/?utm_source=ig_web_button_share_sheet&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==). It was a memorable moment for sure.



Black-throated Shrike-Tanager was probably the best species visiting the pond near dusk (photo by AV)

Of course there are tons of other birds that, while eclipsed by the presence of that iridescent “modern dinosaur”, kept us busy in the pristine forest of this site. In the open grounds of the lodge, for instance, we got 5 species of hummingbirds visiting the feeders (none new to us however), plus **Olive-backed** and **Yellow-throated Euphonias**, **Red-legged** and **Green Honeycreepers**, and **Black-cowled Orioles** visiting the oranges at the feeders.

In the same open grounds, there is a small pond with fresh water which is visited by many bird species at the end of the day looking for water. We spent both late afternoons enjoying this spectacle of pre-bedtime water-drinking, and photographed birds like **Red-capped Manakin**, **Great Curassow**, **Rufous-tailed Jacamar**, **Purple-**

crowned Fairy, Black-throated Shrike-Tanager, Ochre-bellied Flycatcher, Gray-headed Dove, and various North American migrants like Louisiana Waterthrush, Kentucky and Hooded Warblers, Solitary Sandpiper, and Green Heron.



The pond is arguably the best spot to photograph Red-capped Manakin (photo by AV)

Apart from the “easier” photography and birding around the lodge grounds, we also birded quite comprehensively the trails and forested roads of the reserve. This type of birding is more challenging and the photography much more opportunistic. Happily, we had a great time and the rewards were many. As highlights we found species like **Black-faced Grosbeak**, **Stub-tailed Spadebill**, **Tody Motmot**, **Northern Schiffornis**, **Gartered Trogon**, **Brown-hooded Parrot**, **Dot-winged Antwren**, **Yucatan Flycatcher**, **Plain Xenops**, **Scaled, Short-billed** and **Red-billed Pigeons**, **White-whiskered Puffbird**, **Black-striped** and **Northern Barred Woodcreepers**, a cooperative **Barred Forest-Falcon**, the highly desired **Tropical Royal Flycatcher**, and a very impressive and hard-working **Pale-billed Woodpecker** that gave us a show (check out the video here: <https://fb.watch/rDHOu6TxJJ/>). Finally, it is worth a special mention two Yucatan endemics, **Gray-throated Chat** and **Rose-throated Tanager**, which we specifically targeted in a distinct microhabitat that is dotted within the rainforest: a weird semi-deciduous shorter, almost stunted, forest. We got good views of them but they were a little challenging for photos.

See in the next couple pages some of the photos we got along the trails.



The tiny and shy **Stub-tailed Spadebill** (*photo by AV*) is common but hard to get good views of from the edge of the forest



*This is a species I really wanted to get a good photo of, **Black-faced Grosbeak** (photo by AV)*



*In all my years birding the neo-tropics I have never seen a displaying royal flycatcher and this **Tropical Royal Flycatcher** (photo by AV) was not the exception, sadly.*



*On our first afternoon in La Milpa, we saw this **Tody Motmot** (photo by AV).*

Furthermore, I need to mention that we got a couple of nocturnal birds during our time in La Milpa, first a **Northern Potoo** on a day roost thanks our local guide who had it staked out, and second, a responsive **Mottled Owl** that came into playback during a short after dinner outing.

After 7 nice birding days, we headed back to Belize City for a very tasty farewell dinner in our comfortable and posh hotel. We did our final daily checklist summary and shared our favorite moments and birds.

Please see the final bird list of the tour on the next pages.

FINAL LIST:

A total of **289** species of **BIRDS** were recorded on this tour. Out of this total, **267** were SEEN by at least one participant, **16** were Heard Only (**H**) and **6** species were seen only by the Tour Leader (**L**). In terms of **MAMMALS**, we only recorded **5** species which is expectable in this kind of tours.

