# Madagascar: Birding the Eighth Continent

October 22 - November 15 2023 Northeastern Extension: Oct 22-25 Helmet Vanga Extension: Nov 12-15 Tour Leader: Zac Babbit

Photos and Trip Report by Zac Babbit. All photos taken on this tour.



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As the fourth largest island on the planet, Madagascar is host to some of the most unique and thought provoking efforts evolution has to offer. With six completely endemic bird families to this island, Madagascar is a "must see " destination for bird enthusiasts of all levels. However, what is equally astonishing is the sheer diversity represented by species abroad from the taxonomic tree of life. Along with birds, the island is home to more than half of the world's chameleon species, over 250 species of endemic frogs, and several unique groups of mammals like tenrecs and euplerids. Lastly, the most famous group of endemic animals is the lemurs, which includes 107 different species.



A Common Jery perches beautifully on a bare branch

While this cast of incredible and strange animals is enough to draw any naturalist to Madagascar, the floral diversity and breathtaking landscapes are equal in marvel. With the help of our incredible local guides, this trip presented everything we could have hoped for. We witnessed over 160 species of birds, 125 of which were either endemic or endemic breeders to the island. Along with the birds we also managed to see 32 different lemur species, including some tougher

species like the **Milne-Edwards Sifaka**, **Crowned Sifaka** and **Mosala Wooly Lemur.** However the most memorable mammal encounters were the mythical **Fanaloka** and **Fosa**, two of the ten rarely seen Malagasy carnivores. Overall, it was an incredibly productive and memorable trip this year, with the group getting almost every target it tried for as well as many unexpected suprises.



#### **Northwestern Extension**

#### **22 October- Antananarivo to Ankarafantsika**

For the first day of the trip we had to spend the majority of our time in vehicles, this is because the drive from Tana to Ankarafantsika can take up to 10 hours. However, due to the unpredictability of Air Madagascar and the possibility of seeing birds along the way we opted to drive. The drive was a fantastic opener to the tour and set the tone for what life is like in Madagascar, for both local residents and the wildlife. The forest fragmentation that threatens the

biota of Madagascar was apparent as we drove past small villages and agricultural fields. Despite the degradation of habitat, this drive presented our only viewing opportunities of both **Malagasy Harrier** and **Madagascar Pratincole** on the main tour. After getting these exciting lifers along the road we spent the last few moments of sunlight bird watching at a small pond along the lake. Here we had several species of egrets and herons; including our only views of **Humblot's Heron**, a beautiful and large endemic heron. Another exciting find at this wetland as an adult **Madagascar Jacana**. After getting great views of all these birds we arrived after dark to our accommodation, **Tia Asity**.

#### 23 October- Ankarafantsika

The group gathered early for a simple but wonderful breakfast of coffee, eggs and fruit. Today was our first full day of birding and the energy amongst the group was electric.



The female Van Dam's Vanga finally gave us good looks after a little hard work

It was clear we were all eager to see what this part of the world had to offer us. After speaking with the local guides we determined the best way to start our day was to immediately head over to a **Schlegel's Asity** nest. This small passerine is a member of one of the six endemic Malagasy bird families, Philepittidae (Asities and sunbird-asities). Upon arriving at the nest we were greeted by another group of birders, which we shared our viewing opportunities with. Viewing opportunities were tough but everyone managed a good look at both the male and female asities. While many of us could have sat at the nest all day there were more targets that needed immediate attention. We switched gears and



A Madagascar Fish-Eagle was one of the first birds we saw on the boat!

began hiking further into the dry forests of Ankarafantiska. The deceptively dense understory of this dry forest holds one of the northwest's best kept secrets, the **White-breasted Mesite**. Another representative of an endemic bird family, the mesites are a strange ground-dwelling group of birds. After locating a singing pair we stood patiently along the trail. Then suddenly there they were, two White-breasted Mesites standing right in the open.

After the incredible views we headed to the drier sections of the park where our last morning target could be found, **Van Dam's Vanga**. As we hiked the dry plateau we saw our first lemurs of the trip, **Common Brown Lemur**, **Coquerel's Sifak**a and **Milne-Edwards Sportive Lemur**. As we continued our vanga search we got great looks at many other species like **Long-billed Bernieria**, **Red-capped Coua**, **Crested Coua**, **Rufous Vanga** and the elegant **Madagascar Paradise Flycatcher**. Finally, we were rewarded with an epic encounter with a female **Van Dam's Vanga**! After seeing all our targets we were happy to cool off back at the hotel and enjoy our lunch.

After a wonderful lunch and break, we headed out to Lac Ravelobe. Here we enjoyed a wonderful boat ride on the lake as we looked for lifers. The boat ride was off to a good start when we immediately got close looks at a perched **Madagascar Fish-Eagle**. As the boat ride continued we got looks at **African Openbill**, **Malagasy Pond-Heron**, **Little Bittern** and the **Madagascar Grebe**. To finish off the day we had our first night walk of the trip, which gave us lifers like the **Mongoose Lemur**, **Gray Mouse Lemur**, **Rhinoceros Chameleon**, and **Günther's Flat-tailed Gecko**.



Ankarafantsika is the most reliable place to see Coquerel's Sifaka

#### 24 October- Ankarafantsika to Majunga

After having gotten most of our targets the previous day, we decided to revisit the **Schlegel's Asity** nest. This iconic bird would not be possible again on the tour, and some people had not gotten good looks at the male. We left even earlier this day and were the first at the nest. The silence of waiting was broken when the female **Schlegel's Asity** landed on an open perch. A beautiful bird, but only an echo of the beauty beheld by the male of this species. The excitement of seeing the female was only further ignited when suddenly, in all his evolutionary marvel, the male asity arrived. Cameras fired and binoculars went up, as one of the world's most beautiful birds sat 10 meters away. After a much more satisfying encounter we headed out to search for Coquerel's Coua. As we walked we saw **Frances's Sparrowhawk**, **Common Newtonia**, **Cuckoo-Roller**, and **Malagasy Turtle-Dove**. At last the **Coquerel's Coua** revealed itself and rewarded us with incredible looks as it came within 3 meters of us. After a successful morning we had lunch, packed up, and left for our hotel in Majunga. After a three hour drive we spent the rest of the afternoon relaxing at our accommodation, **Karibu Lodge**.

The Bernier's Teal does most of its foraging of mud flats rather than in the water!



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#### 25 October- Betsiboka

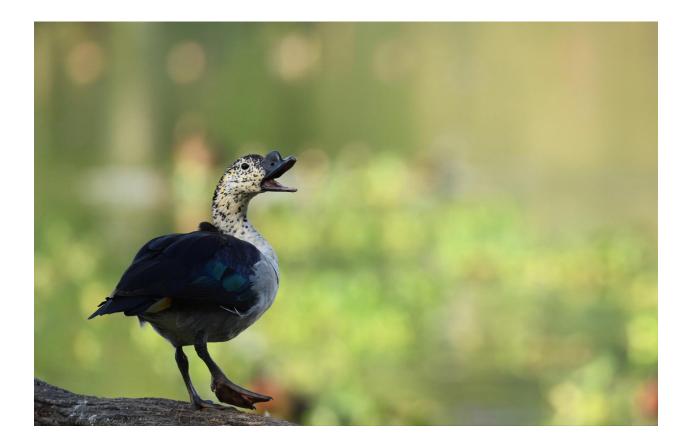
This morning we woke up early and got on our small private boat to search for the **Madagascar Sacred Ibis** and **Bernier's Teal**. After a two hour boat ride to the Betsiboka Delta we immediately saw several **Madagascar Sacred Ibis**. This exciting find was accompanied by **Terek Sandpipers**, **Common Greenshanks**, **"Dimorphic" Little Egrets**, and a few hundred **Curlew Sandpipers**. Then we spotted the distant silhouette of ducks far away on a distant shore. We dashed over on the boat and were delighted to see the endangered **Bernier's Teal**. Having gotten our major targets so quickly we changed directions and headed towards the Ketspy Lighthouse for one of the most beautiful lemurs in Madagascar. On our way to the lighthouse we stopped to see both the **Greater and Lesser Flamingos** side by side, as well as **Lesser Crested and Whiskered Terns**! Once we arrived at the lighthouse it only took us five minutes to find the stunning **Crowned Sifaka**! These lemurs were quite comfortable around people, which allowed for fantastic viewing and photography opportunities!



