NORTHERN PERU

Across the Marañón Canyon

29 August – 14 September 2022

TOUR LEADER: Nick Athanas

Report and photos by Nick Athanas

Marvelous Spatuletail was the most spectacular of the 50+ species of hummingbird we saw on the tour

Northern Peru is always a fun trip and I was really happy to guide it again for the first time since the pandemic. It offers a really cool transect of habitats from coastal deserts, dry forest, inter-Andean valleys, and beautiful humid cloudforest

along the eastern Andean slopes. While there was not complete consensus form the group, **Marvelous Spatuletail** and **Long-whiskered Owlet** seemed to be in a dead heat for "bird of the trip" – hard to argue with that! They are two of Peru's most unique and wonderful birds, and we had great views of both. **Solitary Eagle**, **Yellow-faced Parrotlet**, and **Crimson-mantled Woodpecker** were runners up, and some honorable mentions go to **Tataupa Tinamou**, **Many-colored Rush Tyrant**, **Black-crested Tit-Tyrant**, **Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan**, **Neblina Tapaculo**, **Tschudi's Nightjar**, and **Capped Heron**.

Pristine cloudforest below Abra Patricia

The tour started in Lima, the capital and largest city in Peru. After a night in the airport hotel, we took a super-early flight north to the desert city of Chiclayo, where our fantastic driver Omar was waiting for us with the van. I was really happy to see him – he has been my driver for this tour for years and not only is he a great guy, but also has become a birder too, and he found us some nice birds we during this trip that we never would have seen otherwise. Soon we were headed north out of the city, and farmland changed over to desert and mesquite woodland, where there was a **Cinereous Finch** perched up along the side of the highway, our first of many Peruvian endemics. It was pleasantly cool and cloudy, and stayed that way all morning as we birded the Pomac Reserve, having good luck the key targets. The

endemic and threatened **Peruvian Plantcutter** can be hard to find sometimes, but we found it quickly this year very near where we parked. **Rufous Flycatcher** took a bit longer to find but showed well in the end, as did **Coastal Miner** and the near-endemic **Tumbes Swallow**. Other birds here included **Amazilia Hummingbird**, **Peruvian Pygmy-Owl**, **Scarlet-backed Woodpecker**, **Pacific Parrotlet**, "Tumbesian" **Mouse-colored Tyrannulet** (soon to be split), **Gray-and-white Tyrannulet**, **White-browed Gnatcatcher**, **Fasciated** and **Superciliated Wrens**, **White-edged Oriole**, and **Sulphur-throated Finch**.

Rufous Flycatcher

Peruvian Plantcutter

After a picnic lunch, drove a couple of hours east up into foothills of the Andes, stopping a couple of times along the way for **Pearl Kite** and **Chestnut-collared Swallow**. Tomás, one of the local guides of the Chaparrí Reserve, met us in the nearby town of Chongoyape. He'd be with us over the next couple of days as we birded the area. We continued up the rough road to Chaparrí, making a few stops in the late afternoon for **Baird's Flycatcher**, **Peruvian Meadowlark**, and **Parrot-billed Seedeater** before arriving at the lodge, finding our first **White-winged Guans** in the parking lot.

Chaparrí is a neat place. The lodge is modest, but comfortable and quiet, and the wooded valley is an oasis that always seems to be teeming with birds and other animals too. After breakfast next morning we headed to the hummingbird bathing pool where we had superb views of **Short-tailed** and **Purple-collared Woodstars**. Males, no less! Often we see only females of these species. An **Elegant Crescentchest** came around to check us out while we were there. We spent the rest of the morning on the trails near the lodge, and without a doubt the highlight was the rare **Solitary Eagle**. Tomás has seen one a few days before and was hoping it would still be hanging around, and we lucked out. Our first views were very distant, but eventually we got quite close to it, and then it took off circled around right above us. Some of the other birds we saw that morning were **Scarlet-fronted** and **Red-masked Parakeets**, **Golden-olive Woodpecker**, **Fulvous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant**, "Mouse-gray" **Bran-colored Flycatcher**, "Tumbes" **Tropical Pewee**, **Tumbes Tyrant**, **White-tailed Jay**, **Tumbes Sparrow**, **White-headed Brushfinch**, **Golden Grosbeak**, and **Collared Warbling Finch**. After a long siesta, we headed down to the plains in the late afternoon, finding **Variable** and **Harris's Hawks**, **Short-tailed Field**

Tyrant, and more **Sulphur-throated Finches**. After an impressive sunset, we tracked down a **Tschudi's Nightjar**, but oddly there were no Scrub Nightjars calling, and with a bit of effort located a rather elusive **Peruvian Screech-Owl**.