	TINAMIFORMES: Tinamidae	
1	H Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>
2	H Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>
3	H Slaty-breasted Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus boucardi</i>
4	H Thicket Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus cinnamomeus</i>
	ANSERIFORMES: Anatidae	
5	Black-bellied Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>
6	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>
7	Blue-winged Teal	<i>Spatula discors</i>
8	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>
9	Lesser Scaup	<i>Aythya affinis</i>
	GALLIFORMES: Cracidae	
10	Plain Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis vetula</i>
11	Great Curassow	<i>Crax rubra</i>
	GALLIFORMES: Phasianidae	
12	Ocellated Turkey	<i>Meleagris ocellata</i>
	PODICIPEDIFORMES: Podicipedidae	
13	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
	COLUMBIFORMES: Columbidae	
14	Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>
15	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>
16	Scaled Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas speciosa</i>
17	White-crowned Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas leucocephala</i>
18	Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i>
19	Short-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas nigrirostris</i>
20	Eurasian Collared-Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>
21	Common Ground Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>
22	Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>
23	Blue Ground Dove	<i>Claravis pretiosa</i>
24	H Ruddy Quail-Dove	<i>Geotrygon montana</i>
25	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>
26	Gray-headed Dove	<i>Leptotila plumbeiceps</i>
27	White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>
	CUCULIFORMES: Cuculidae	
28	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>
29	H Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>
30	H Pheasant Cuckoo	<i>Dromococcyx phasianellus</i>
31	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>
32	Mangrove Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus minor</i>

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Caprimulgidae

33	Lesser Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>
34	Common Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>
35	L Yucatan Poorwill	<i>Nyctiphrynus yucatanicus</i>

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Nyctibiidae

36	Northern Potoo	<i>Nyctibius jamaicensis</i>
----	----------------	------------------------------

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Apodidae

37	Chimney Swift	<i>Chaetura pelagica</i>
38	Vaux's Swift	<i>Chaetura vauxi</i>
39	Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	<i>Panyptila cayennensis</i>

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Trochilidae

40	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>
41	Long-billed Hermit	<i>Phaethornis longirostris</i>
42	L Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>
43	Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliothryx barroti</i>
44	Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>
45	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	<i>Archilochus colubris</i>
46	Canivet's Emerald	<i>Cynanthus canivetii</i>
47	Scaly-breasted Hummingbird	<i>Phaeochroa cuvierii</i>
48	Wedge-tailed Sabrewing	<i>Pampa curvipennis</i>
49	Violet Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus hemileucurus</i>
50	White-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorestes candida</i>
51	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>
52	Cinnamon Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia rutila</i>

GRUIFORMES: Rallidae

53	Clapper Rail	<i>Rallus crepitans</i>
54	H Ruddy Crake	<i>Laterallus ruber</i>
55	Russet-naped Wood-Rail	<i>Aramides albiventris</i>
56	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>
57	Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>

GRUIFORMES: Heliornithidae

58	Sungrebe	<i>Heliornis fulica</i>
----	----------	-------------------------

GRUIFORMES: Aramidae

59	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>
----	---------	------------------------

CHARADRIIFORMES: Recurvirostridae

60	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>
----	--------------------	-----------------------------

CHARADRIIFORMES: Charadriidae

61	Black-bellied Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>
62	Wilson's Plover	<i>Anarhynchus wilsonia</i>
63	Semipalmated Plover	<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>
64	Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>

CHARADRIIFORMES: Jacanidae

65	Northern Jacana	<i>Jacana spinosa</i>
----	-----------------	-----------------------

CHARADRIIFORMES: Scolopacidae

66	Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>
67	Pectoral Sandpiper	<i>Calidris melanotos</i>

68	Short-billed Dowitcher	<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>
69	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>
70	Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>
71	Willet	<i>Tringa semipalmata</i>
	CHARADRIIFORMES: Laridae	
72	Laughing Gull	<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>
73	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>
74	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>
75	Royal Tern	<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>
	CICONIIFORMES: Ciconiidae	
76	Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>
	SULIFORMES: Fregatidae	
77	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>
	SULIFORMES: Anhingidae	
78	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
	SULIFORMES: Phalacrocoracidae	
79	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Nannopterum brasilianum</i>
	PELECANIFORMES: Pelecanidae	
80	Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>
	PELECANIFORMES: Ardeidae	
81	Pinnated Bittern	<i>Botaurus pinnatus</i>
82	Bare-throated Tiger-Heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>
83	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>
84	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
85	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>
86	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>
87	Tricolored Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>
88	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
89	Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>
90	Agami Heron	<i>Agamia agami</i>
91	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
92	Yellow-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>
93	Boat-billed Heron	<i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i>
	PELECANIFORMES: Threskiornithidae	
94	White Ibis	<i>Eudocimus albus</i>
95	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
96	Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>
	CATHARTIFORMES: Cathartidae	
97	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
98	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
99	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
	ACCIPITRIFORMES: Pandionidae	
100	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
	ACCIPITRIFORMES: Accipitridae	
101	Hook-billed Kite	<i>Chondrohierax uncinatus</i>
102	Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>