The Crowned Sifaka was once a widespread lemur, but sadly is now restricted to only a few fragments areas.

#### 26 October- Majanga to Tana (Start of the Main Tour)

Today was mostly a day of travel. We took an early afternoon flight from Majanga to Antananarivo. Upon arrival in Tana we met with the last member of the tour and had lunch. To start off the tour in an easy yet exciting manner we headed over to Parc Tsarasaotra. A small birding paradise secretly hidden within the busy city. As the gates opened to the park we were greeted with a truly epic view of hundreds of waterfowl and wading birds. The binoculars stayed up as we saw **Red-billed and Knob-billed Duck**, **Black and Squacco Heron**, **White-faced Whistling Duck**, **Blue-billed Teal**, **Madagascar Hoopoe**, and **Striated Heron**. A few people even managed a quick glance at the shy **White-throated Rail**. However, the two main goals were the **Malagasy Pond-Heron** and the **Meller's Duck**. After a little searching we saw two Malagasy Pond-Herons perched, a much better look then our quick encounter a few days earlier. Unfortunately despite our efforts the **Meller's Duck** was never found. We returned back to **Au Bois Vert**, our hotel, for a delicious meal.



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#### **27 October- Tana to Ifaty**

Before our early departure for Tulear we managed to have a great breakfast and walk around the hotel grounds for some quick birding. Some of our highlights included a **Madagascar Brush-Warbler, Red Fody, Madagascar Magpie-Robin, Malagasy Green** and **Souimanga Sunbirds**, and even a roosting pair of **Madagascar Nightjars**.

We then drove to the airport for a smooth flight to Tulear. Upon arriving at Tulear we headed to the hotel and checked in to avoid the intense heat of the Spiny Forest.



The Subdesert Mesite is one of the strangest birds on the island, the only place to see this bird is in Ifaty. As the afternoon cooled off we managed to get in a few hours of birding in the iconic Spiny Forest Reserve. We were thrilled to get fantastic looks at the **Subdesert Mesite**, **"Green-capped" Coua, Greater Vasa Parrot, Sickle-billed Vanga**, and **Running Coua**. As the sun set, we spent a few hours to see what animals the night brought with it. The highlights included the Torotorola Scops-Owl, Petter's Sportive Lemur, Common Madagascar Cat-eyed Snake, Madagascar Ground Gecko and the incredible Lesser Hedgehog Tenrec. 28 October- Spiny Forest Reserve

We started with an early start in the Spiny Forest Reserve today, which had many incredible animals in store for us. The walk began with distant views of the **Thamnornis**, an endemic member of the malagasy warbler family, Bernieridae. Shortly after we were honored to see the only wild tortoise of the trip, the critically endangered **Spider Tortoise**! The morning only got better as we saw **Archbold's Newtonia**, **Hook-billed Vanga**, a group of **Sakalava Weavers**, **Gray-headed Lovebird**, **Madagascar Cuckooshrike**, **Malagasy Swift** and **Stripe-throated Jery**. The highlight of the morning was the **Long-tailed Groundroller**, which was seen perched high and singing! A rare view of this gorgeous and endemic ground dweller. This incredible morning ended with great views of the **Subdesert Brush-Warbler**.



Archbold's Newtonia gave us surprisingly great looks when this individual landed right next to us!

We took a nice break in the middle of the day to avoid the heat, but headed back out in the later afternoon. This afternoon we got **Madagascar Spinetail**, **Madagascar Buttonquail**, **White-headed Vanga** and **Chabert Vanga**. However, the best find this afternoon was the range restricted Lafresnaye's Vanga! An additional nighwalk was made available for those interested this evening. While there were no birds on this night hike we did see fantastic animals like the Grandidier's Ground Gecko, Toliara Smooth Snake, and the Ornamental Wandering Spider.



The Ornamental Wandering Spider is the only member of an endemic genus!

#### **29 October- Ifaty to Tulear**

Before leaving Ifaty for Tulear we had an early start at the Salt Pans near the hotel. As we searched for the Madagascar Plover we saw wonderful birds like the Common Ringed, Kittlitz's and White-fronted Plovers, Madagascar Lark, Madagascar Munia, and Madagascar Cisticola. We also finally got great looks at the White-throated Rail, which the whole group got to enjoy for several minutes! After a few hours of effort we heard the calls of our local guide, they had found a single Madagascar Plover! The encounter was worth the effort

since we had great views of the plover out in the open! We then drove back to Tulear and settled in our hotel. Later that afternoon we loaded up in our bus and drove to La Table. Another patch of spiny forest that was home to two major targets, the **Red-shouldered Vanga** and **Verreaux's Coua**. After a few hours of walking we managed to get great views of both species!



Verreaux's Coua rarely perches in the open! Seeing this individual was a wonderful surprise.

#### 30 October- Nosy Ve

Nosy Ve is a beautiful island located 3km off the coast of Anakao. This paradise is surrounded by coral reefs, making the snorkeling just as exciting as the birding! The **Red-tailed Tropicbird** breeds and nests on this island. As we walked the beaches of the island we saw several shorebirds, like **Greater Sand-Plover** and **Whimbrels**. Unfortunately there were no **Crab-Plovers** around to see, but it was an absolute thrill to see several **Red-tailed Tropicbirds** 

sitting on nests! After observing these gorgeous seabirds we walked back to the boat to get our snorkel gear. Once the snorkeling was done we got on the boat and headed to Anakao for lunch. After eating we ventured to the property in the back and found another endemic, the **Littoral Rock-Thrush**.



The lighting was harsh but everyone got great looks at the Littoral Rock Thrush.

#### **<u>31 October- Tulear to Isalo</u>**

Today began with an early start in order to be on time for our only chance at the **Madagascar Sandgrouse** and to get to Zombitse National Park. We drove through the dark of the morning and reached a seemingly random location on our way to Zombitse. We followed several local guides off the side of the road in search of a sandgrouse they had seen several moments earlier. Suddenly several **Madagascar Sandgrouse** flushed and disappeared over a ridge. As we were still standing there a large group of ten sandgrouse swung back around and

gave us much better looks! Overjoyed to have had a better fly over, we got back in the vehicle to stay on schedule.

Upon arriving at Zombitse we met with our local guide and hiked into the dry forest to try for several birds. Things were slow at first but the morale of the group picked up once we saw a roosting **White-browed Owl** and **Madagascar Cuckoo-Hawk** in her nest! After the raptors our luck turned around, with great looks of **Appert's Tetraka**, a subtle but beautiful bird whose range is mostly restricted to Zombitse! The couas didn't disappoint either! We got great looks at **Coquerel's Coua**, and two **Giant Coua** showcased their stunning pink facial skin. After failing to find **Verreaux's Sifaka** we returned to the parking area for a picnic lunch. While we were eating our local guide came running back with a lot of excitement, she had found **Verreaux's Sifaka!** We quickly cleaned up our lunches and headed back to the forest where we were met with several sifaka including one adorable baby. These lemurs were quite the marvel to watch as they effortlessly leaped



Appert's Tetraka was tough to find, but well worth the effort! This bird is only seen in Zombitse.

from tree to tree, a behavior the baby adorably mimicked at his/her best ability. A success indeed! After a memorable encounter with the sifakas we left for our hotel near Isalo National Park.

To say the scenery around our hotel, Relias de la Reine, is beautiful would be a tragic understatement. After checking in we walked the surrounding areas for **Benson's Rock Thrush**, but unfortunately had no luck. For many of us the sharp and dramatic rock formations that decorated the land were a mesmerizing delight that helped alleviate the miss.

#### **1 November- Isalo to Ranomafana**

This morning we tried a very tricky bird, the **Madagascar Partridge**. This bird is stunning when seen well, but spends most of its time well concealed within tall grasses. Luckily we did get a look at this bird, but unfortunately it was brief as it flushed and disappeared never to be seen again. After breakfast we headed off to see one of the most memorable reserves in the country, the Anja Community Reserve, for **Ring-tailed Lemurs**.