Purple-collared Woodstar

Solitary Eagle

Next morning, we spent a few hours around Chaparrí looking for a few birds we hadn't seen yet, having luck with **Plumbeous-backed Thrush** and **Pacific Elaenia**, but surprisingly missing Tumbes Hummingbird. After that we headed back down to Chongoyape and checked out the Tinajones Reservoir for a nice selection of waterbirds including **Comb Duck**, **White-cheeked Pintail**, **Gray-hooded Gull**, and **Cocoi Heron**, just to mention a few. Tomás then took us to a stakeout for **Peruvian Thick-knee** near his parents' house before we bid him farewell and started driving towards the Pacific. Rather than visit my usual spot near Puerto Etén, I decided to try a different wetland near the town of San José, which worked out well. The first pond we checked had a big flock of **Peruvian Pelicans** along with a few **Andean Ducks** and **Great Grebes**. After lunch, we walked out to some reedbeds, quickly finding several **Peruvian Pipits** along the way. The reeds had a nesting pair of **Many-colored Rush Tyrants** (*photo above right*) and several skulking **Wren-like Rushbirds**. We checked another pond which had some other waterbirds, shorebirds, and a **White-tufted Grebe**. Down by the beach we had a nice surprise when several **Peruvian Terns** flew past very close to shore, and after that we headed to our lodge in Tucume, where we spent the night.

Peruvian Tern

We left very early the next morning, driving up the west slope of the Andes to Porcuya, near the continental divide. Omar set up a nice picnic breakfast for us as dawn broke and the birds began to wake up. **Three-banded Warbler** and **Line-cheeked Spinetail** started things off, and soon after we spotted a beautiful **Black-cowled Saltator** singing from a treetop. **White-winged** and **Bay-crowned Brushfinches** were a bit skulky at first but eventually showed well to all, and there was even a surprise **Black-capped Sparrow** for some of the group. One of our main targets for the morning, **Piura Chat-Tyrant**, proved to be more frustrating. At first it was teasing us, flying from perch to perch, usually staying hidden, and when it did land in view it took off again before could get bins on it! After some frustrating moments, it finally sat nicely for all to enjoy:

We had a few other nice birds later in the morning like **Chapman's Antshrike**, **Ecuadorian Piculet**, "Marañon" **Mouse-colored Tyrannulet**, **Variable Hawk**, **White-tipped Swift**, a female **Peruvian Sheartail**, and **Rufous-browed Peppershrike**, but the foliage-gleaners proved to be more difficult. Rufous-necked was only heard and never responded, and **Henna-hooded Foliage-gleaner** gave just a very brief glimpse. After that, we settled in for the long drive to Jaén, made even longer with all the road work to fix the damage caused by heavy rains the previous years. Since it was already nearly 4pm when we arrived, we headed straight out into the field and birded the entrance road to Bosque de Yanahuanca. Despite the hot temperatures, we did well with our targets including the gorgeous **Marañon Crescentchest**, a pair of **Northern Slaty-Antshrikes**, **Chinchipe Spinetail**, **Drab Seedeater**, **Red-crested Finch**, **Tropical Gnatcatcher**, and **Rufous-fronted Thornbird**. Finally, as it was approaching dusk, a lone **Little Inca-Finch** came in and showed us its black face and butter-yellow bill. It's one of the harder endemics to see here and it was a great one to finish with before driving back to Jaén and checking into our hotel.