103	H	Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>
104		Black-collared Hawk	<i>Busarellus nigricollis</i>
105		Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
106		Double-toothed Kite	<i>Harpagus bidentatus</i>
107		Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
108		Crane Hawk	<i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i>
109		Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>
110		Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>
111		Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>
112		White Hawk	<i>Pseudastur albicollis</i>
113		Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>
114		Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>
		STRIGIFORMES: Strigidae	
115		Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>
116		Mottled Owl	<i>Strix virgata</i>
		TROGONIFORMES: Trogonidae	
117		Slaty-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon massena</i>
118		Black-headed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanocephalus</i>
119		Gartered Trogon	<i>Trogon caligatus</i>
120	H	Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>
		CORACIIFORMES: Momotidae	
121		Tody Motmot	<i>Hylomanes momotula</i>
122		Lesson's Motmot	<i>Momotus lessonii</i>
		CORACIIFORMES: Alcedinidae	
123		Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>
124		Belted Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>
125		Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>
126		Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
127		American Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle aenea</i>
		GALBULIFORMES: Bucconidae	
128		White-whiskered Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila panamensis</i>
		GALBULIFORMES: Galbulidae	
129		Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>
		PICIFORMES: Ramphastidae	
130		Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>
131		Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>
		PICIFORMES: Picidae	
132		Acorn Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>
133		Yucatan Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes pygmaeus</i>
134		Golden-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i>
135		Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates fumigatus</i>
136		Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>
137		Chestnut-colored Woodpecker	<i>Celeus castaneus</i>
138		Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>
139		Pale-billed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i>

	FALCONIFORMES: Falconidae	
140	Barred Forest-Falcon	<i>Micrastur ruficollis</i>
141	Collared Forest-Falcon	<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>
142	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>
143	Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>
144	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
145	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>
	PSITTACIFORMES: Psittacidae	
146	Brown-hooded Parrot	<i>Pyrilia haematotis</i>
147	White-crowned Parrot	<i>Pionus senilis</i>
148	Red-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>
149	White-fronted Parrot	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>
150	Yellow-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona xantholora</i>
151	Mealy Parrot	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>
152	Olive-throated Parakeet	<i>Eupsittula nana</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Thamnophilidae	
153	Dot-winged Antwren	<i>Microrhopias quixensis</i>
154	H Dusky Antbird	<i>Cercomacroides tyrannina</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Formicariidae	
155	Mayan Antthrush	<i>Formicarius moniliger</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Furnariidae	
156	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
157	Northern Barred-Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae</i>
158	Ivory-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i>
159	Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>
160	Rufous-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis erythrothorax</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Pipridae	
161	Red-capped Manakin	<i>Ceratopipra mentalis</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Tityridae	
162	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>
163	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>
164	Northern Schiffornis	<i>Schiffornis veraepacis</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Oxyruncidae	
165	Tropical Royal Flycatcher	<i>Onychorhynchus coronatus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Tyrannidae	
166	Yellow-bellied Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion semiflavum</i>
167	Greenish Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis viridicata</i>
168	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>
169	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>
170	H Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>
171	Northern Bentbill	<i>Oncostoma cinereigulare</i>
172	L Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus sylvia</i>
173	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
174	Eye-ringed Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus brevirostris</i>
175	Yellow-olive Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>
176	Stub-tailed Spadebill	<i>Platyrinchus cancrominus</i>

177		Northern Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus bogotensis</i>
178	L	Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flaviventris</i>
179		Least Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax minimus</i>
180		Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
181		Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>
182		Rufous Mourner	<i>Rhytipterna holerythra</i>
183		Yucatan Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus yucatanensis</i>
184		Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
185		Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>
186		Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
187		Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
188		Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>
189		Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes luteiventris</i>
190		Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
191		Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
192		Couch's Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus couchii</i>
193		Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
		PASSERIFORMES: Vireonidae	
194		Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
195	H	Green Shrike-Vireo	<i>Vireolanius pulchellus</i>
196		Lesser Greenlet	<i>Pachysylvia decurtata</i>
197		White-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo griseus</i>
198		Mangrove Vireo	<i>Vireo pallens</i>
199		Yellow-throated Vireo	<i>Vireo flavifrons</i>
200		Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>
201		Yellow-green Vireo	<i>Vireo flavoviridis</i>
202		Yucatan Vireo	<i>Vireo magister</i>
		PASSERIFORMES: Corvidae	
203		Brown Jay	<i>Psilorhinus morio</i>
204	H	Green Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yncas</i>
205		Yucatan Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yucatanicus</i>
		PASSERIFORMES: Hirundinidae	
206		Purple Martin	<i>Progne subis</i>
207		Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>
208		Mangrove Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albilinea</i>
209		Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
210		Cliff Swallow	<i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i>
		PASSERIFORMES: Polioptilidae	
211		Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>
212		Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila caerulea</i>
213		White-browed Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila bilineata</i>
		PASSERIFORMES: Troglodytidae	
214		House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
215		Spot-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius maculipectus</i>
216		White-bellied Wren	<i>Uropsila leucogastra</i>
217		White-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>