This mother Ring-tailed Lemur had twins, an unusual occurrence since most have a single baby.

This reserve should hold as a shining example of what happens when a community comes together to preserve some natural habitat. This reserve remains the best place to see the **Ring-tailed Lemur**, which is undoubtedly the most famous animal of Madagascar. There was no trouble in finding these charismatic animals as we watched over twenty individuals drink water, care for young, rest and play. The reserve was also great for reptile and amphibian enthusiasts! In our short time at Anja we managed to see the endemic **Bruno's Leaf Chameleon** (*Brookesia brunoi*), **Striped Madagascar Garter Snake**, and **Mascarene Ridged Frog**. After an incredible experience we reboarded the bus and arrived in Ranomafana after dark.

#### **<u>2 November- Ranomafana</u>**

For our first full day in Ranomafana we immediately headed into Varibolo, the lower elevation forests, where we were hoping to see several high priority targets. Right in the parking lot we were treated with our first **Madagascar Starling** and **Ward's Flycatcher**, really a poorly named vanga, of the trip. Birding in the rainforest can be a challenge at times, with limited windows through the thick tangles that often conceal the most enigmatic of birds.



Madagascar Munia perched in the flowers, a subtle yet beautiful endemic.

The next bird of the morning was no exception, as a **Gray-crowned Tetraka** effortlessly moved through the vines. While no one managed an exceptional look of this bird, we moved on after everyone was satisfied. The next bird, a small group of **Red-tailed Vanga**, rewarded our previous frustrations with wonderful open perch views. Undoubtedly one of the most exciting moments of the day was seeing the final mesite in Madagascar, the **Brown Mesite**. As we continued our journey for elusive birds we were given our first looks at the critically endangered **Golden Bamboo Lemur**. After putting so much effort into seeing shy understory birds it was a wonderful change to see this beautiful lemur sit in the open as he/she ate.

While we continued to struggle for good prolonged views, the **Scaly Ground Roller** and **Pita-like Ground Roller** were still exceptional in every way. The highlight of the day was when a **Madagascar Pygmy Kingfisher**, unlike the other birds of the morning, sat on an open perch for several minutes for great looks and photos. After a quick break we went back out for a night walk. Right before the sun completely set we managed to find the **Forest Rock-Thrush**, which was peacefully singing in the canopy and allowed



This Madagascar Pygmy Kingfisher sat in the open for several minutes.

for wonderful views. After this fantastic encounter we continued down the road to find chameleons. We got started with great looks at the **Rufous Mouse Lemur** and were then met with a wonderful array of chameleon diversity, including **Ranomafana Nosed Chameleon**, **Cryptic Chameleon** and the **O'Shaughnessy's Chameleon**.

#### <u>3 November- Ranomafana</u>

After a successful first day in the lower elevation forests we shifted gears and went up into the higher elevation forests of Ranomafana. The morning began with a fantastic start, when we saw a **Rand's Warbler** singing near the parking lot. As we entered the forest we saw a **Wedge-tailed Tetraka** and **Spectacled Tetraka**. Shortly after seeing the tetrakas we found ourselves in an open area where we got better looks at **Rand's Warbler**, as well as our first looks at **Blue Coua**, **Pollen's Vanga**, and the **Eastern Woolly Lemur**. We continued further into the forest and higher up in elevation, where suddenly a troop of



A Blue Coua perches for a moment after causing a ruckus in the canopy.

**Milne-Edwards' Sifakas** came passing through. As we walked we saw the strange **Velvet Asity**, stunning **Madagascar Blue Vanga**, and sporadic **Dark Newtonia**. While we never managed to get a look at the **Brown Emutail**, we could hear it singing less than a meter from us in the thick brush. Suddenly the forest changed around us and we were surrounded by mossy vines and an open understory. Despite the more accommodating understory, the **Yellow-browed Oxylabes** still proved to be a challenge to clearly see. However after a few minutes of effort everyone was satisfied with the views they had managed of this skulking mouse-like bird.

We stopped to eat our picnic and were then informed by our local guide that a "**Rufous-headed Ground Roller** is waiting for us." We packed up the food and were shocked to see the **Rufous-headed Ground Roller** emerge from the vines almost immediately. Certainly one of the most memorable encounters of the trip, as this bird



A Madagascar Magpie-Robin perches amongst the flowers.

proceeded to perch for photos and views. Believing the day could not get any better, we were gladly proven wrong when a **Red-fronted Coua** popped out with a chameleon in his/her mouth! With the birding for the day done we returned to the hotel for a quick break, and then returned to the lowland forest to try for one of the island's most elusive mammals.

We hiked in during sunset, and on our local guide's advice, sat in a small clearing in the dark for an hour. Then, almost like magic, the light was turned on to reveal a young **Fanaloka**. The **Fanaloka** is a small malagasy carnivore that resembles a civet, due to its nocturnal behavior and shy nature it is usually a challenge to see this animal. The encounter was brief but everyone got a good look! The night ended on another high note when we found the incredible **Satanic leaf-tailed Gecko** on the walk out.

#### **<u>4 November- Ranomafana</u>**

Today was all about finding the last few targets we had. Unfortunately we missed both Henst's Goshawk and Crossley's Vanga, but we would have another chance in Andasibe for both. The only target we managed to get this morning was the Madagascar Blue Pigeon. After a slow morning in the forest we left to bird in some wetlands owned by



Satanic Leaf-tailed Geckos are one of the most iconic reptiles in Madagascar, sadly they are threatened by the pet trade

local farmers. The wetland was being used to plant and grow rice, but despite the loss of native plants it was still quite popular amongst the local birds. Shortly after arriving we saw Malagasy Kingfisher, Madagascar Martin, Madagascar Swamp Warbler and Madagascar Three-banded Plover! We decided to enlist the help of the local kids who helped flush the Madagascar Snipe, which certainly made the "snipe hunt" much more entertaining!

On our way out we heard the unmistakable calls of a **Madagascar Flufftail.** Despite failing several times before, this flufftail was very responsive and walked right into the open! A rare treat when dealing with flufftails. We then returned back to our hotel for our final dinner and night at the Hotel Thermal.

#### 5 November- Ranomafana to Antsirabe

Today was a travel day, which started with an early departure from Ranomafana and a late afternoon arrival at Antsirabe. The hotel was comfortable and provided delicious meals.



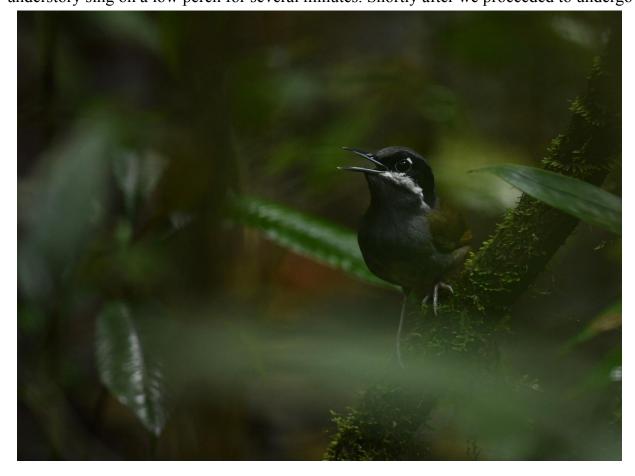
A Red-fronted Coua perches momentarily and reveals the chameleon it had caught.

#### **<u>6 November- Antsirabe to Andasibe</u>**

Today was another travel day, which started with an early departure from Antsirabe and a late afternoon arrival at Andasibe. On our way to Andasibe we managed to spot the first **Hammerkop** of the trip in some agricultural fields. The Manatida Lodge was perhaps the most comfortable hotel and provided the best meals on the trip. We had an early night to rest up for a busy day.

#### 7 November- Andasibe-Mantadia National Park

We started the morning by going into Mantadia National Park. Today was the best example of quality over quantity for bird watching. We had a slow morning but managed to get fantastic looks of **White-headed Vanga** and **Crossley's Vanga**. After having missed **Crossley's Vanga** in Ranomafana, it was a relief to see this overlooked denizen of the understory sing on a low perch for several minutes. Shortly after we proceeded to undergo



The Crossley's Vanga can be very tough to see well, making this encounter especially memorable.

a bushwhack straight up a densely vegetated slope. While it was tough at first we were rewarded with incredible views of a perched **Short-legged Ground Roller**. Afterwards we went to a pond for a picnic lunch and birding, we saw both **Mascarene** and **Madagascar Martins**, African **Stonechat** and a **Madagascar Buzzard** as it was getting mobbed by

several vangas. The next target was the elusive **Madagascar Rail**, which moves like a shadow in the tall grasses of the marsh. After playing some tape we were ready to give up and try a new spot, when someone suddenly noticed faint movement. Slowly the unmistakable shape of the **Madagascar Rail** emerged from the protection of the marsh, allowing us to get great views and photos. An absolutely epic way to end a fantastic afternoon.

After our dinner, we headed back out for a night walk to search for herps and mammals. We saw **Goodman's Mouse Lemur**, an adorable little primate, and several tree frog species such as **Bott's Bright-eyed Frog** and **Red-spotted Bright-eyed Frog**. One of the most exciting finds

was actually a spider! The ogre-faced spider (*Asianopis* 

*madagascariensis*) has the unusual tactic of weaving its web around its own front limbs and then suspending itself upside down to wait for prey. Once prey passes, it drops down and casts its web around unsuspecting prey.



A Black-and-White Ruffed Lemur plays and forages in the canopy.

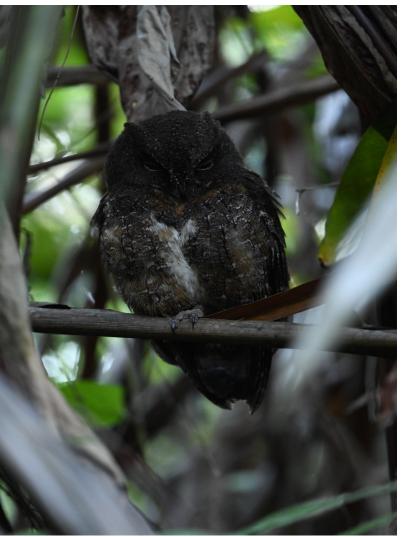
#### **8 November- Andasibe-Mantadia National Park**

We returned to the lowlands forests of Mantadia to try again for lemurs, **White-throated Oxylabes** and for better views of the **Scaly Ground Roller**. Unfortunately we missed out on both birds but got to see two **Red-bellied Lemur** parents with a young baby, two **Black-and-white Ruffed Lemurs** feeding and a troop of **Diademed Siaka** moving through the canopy. We left Mantadia and drove to Andasibe, where upon arrival we were told some very unexpected news!

A Fosa, the near mythical apex predator of Madagascar, had been resting in a tree right

across the road from the parking lot. We took out the scope but could only make out the fur from the tail. We waited and all got glances of the head and face, but decided it would be smarter to go try for some birds and then return. After an easy 30 minute walk we found a roosting **Collared Nightjar**, a cryptic bird that is so well camouflaged it could seem invisible to an untrained eye.

We then returned to the parking lot and to our joy the **Fosa** had moved into a much better place for viewing! Now everyone was capable of seeing him/her with ease. After this unexpected **Fosa** encounter we went to look for some roosting owls. We entered into



The Rainforest subspecies of the Madagascar Scops Owl

a tall pine grove, where near the canopy was an unobstructed and perched **Madagascar Owl**! After some photos and good looks we continued to a roost our local guide had found for the **Rainforest Scops Owl**. Just as expected, the **Rainforest Scops Owl** was perched right in the open! To end the day we went to a nearby fig that was fruiting, where we saw both **Madagascar Blue** and **Madagascar Green Pigeons**. On the night hike we saw **Mossy Leaf-tailed Geckos**, **Short-horned Chameleon**, and the **Weasel Sportive Lemur**.



It is incredibly rare to see Fosa, especially in the eastern rainforests of Madagascar. **9 November- Andasibe-Mantadia National Park** The mornings in Andasibe are truly magic. As the light started to brighten up the

understory, the harmonic yet chaotic calls of the Indri decorate the soundscape. As this natural soundtrack played in the background we started the morning off with a truly phenomenal find.

The rare and enigmatic **Madagascar Ibis** was foraging right in the parking lot! We then left for the trails and soon found ourselves bushwacking up the side of a steep incline. We took our time to ensure everyone was feeling comfortable and safe with the terrain. However, what was waiting at the top was one of the best finds of the entire tour, a perched and calling **Henst's Goshawk**. This endemic raptor rarely offers anything more than a quick look as it soars or the distant sound of its call. After getting some amazing looks and photos we returned to the main path and went on the search for the **Indri** that we could hear all morning.



The Henst's Goshawk rewarded us for our efforts with amazing views!

The **Indri**, one of the island's most iconic animals, are the largest lemurs alive today! Sadly, like most of the animals on Madagascar, the **Indri** are threatened by habitat destruction and poaching. After hiking around with our eyes peeled, we came across a father, a mother and baby **Indri** in the trees. These lemurs are capable of leaping up to 10 meters, which made for an impressive show as they jumped from tree to tree. However, these **Indri** were very inquisitive

and came within 8 meters at some points! After the incredible encounter with the **Indri** we refocused on the bird targets.

Along the way we saw some fantastic snakes like the **Perinet Night Snake** and **Eastern Madagascar Water Snake** as well as some butterflies like the **Madagascar Green Lady** and **Madagascar Brown Pansy**. It took a few hours, but towards the end of the afternoon we came across two **Nuthatch-Vangas** which were in a mixed flock with **Madagascar Blue Vangas** and **Tylas Vangas**! An amazing ending to a fantastic day. The night hike was also fantastic, giving us great looks at some uncommon tree frogs like the **Fiery Bright-eyed Frog** (*Boophis pyrrhus*) and the **Warty Bright-eyed Frog** (*Boophis guibei*)!



The Nuthatch-Vanga is an incredible example of parallel evolution, fulfilling the role of a nuthatch

**<u>10 November- Andasibe-Mantadia National Park</u>** 

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For our last full day in Andasibe-Mantadia National Park we focused on the last few bird targets we had left. After causing us a lot of trouble from our time in Ranomafana until now, the **White-throated Oxylabes** were surprisingly cooperative this morning as they perched several times for a few moments in the open. We then headed into the interior forest to search for the **Scaly Ground Roller**, a bird we had already seen but did not give us the views we had hoped for. As we were walking towards a spot for the ground roller we were spotted in our tracks when we heard the calls of the **Forest Fody**. While not particularly rare, this bird had given us an unusual amount of trouble this tour. While we were disappointed to not see the male, everyone got good looks at two females which were flitting around. We continued into the forest when suddenly a **Scaly Ground Roller** 



This Scaly Ground Roller perched in the open for a few minutes.

flushed from the side of the trail. The entire group followed the direction of the flushed ground roller, we soon found ourselves at the bottom of a ravine. Our local guide informed us that we should wait here as he imitated the bird's call. After twenty minutes we had all seemed to lose hope, when suddenly some movement from the understory reinvigorated our patience. Just moments later the **Scaly Ground Roller** was perched in the open eating an insect! This encounter was much more fulfilling than the last, and everyone left with great looks and photos.

We left the park this day feeling great and decided to spend the afternoon at Park VOIMMA. Here we were hoping to see the **Lowland Streaked Tenrec**, a strange and colorful small mammal unique to the island. As we searched for the tenrec we came across the **Mossy Leaf-tailed Gecko**, a large lizard with some of the most impressive camouflage in the world. We also saw the first **Madagascar Tree Boa** for the tour, a large yet docile constrictor. As we continued looking we had amazing looks at **Madagascar Paradise-Flycatcher**, **Spectacled Tetraka**, and **Common Brown Lemurs**. Unfortunately the search for the tenrec was cut short when some unexpected rain came in.