	PASSERIFORMES: Mimidae	
218	Black Catbird	<i>Melanoptila glabrirostris</i>
219	Gray Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>
220	Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Turdidae	
221	Wood Thrush	<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>
222	Clay-colored Thrush	<i>Turdus grayi</i>
223	H White-throated Thrush	<i>Turdus assimilis</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Fringillidae	
224	Yellow-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia hirundinacea</i>
225	Olive-backed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia gouldi</i>
226	Black-headed Siskin	<i>Spinus notatus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Passerellidae	
227	Green-backed Sparrow	<i>Arremonops chloronotus</i>
228	Chipping Sparrow	<i>Spizella passerina</i>
229	Rusty Sparrow	<i>Aimophila rufescens</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Icteriidae	
230	Yellow-breasted Chat	<i>Icteria virens</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Icteridae	
231	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>
232	Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>
233	Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius montezuma</i>
234	Black-cowled Oriole	<i>Icterus prosthemelas</i>
235	L Hooded Oriole	<i>Icterus cucullatus</i>
236	Altamira Oriole	<i>Icterus gularis</i>
237	Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>
238	Red-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>
239	Bronzed Cowbird	<i>Molothrus aeneus</i>
240	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>
241	Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>
242	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Parulidae	
243	Ovenbird	<i>Seiurus aurocapilla</i>
244	Louisiana Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia motacilla</i>
245	Northern Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i>
246	Blue-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora cyanoptera</i>
247	Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>
248	Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>
249	Swainson's Warbler	<i>Limnithlypis swainsonii</i>
250	Tennessee Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i>
251	H Gray-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i>
252	Kentucky Warbler	<i>Geothlypis formosa</i>
253	Common Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>
254	Hooded Warbler	<i>Setophaga citrina</i>
255	American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>
256	Northern Parula	<i>Setophaga americana</i>

257	Magnolia Warbler	<i>Setophaga magnolia</i>
258	Yellow Warbler	<i>Setophaga petechia</i>
259	L Chestnut-sided Warbler	<i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i>
260	Yellow-rumped Warbler	<i>Setophaga coronata</i>
261	Yellow-throated Warbler	<i>Setophaga dominica</i>
262	Grace's Warbler	<i>Setophaga graciae</i>
263	Black-throated Green Warbler	<i>Setophaga virens</i>
264	Rufous-capped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i>
265	Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Cardinalidae	
266	Rose-throated Tanager	<i>Piranga roseogularis</i>
267	Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga flava</i>
268	Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>
269	Red-crowned Ant-Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>
270	Red-throated Ant-Tanager	<i>Habia fuscicauda</i>
271	Black-faced Grosbeak	<i>Caryothraustes poliogaster</i>
272	Northern Cardinal	<i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i>
273	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>
274	Gray-throated Chat	<i>Granatellus sallaei</i>
275	Blue-black Grosbeak	<i>Cyanoloxia cyanooides</i>
276	Blue Bunting	<i>Cyanocompsa parellina</i>
277	Blue Grosbeak	<i>Passerina caerulea</i>
278	Indigo Bunting	<i>Passerina cyanea</i>
	PASSERIFORMES: Thraupidae	
279	Black-throated Shrike-Tanager	<i>Lanio aurantius</i>
280	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
281	Yellow-winged Tanager	<i>Thraupis abbas</i>
282	Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>
283	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
284	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
285	Thick-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila funerea</i>
286	Morelet's Seedeater	<i>Sporophila moreletti</i>
287	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>
288	Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>
289	Cinnamon-bellied Saltator	<i>Saltator grandis</i>