#### **<u>11 November- Andasibe-Mantadia to Tana</u>**

We left in the early hours of the morning after a fantastic final breakfast and left for Antananarivo. Today was mostly a travel day but we did manage to stop a little bit of shopping, where we visited a few stores or local crafts and souvenirs. After the shopping we headed back to Parc Tsarasaotra to try one more time for the **Meller's Duck**. Unfortunately the **Meller's Duck** seemed to be the nemesis of the trip, as we missed it once again. The birds present were similar to the first time, however we did manage to see the first **Fulvous Whistling Duck** of the tour! The last meal of the main tour was wonderful and those that were going on the Helmet Vanga extension were eager to leave early the next morning.

#### **Helmet Vanga Extension**

#### **<u>12 November- Tana to Masoala NP</u>**

The Masoala Peninsula may be one of the least accessible locations in Madagascar, however it is also one of the most desirable places to see. The peninsula is a pinnacle of evolutionary marvel and the sole place to see several lemurs and frogs. It is also the most reliable place to see both the **Helmet Vanga** and **Bernier's Vanga**. However, since there are no roads

leading directly to the park or our accommodation we had to use a privately chartered plane. Our small private flight was both relaxing and beautiful, offering us incredible views of Madagascar and the remaining forest. After the 2 hour flight we landed in Maroantsetra where we hopped into a 4x4 vehicle, and drove to the port. Once at the port we got onto the hotel's private boat and began a 2 hour boat ride to the hotel. As we rode in the Helodrano Antongila Bay we were surrounded by the most intact rainforest we had seen on the whole tour. Soon we arrived at our destination and were greeted with



Giant Leaf-tailed Gecko (Uroplatus fimbriatus) was one impressive herp in Masoala

simple yet very accommodating rooms. The small private houses gave us excellent views of the ocean, while the food was delicious and fresh. After our first lunch at the Masoala Forest Lodge we met our local guide and went into the forest to search for our first target, the **Red-breasted Coua**. After seeing some familiar faces, like the **Blue Coua** and **Tylas Vanga**, we heard the distinctive call of the **Red-breasted Coua**. We stood quietly on the trail and played some tape when suddenly the bird cautiously came out of the foliage and allowed some great looks. We spent the remainder of the day hiking and searching for the **Helmet and Bernier's Vanga**s.

The lodge had nice private trails, so we could explore them even at night. Our first night hike offered great looks at the Masoala Woolly Lemur, Masoala Sportive Lemur, and a currently undescribed species of Mouse Lemur! We also saw some awesome herps like the Masoala Bright-eyed Frog (*Boophis masoala*), a large green tree frog unique to the peninsula, and the Giant Leaf-tailed Gecko (*Uroplatus fimbriatus*), one of the largest members of the endemic *Uroplatus* genus.

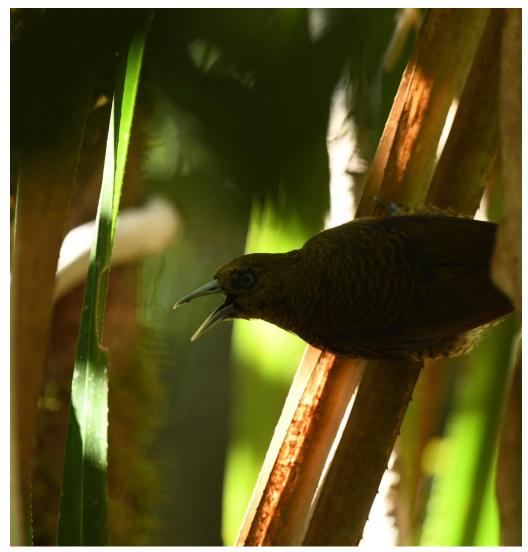


The massive Masoala Bright-eyed Frog is found only on the Masoala Peninsula

#### **<u>13 November- Masoala NP</u>**

After getting one of the three main bird targets the previous day, the remainder of our time in Masoala was dedicated to the two vangas, and any lemurs we hadn't seen yet. Our local guide had found a **Helmet Vanga** nest the previous week, so we set out early to get there. We had an exceptional start to the day when the lead guide found a **Lowland Streaked Tenrec** on the way to breakfast! After some breakfast we walked along the beach towards the nest. Immediately we got amazing looks at a female **Madagascar Pratincole** with two chicks! We got great looks and then continued on our way to the nest. The walk was beautiful as we weaved between the

rainforest and the beach, giving us both lush forest and dramatic coastline views. As we were walking we lucked into two Ring-tailed Vontsira! This was now the third species of euplerid, or Malagasy carnivoran, we had seen on the tour! After an hour and a half we found ourselves in the forest interior. Suddenly our local guide stopped and pointed in excitement, the **Helmet Vanga** was perched right in the open! Right as the cameras went up another bird landed 10 feet away, this one was a **female Bernier's Vanga**! It's not very often you get the two bird goals of the day within 10 seconds of each other! Luckily both stuck around for a while and we even had brief views of the **male Bernier's Vanga**.



A female's Bernier's Vanga call from a Pandanus tree.

We spent a few hours with these birds before heading back for lunch. As we were walking back a troop of **White-fronted Brown Lemurs** passed through quickly, giving us our only looks at this rare lemur. After lunch we decided to take a small boat about 15 minutes up the coast. Here our goal was to see the last major target, the critically endangered Red-Ruffed Lemur. The lemurs gave us some trouble at first but along the way we saw the **Brown Leaf Chameleon** (*Brookesia superciliaris*), and the **Masoala Giant Fire Millipede** (*Aphistogoniulus erythrocephalus*). Finally at the last minute we were able to find 2 Red Ruffed Lemurs resting! It was an absolute thrill, especially since this lemur is one of the most colorful with their gorgeous red coat. We returned back to the boat and headed back to the hotel for dinner.

After such an epic day, we decided to continue to try our luck with a night walk. We immediately saw a **Panther Chameleon**, which is arguably one of the most colorful chameleons in the world! Shortly after we saw the **Northern Bamboo Lemur** foraging high in the trees. We continued to see great animals like the **Northeastern Tree Snake**, **Blue-backed Reed Frog**, **Boettger's Clawless Gecko**, and some ever fascinating tree crabs, *Scandarma graclipes*.



A rare Northeastern Tree Snake (Lycodryas gaimardi)



A mother Madagascar Pratincole feeds two chicks.



The Helmet Vanga after landing less than 4 meters away.

### 14 November- Masoala NP

After seeing all our targets on the first day and a half, we decided to try for more looks at the **Helmet Vanga**. After all, this was the **Helmet Vanga** extension! We replicated the hike from the previous day. Upon arrival at the nest we were immediately greeted by two **Helmet Vanga**s! This time we got to watch some incredible behavior. We saw several food carries (including a small lizard and large beetle), a fecal sack removal, and even heard the vangas vocalize! Not to mention, we were spoiled with the amount of photogenic perches they chose to land on. After getting more photos and memories with these stunning birds we returned back to the hotel, where we spent the remainder of the day enjoying the relaxing coastline and snorkeling.

### 15 November- Masoala NP to Tana

Our final day was simply a day of travel. We got to take in our final views of the rainforests in Madagascar and enjoyed a calm plane ride back to Tana. Upon arrival in Tana we were transferred back to Bois Vert where we got to some easy bird photography in the garden. The **Malagasy White-eyes, Red Fodies** and **Souimanga Sunbirds** served as a nice finale to a memorable and exceptional tour.



The Masoala Peninsula coastline. The final day of an incredible journey.

## **Bird of the Trip**

## **Bird of the Northwest Extension**

Schlegel's Asity - 15 VOTES



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## **Bird of the Main Tour**

**1st Place: Madagascar Paradise-Flycatcher - 9 Votes** 





2nd Place: Rufous-headed Ground Roller - 6 Votes

**<u>Bird of the Helmet Vanga Extension</u>** Helmet Vanga- 15 Votes



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## <u>Bird List</u>

Taxonomy follows eBird/Clements online checklist v.2023

<u>Anatidae (Ducks &amp; Geese)</u> White-faced Whistling-Duck	Dendrocygna viduata	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika & Parc	• •	
Fulvous Whistling-Duck	Dendrocygna bicolor	
- Seen at Parc de Tsarasaotra		
Knob-billed Duck	Sarkidiornis melanotos	
- Seen at Parc de Tsarasaotra		
Blue-billed Teal	Anas hottentota	
- Seen at Parc de Tsarasaotra		
Red-billed Duck	Anas erythrorhyncha	
- Seen at Parc de Tsarasaotra		
Bernier's Teal	Anas bernieri	Endemic
- Endangered. Seen at Betsibok	a (NW Extension)	
Numididae (Guineafowl)		
Helmeted Guineafowl	Numida meleagris	Introduced
- Seen in multiple towns and aro	8	milouuceu
- Seen in multiple towns and aro	and arounized areas.	
Phasianidae (Pheasants, Grous	e & Allies )	
Madagascar Partridge	Margaroperdix madagarensis	Endemic
- Near Isalo National Park	8. I	
<u>Phoenicopteridae (Flamingos)</u>		
Greater Flamingo	Phoenicopterus roseus	
- Seen at Betsiboka (NW Extens	ion)	
Lesser Flamingo	Phoeniconaias minor	
- Seen at Betsiboka (NW Extens	ion)	
Podicipedidae (Grebes)		
Madagascar Grebe	Tachybaptus pelzelnii	Endomio
		Endemic
- Vulnerable. Seen at Ankarafar	ntsika (NW Extension)	Endemic
		Endenne
<u>Columbidae (Pigeons &amp; Doves)</u>		
<u>Columbidae (Pigeons &amp; Doves)</u> Rock Pigeon		Introduced
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas	Columba livia	Introduced
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata	
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata nafana & Andasibe	Introduced Endemic Sub.
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon Namaqua Dove	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata nafana & Andasibe Oena capensis aliena	Introduced
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon Namaqua Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty &	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata nafana & Andasibe Oena capensis aliena	Introduced Endemic Sub.
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon Namaqua Dove	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata nafana & Andasibe Oena capensis aliena t Tulear	Introduced Endemic Sub. Endemic Sub.
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon Namaqua Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty & Madagascar Green-Pigeon	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata nafana & Andasibe Oena capensis aliena t Tulear	Introduced Endemic Sub. Endemic Sub.
Columbidae (Pigeons & Doves) Rock Pigeon - Seen in most urbanized areas Malagasy Turtle-Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranon Namaqua Dove - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty & Madagascar Green-Pigeon - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Columba livia Nesoenas picturata picturata pafana & Andasibe Oena capensis aliena t Tulear Treron australis Alectroenas madagascariensis	Introduced Endemic Sub. Endemic Sub. Endemic

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Mesitornithidae (Mesites) White-breasted Mesite - Vulnerable. Seen at Ankarafants	Mesitornis variegatus	Endemic
<ul> <li>Vulnerable. Seen at Ankaratants</li> <li>Brown Mesite</li> <li>Vulnerable. Seen at Ranomafana</li> </ul>	Mesitornis unicolor	Endemic
Subdesert Mesite - Vulnerable. Seen at Ifaty	Monias benschi	Endemic
Pteroclidae (Sandgrouse)Madagascar Sandgrouse- Seen on route to Zombitse	Pterocles personatus	Endemic
Cuculidae (Cuckoos) Crested Coua - Vulnerable. Seen at Ankarafants	Coua cristata	Endemic
<ul> <li>Vumerable. Seen at Ankararantis</li> <li>Verreaux's Coua         <ul> <li>Near Threatened. Seen near Tube</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Coua verreauxi	Endemic
Blue Coua - Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe-	<i>Coua caerulea</i> Mantadia & Masoala	Endemic
Red-capped Coua - Seen at Ankarafantsika	Coua ruficeps ruficeps	Endemic
"Green-capped" Coua - Seen at Ifaty	Coua ruficeps olivaceiceps	Endemic sub.
Red-fronted Coua - Seen at Ranomafana	Coua reynaudii	Endemic
Coquerel's Coua - Seen at Ankarafantsika & Zomb	<i>Coua coquereli</i> bitse	Endemic
Running Coua - Seen at Ifaty	Coua cursor	Endemic
Giant Coua - Seen at Zombitse	Coua gigas	Endemic
Red-breasted Coua - Seen at Masoala	Coua serriana	Endemic
Malagasy Coucal - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty, Ze	<i>Centropus toulou toulou</i> ombitse, Ranomafana & Andasib	pe-Mantadia
Madagascar Cuckoo - Seen at Ranomafana	Cuculus rochii	
<u>Caprimulgidae (Nightjars &amp; All</u>		
Collared Nightjar - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia & M	<b>Gactornis enarratus</b> Iasoala	Endemic
Madagascar Nightjar	Caprimulgus m. madagascarie	nsis Endemic Sub.

- Seen at Tana hotel

<u>Apodidae (Swifts)</u>		
Madagascar Spinetail	00	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ifaty & Andasibe-Mar Malagasy Swift		Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ifaty & Andasibe-Mar	<i>Apus b. balstoni</i> ntadia	Endemic Sub.
Malagasy Palm-Swift	Cypsiurus gracilis	
- Seen at Ifaty & Andasibe-Ma	•••	
<u>Sarothruridae (Flufftails)</u>		
Madagascar Forest-Rail	Mentocrex kioloides	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andasib		Enternic
Madagascar Flufftail	Sarothrura insularis	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
Rallidae (Rails & Allies)		
Madagascar Rail	Zoonavena g. grandidieri	Endemic
- Vulnerable. Seen at Ifaty & A	00	
White-throated Rail	Dryolimnas c. cuvieri	Endemic Sub.
- Seen near Tana & Ifaty		
Eurasian Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus pyrrhorrhoa	
- Seen at Tana, Ranomaana & A	Andasibe-iviantadia	
$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{r}}$		
<u>Recurvirostridae (Stilts)</u> <u>Black winged Stilt</u>	<b></b>	
Black-winged Stilt - Seen at Ifaty	Himantopus himantopus	
- Seen at maty		
Charadriidae (Plovers & Lapy	<u>wings)</u>	
<b>Black-bellied Plover</b>	Pluvialis squatarola	
- Seen at Nosy Ve	~	
Greater Sand-Plover - Seen at Nosy Ve	Charadrius leschenaultii	
Kittlitz's Plover	Charadrius pecuarius	
- Seen at Ifaty	Churaintus pecuartas	
<b>Common Ringed Plover</b>	Charadrius leschenaultii	
- Seen at Ifaty		
Madagascar Plover	Charadrius thoracicus	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
Three-banded Plover	Charadrius tricollaris bifrontatus	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ranomafana		
White-fronted Plover	Charadrius marginatus tenellus	
- Seen at Ifaty		
<u>Jacanidae (Jacanas)</u>		
Madagascar Jacana	Actophilornis albinucha	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika	^	
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<u>Scolopacidae (Sandpipers &amp; Allies)</u>			
Whimbrel	Numenius phaeopus		
- Seen at Nosy Ve, Ifaty, Masoal			
Ruddy Turnstone	Arenaria interpres		
- Seen at Nosy Ve, Ifaty			
Curlew Sandpiper	Calidris ferruginea		
- Seen at Nosy Ve, Ifaty, Betsibo			
Sanderling - Seen at Nosy Ve, Betsiboka	Calidris alba		
Madagascar Snipe	Gallinago macrodactyla	Endemic	
- Seen at Ranomafana	Guninago macroaaciyia	Linueinic	
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos		
- Seen at Ranomafana, Ifaty			
Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia		
- Seen at Ifaty, Betsiboka			
<u>Turnicidae (Buttonquail)</u>			
Madagascar Buttonquail	Turnix nigricollis	Endemic	
- Seen at Ifaty			
<u>Glareolidae (Pratincoles)</u>			
Madagascar Pratincole	Glareola ocularis		
- Seen at Masoala, on route to N	lahajanga		
<u>Laridae (Gulls &amp; Terns)</u>			
Whiskered Tern	Chlidonias hybrida		
- Seen at Betsiboka	Childonius hybridu		
Lesser Crested Tern	Thalasseus bengalensis		
- Seen at Betsiboka	1 minussens veriginensis		
<u>Phaethontidae (Tropicbirds)</u>			
Red-tailed Tropicbird	Phaethon rubricauda		
- Seen at Nosy Ve			
<u>Ciconiidae (Storks)</u>			
African Openbill	Anastomus lamelligerus madagascariensis	Endemic Sub.	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika			
Securidae (Herrenterer)			
<u>Scopidae (Hamerkop)</u>			
Hamerkop	Scopus umbretta		
- Seen on route to Ranomafana			

<u>Ardeidae (Herons, Egrets &amp; Bi</u>	<u>tterns)</u>	
Little Bittern	Ixobrychus minutus	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Gray Heron	Ardea cinerea firasa	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ifaty, Ankarafantsika, I	Nosy Ve	
Humblot's Heron	Ardea humbloti	
- Endangered. Seen on route to	Ankarafantsika	
Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea madagascariensis	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Great Egret	Ardea alba	
- Seen on route to Ankarafantsik	xa, Ifaty	
	Egretta garzetta dimorpha	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty, 1	near Tana	
Black Heron	Egretta ardesiaca	
- Seen near Tana		
Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty,	Fulear	
Squacco Heron	Ardeola ralloides	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty, 1	near Tana	
Malagasy Pond-Heron	Ardeola idae	
- Endangered. Seen at Ankaraf	antsika, near Tana	
Striated Heron	Butorides striata	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, near T	ana	
<b>Black-crowned Night-Heron</b>	Nycticorax nycticorax	
- Seen near Tana		
<u>Threskiornithidae (Ibises &amp; Sp</u>		
Madagascar Ibis	A	Endemic
- Near Threatened. Seen at An	dasibe-Mantadia	
Malagasy Sacred Ibis		
- Endangered. Seen at Betsibok	a	
	¥7•4 N	
Accipitridae (Hawks, Eagles&	-	
Madagascar Harrier-Hawk	Polyboroides radiatus	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty, Andasibe-Manta		
Madagascar Cuckoo-Hawk	Aviceda madagascariensis	Endemic
- Seen at Zombitse		
Malagasy Harrier	Circus macrosceles	
- Seen on route to Ankarafantsik	za –	
Frances's Sparrowhawk	Accipiter f. francesiae	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Henst's Goshawk	Accipiter henstii	Endemic
- Vulnerable. Seen at Andasibe		
Black "Yellow-billed" Kite	Milvus migrans	
- Seen at Betsiboka, Ranomafan	a, Ankarafantsika	

Madagascar Fish-Eagle - Critically Endangered. Seen a	<i>Haliaeetus vociferoides</i> t Ankarafantsika	Endemic
	Buteo brachypterus	Endemic
<u>Strigidae (Owls)</u>		
<ul><li><b>"Rainforest" Scops-Owl</b></li><li>Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia</li></ul>	Otus rutilus rutilus	Endemic
<ul><li><b>"Torotoroka" Scops-Owl</b></li><li>Seen at Ifaty</li></ul>	Otus rutilus madagascariensis	Endemic
<ul><li>White-browed Owl</li><li>Seen at Zombitse</li></ul>	Athene superciliaris	Endemic
<ul><li>Madagascar Owl</li><li>Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia</li></ul>	Asio madagascariensis	Endemic
<u>Leptosomidae (Cuckoo-Roller)</u>		
Cuckoo-Roller - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranom	<i>Leptosomus discolor discolor</i> afana, Andasibe-Mantadia	Endemic Sub.
<u>Upupidae (Hoopoes)</u>		
	<i>Upupa marginata</i> ia, Ankarafantsika	Endemic
Alcedinidae (Kingfishers) Malagasy Kingfisher - Seen at Ranomafana and near T		Endemic Sub.
Madagascar Pygmy Kingfisher - Seen at Ranomafana, Masoala	Corythornis madagascariensis	Endemic
Meropidae (Bee-Eaters) Madagascar Bee-Eater - Seen at Ifaty, Ankarafantsika, Z		
Coraciidae (Rollers) Broad-billed Roller - Seen at Ifaty, Ankarafantsika, Is	<i>Eurystomus g. Glaucurus</i> salo	Endemic Sub.
Brachypteraciidae (Ground Ro		
Scaly Ground-Roller - Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe	<i>Geobiastes squamiger</i> -Mantadia	Endemic
Short-legged Ground-Roller	Brachypteracias leptosomus	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia and Long-tailed Ground-Roller	l Masoala <b>Uratelornis chimaera</b>	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty Pitta-like Ground-Roller	Atelornis pittoides	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe	-Mantadia	

Rufous-headed Ground-Roller - Seen at Ranomafana	Atelornis crossleyi	Endemic
Falconidae (Falcons) Malagasy Kestrel - Seen at Ifaty, Ankarafantsika	Falco newtoni	
<u> Psittaculidae (Old World Parro</u>	<u>ts)</u>	
Greater Vasa Parrot - Seen at Ifaty	Coracopsis v. vasa	
Lesser Vasa Parrot - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty, A	<i>Coracopsis n. nigra</i> Andasibe-Mantadia	
Gray-headed Lovebird - Seen at Ifaty, Zombitse	Agapornis canus	Endemic
<u>Philepittidae (Asities)</u>		
Velvet Asity - Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe	<i>Philepitta castanea</i> -Mantadia	Endemic
Schlegel's Asity - Seen at Ankarafantsika	Philepitta schlegeli	Endemic
Common Sunbird-Asity - Seen at Ranomafana	Neodrepanis coruscans	Endemic
<u>Campephagidae (Cuckooshrike</u>	(a)	
Madagascar Cuckooshrike - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranom	Coracina cinerea	Endemic
Vangidaa (Vangas & Allias)		
Vangidae (Vangas & Allies) Archbold's Newtonia - Seen at Ifaty	Newtonia archboldi	Endemic
Common Newtonia - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranom	<i>Newtonia brunneicauda</i> pafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	Endemic
<b>Dark Newtonia</b> - Seen at Ranomafana	Newtonia amphichroa	Endemic
<b>Tylas Vanga</b> - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranom	<i>Tylas eduardi</i> aafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	Endemic
Red-tailed Vanga - Seen at Ranomafana	Calicalicus madagascariensis	Endemic
Red-shouldered Vanga - Vulnerable. Seen at La Table	Calicalicus rufocarpalis	Endemic
Nuthatch-Vanga - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Hypositta corallirostris	Endemic
Chabert Vanga	<i>Leptopterus chabert</i> Ranomafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	Endemic
Crossley's Vanga - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Mystacornis crossleyi	Endemic

Madagascar Blue Vanga - Seen at Ranomafana, Andasib		Endemic
Hook-billed Vanga	Vanga curvirostris	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty, Andasibe-Manta	dia	
Ward's Vanga	Pseudobias wardi	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andasib		
Rufous Vanga	Schetba rufa	Endemic
- Seen at Zombitse, Ifaty	European ann an thi	Tradomio
Helmet Vanga - Endangered. Seen at Masoala	Euryceros prevostii	Endemic
Bernier's Vanga	Oriolia bernieri	Endemic
- Endangered. Seen at Masoala		Enternit
Sickle-billed Vanga	Falculea palliata	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
White-headed Vanga	Artamella viridis	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty, Masoala		
Pollen's Vanga	Xenopirostris polleni	Endemic
- Near Threatened. Seen at Ra	nomafana	
Lafresnaye's Vanga	Xenopirostris xenopirostris	Endemic
- Near Threatened. Seen at Ifa	-	
Van Dam's Vanga	Xenopirostris damii	Endemic
- Endangered. Seen at Ankaraf	antsika	
Dicruridae (Drongos) Crested Drongo - Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty,	<i>Dicrurus forficatus</i> Ranomafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	
Monarchidae (Monarch Flycat	,	
Malagady Paradise-Flycatcher		
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranor	nafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	
Corvidae (Crows, Jays & Mag	nies)	
Pied Crow	Corvus albus	
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ifaty		
<u>Alaudidae (Larks)</u>		
Madagascar Lark	Eremopterix hova	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty	-	
Cisticolidae (Cisticolas & Allie	<u>s)</u>	
Common Jery	Neomixis tenella	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Ranor	nafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	
Green Jery	Neomixis viridis	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
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Stripe-throated Jery - Seen at Ifaty, Ranomafana	Neomixis striatigula	Endemic

Madagascar Cisticola - Seen at Ifaty, Ranomafana	Cisticola cherina	
Acrocephalidae (Reed Warbler	<u>s)</u>	
Malagasy Brush-Warbler	Nesillas t. typica	Endemic sub.
<ul> <li>Seen at Ankarafantsika</li> <li>Subdesert Brush-Warbler</li> <li>Seen at Ifaty</li> </ul>	Nesillas lantzii	Endemic
Madagascar Swamp Warbler - Seen at Ranomafana & Andasi		Endemic
Locustellidae (Grassbirds & Al	lies)	
Brown Emutail - Heard in Ranomafana. Not seen	Bradypterus brunneus	Endemic
Bernieridae (Malagasy Warble	rs)	
White-throated Oxylabes - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Oxylabes madagascariensis	Endemic
Long-billed Bernieria	<i>Bernieria madagascariensis</i> Ranomafana, Andasibe-Mantadia	Endemic
- Seen at Ankaratantsika, haty, f - Seen at Ranomafana	Cryptosylvicola randrianasoloi	Endemic
Wedge-tailed Jery - Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe	Hartertula flavoviridis -Mantadia	Endemic
Thamnornis	Thamnornis chloropetoides	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
<ul><li>Yellow-browned Oxylabes</li><li>Seen at Ranomafana</li></ul>	Crossleyia xanthophrys	Endemic
Spectacled Tetraka	Xanthomixis zosterops	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe <b>Appert's Tetraka</b>	-Mantadia <i>Xanthomixis apperti</i>	Endemic
- Seen at Zombitse	Auninomiais upperu	Lindenine
Gray-crowned Tetraka - Seen at Ranomafana	Xanthomixis cinereiceps	Endemic
Rand's Warbler - Seen at Ranomafana & Andasi	<i>Randia pseudozosterops</i> be-Mantadia	Endemic
<u>Hirundinidae (Swallows)</u>		
Madagascar Martin - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Riparia cowani	Endemic
Mascarene Martin - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Phedina borbonica	
<ul> <li>Pycnonotidae (Bulbuls)</li> <li>Madagascar Bulbul</li> <li>Seen at Ranomafana, Andasibe</li> </ul>	<i>Hypsipetes m. madagascariensis</i> -Mantadia, Ankarafantsika	Endemic Sub.

Zosteropidae (White-eyes &	<u>Allies)</u>	
Malagasy White-eye - Seen at most locations	Zosterops maderaspatanus	
- Seen at most locations		
<u>Sturnidae (Starlings)</u>		
Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	Introduced
- Seen at most locations		
Madagascar Starling - Seen at Ranomafana, Andas	Hartlaubius auratus ibe-Mantadia	Endemic
Muscicapidae (Old World Fl	<u>ycatchers)</u>	
Madagascar Magpie-Robin - Seen at Ranomafana, Andas	<i>Copsychus albospecularis</i> ibe-Mantadia, Ankarafantsika	Endemic
Littoral Rock-Thrush - Seen at Anakoa	Monticola imerina	Endemic
Forest Rock-Thrush - Seen at Ranomafana	Monticola sharpei sharpei	Endemic Sub.
African Stonechat	Saxicola torquatus sibilla	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Suricom torquants stourn	Endenne Sub.
<u>Nectariniidae (Sunbirds)</u>		
Souimanga Sunbird	Cinnyris s. sovimanga	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andas		
"White-bellied" Sunbird	Cinnyris s. apolis	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ifaty Malagasy Sunbird	Cinamia a notatus	Endemic Sub.
- Seen at Ifaty and Tana	Cinnyris n. notatus	Endennic Sub.
Ploceidae (Weavers & Allies)	1	
Nelicourvi Weaver	Ploceus nelicourvi	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana, Andas	ibe-Mantadia	
Sakkalava Weaver - Seen at Ifaty	Ploceus sakalava	Endemic
Red Fody	Foudia madagascariensis	Endemic
- Seen at Tana, Ranomafana, J		
Forest Fody - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Foudia omissa	Endemic
Estrildidae (Waxbills & Allie	<u>s)</u>	
Madagascar Munia - Seen at Ifaty and Tana	Lepidopygia nana	Endemic
Motacillidae (Wagtails & All	ies)	
Madagascar Wagtail	Motacilla flaviventris	Endemic
- Seen at Tana, Ranomafana, J	Andasibe-Mantadia	

## MAMMAL LIST

Cheirogaleidae (Mouse & Dwar	<u>f Lemurs)</u>	
Gray Mouse Lemur	Microcebus murinus	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
<b>Rufous Mouse Lemur</b>	Microcebus rufus	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
Golden-brown Mouse Lemur	Microcebus ravelobensis	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Goodman's Mouse Lemur	Microcebus lehilahytsara	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		
Furry-eared Dwarf Lemur - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Cheirogaleus crossleyi	Endemic
Greater Dwarf Lemur	Cheirogaleus major	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala		
<ul><li>Fat-tailed Dwarf Lemur</li><li>Seen at Ankarafantsika</li></ul>	Cheirogaleus medius	Endemic
- Seen at Ankaranantsika		
Lepilemuridae (Sportive Lemur	· <u>s)</u>	
Weasel Sportive Lemur	Lepilemur mustelinus	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		
<b>Milne-Edwards Sportive Lemun</b>	Lepilemur edwardsi	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika	-	
Masoala Sportive Lemur	Lepilemur scottorum	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala	-	
Petter's Sportive Lemur	Lepilemur petteri	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
<u>Lemuridae (True Lemurs)</u>		
Eastern Lesser Bamboo Lemur	Hanalemur griseus	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Tuputentul Stiseus	Lindenite
"Ranomafana" Bamboo Lemur	Hapalemur 9. ranomafanensis	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana	Tup menun ger une majarrensis	Lindenite
Northern Bamboo Lemur	Hapalemur occidentalis	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala		
Golden Bamboo Lemur	Hapalemur aureus	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
<b>Ring-tailed Lemur</b>	Lemur catta	Endemic
- Seen at Anja Reserve		
Mongoose Lemur	Eulemur mongoz	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Common Brown Lemur	Eulemur fulvus	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika, Rano	-	
White-fronted Brown Lemur	Eulemur albifrons	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala		

<b>Red-bellied Lemur</b> - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Eulemur rubriventer	Endemic
Black-and-white Ruffed Lemur - Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia	Varecia variegata	Endemic
Red Ruffed Lemur - Seen at Masoala	Varecia rubra	Endemic
Indridae (Wolly Lemurs & Sifa	<u>kas)</u>	
Masoala Woolly Lemur	Avahi mooreorum	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala		
Eastern Woolly Lemur	Avahi laniger	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
Western Woolly Lemur	Avahi occidentalis	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Verreaux's Sifaka	Propithecus verreauxi	Endemic
- Seen at Zombitse		
Coquerel's Sifaka	Propithecus coquereli	Endemic
- Seen at Ankarafantsika		
Diademed Sifaka	Propithecus diadema	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		
Milne-Edwards Sifaka	Propithecus edwardsi	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
Crowned Sifaka	Propithecus coronatus	Endemic
- Seen at Ketspy		
Indri	Indri indri	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		

## **Eupleridae (Malagasy Carnivores)**

<b>Ring-tailed Vontsira</b>	Galidia elegans	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala		
Fanaloka	Fossa fossana	Endemic
- Seen at Ranomafana		
Fosa	Cryptoprocta ferox	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		
<u>Tenrecidae (Tenrecs)</u>		
Lesser Hedgehog Tenrec	Tenrec ecaudatus	Endemic
- Seen at Ifaty		
Lowland Streaked Tenrec	Hemicentetes semispinosus	Endemic
- Seen at Masoala	-	
Nesomyidae (African Rodents)		
Eastern Red Forest Rat	Nesomy rufus	Endemic
- Seen at Andasibe-Mantadia		

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### Webb's Tuft-tailed Rat

Seen at Masoala -

Eliurus webbi

Endemic



The Green Bright-eyed Frog (Boophis viridis)

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