Ecuadorian Piculet from Porcuya

We headed back to Yanahuanca early next morning in the rain (apparently the first in months). We took our time with breakfast, waiting for the rain to let up, and it was maybe the best one of the trip with fresh free-range eggs, avocados, and fried plantains. Eventually the sky brightened up and we headed out to the trail, finding a **Spot-throated Hummingbird** as our first new bird of the morning. We made a concerted effort to look for **Marañon Spinetail** in a mosquito-filled gully, but it was shy, unresponsive, and showed only very briefly to a few of us. We had better luck with **Buff-bellied Tanager**, **Black-capped Sparrow**, **Speckle-breasted Wren**, and **Collared Antshrike**, and also managed to lure a **Tataupa Tinamou** across the trail where we got to see it completely in the open for a brief period, which was really cool. A few other birds from the morning included a pair of **Pearl Kites**, **Red-crested Finch**, **Streaked Saltator**, **Dull-colored Grassquit**, and **Blue Ground-Dove**. Later in the morning we left Jaén and headed east, crossing the mighty Marañon River for the first time. Our lunch stop in Bagua Grande was quite memorable from the absurd portion sizes, but it was also tasty. After a couple more hours we reached Huembo, a lodge and reserve set up to protect the endemic Marvelous Spatuletail. Santos (the manager) met me with some rather disheartening news – he had not been seeing many spatuletails lately. And things were not looking good to start with, with none coming into the feeders where I normally see then despite a 2+ hour vigil. There were other hummingbirds coming in at least, including **Sparkling** and **Lesser Violetears**, **Bronzy Inca**, **Chestnut-breasted Coronet**, **Violet-fronted Brilliant**, **White-bellied Woodstar**, **Andean Emerald**, and **White-bellied Hummingbird**. As dusk approached, we decided to watch the feeders behind the lodge where the light was better, and finally, just before dark, at least two **Marvelous Spatuletails** came in. One was male that was still growing its tail, and another was a female, but it was a start!

The following day was all about hummers! After breakfast, Santos offered to take us up to some feeders on his private farm across the road. As we all wanted to see a full adult male spatuletail, this was a no brainer. We birded for a few minutes near the lodge first, seeing **Sierran Elaenia**, **Speckle-chested Piculet**, and **Silvery Tanager**, then headed up the trail. It turns out we really shouldn't have worried. Not only was there a full-tailed male **Marvelous Spatuletail** coming to the feeders, but we saw three males at a display site along the trail, where they showed off their tails and gave odd buzzing calls. A nice-looking **Purple-throated Sunangel** was also coming to the feeders, and nearby we saw our first **Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet**.

We left Huembo and continued east over the Andes, passing by Owlet Lodge and Abra Patricia, where we would return later in the trip. We had to stop for some road work, where a nice mixed flock came through with **Golden-headed Quetzal**, **Green-and-black Fruiteater**, **Cinnamon Flycatcher**, **White-collared Jay**, **Short-billed** and **Common Chlorospinguses**, **Hooded Mountain Tanager**, **Yellow-throated Tanager**, and **Saffron-crowned Tanager**. Down in the foothills, we stopped at a tire repair shop. Nothing was wrong with our tires, but the shop also surprisingly has great hummingbird feeders. **Napo Sabrewing** was a nice surprise as it only recently started coming, and we also saw our only **Ecuadorian Piedtail** of the tour. Others included "Peruvian" **Booted Racket-tail**, **Violet-headed Hummingbird**, **Many-spotted Hummingbird**, **Fork-tailed Woodnymph**, **Golden-tailed Sapphire**, and **Sapphire-spangled Emerald**. After having our picnic lunch, a huge mixed-species flock came through. It was one of those flocks that is so full of birds that you know that what you are seeing is just the tip of the iceberg. For a while they were distant and it was a challenge, but eventually they came much closer and we had some superb views of many of them. **Tanagers** made up much of the flock including **White-winged**, **Orange-eared**, **Yellow-bellied**, **Spotted**, **Blue-necked**, **Bay-headed**, **Golden-eared**, and **Golden Tanagers**, but there were lots of other species too like **Versicolored Barbet**, **Chestnut-tipped Toucanet**, **Ash-browed Spinetail**, **Scaled Fruiteater**, **Olive-striped** and **Slaty-capped Flycatchers**, **Yellow-throated** and **Ashy-throated**

Chlorospinguses, and **Tropical Parula**. After that, it was another couple of hours driving to Waqanki Lodge, where we would spend two nights. The welcoming committee there included a male **Rufous-crested Coquette**, which was feeding in a flowering bush in front of our rooms as we unloaded the van, and nearby we had our only **Mishana Tyrannulet** of the tour. With only a bit of time left in the afternoon, we decided to head up to their hummingbird feeders, quickly adding **White-necked Jacobin**, **Rufous-breasted**, **Great-billed**, and **Black-throated Hermits**, **Black-throated Mango**, **Long-billed Starthroat**, and **Gray-breasted Sabrewing** to our burgeoning hummer list, ending the day with 25 species seen. Just before dinner, a pair of **Band-bellied Owls** started calling outside the rooms and it did not take long to track them down for one last sighting for the day.

Napo Sabrewing

Rufous-crested Coquette

We spent the next morning on the trail behind Waqanki Lodge that goes up a valley called Quebrada Mishquiyacu. It starts in cut-over habitat but quickly gets into lush cloudforest where numerous good birds can be found. It also can be tough birding, as we found out today, and activity was on the low side and some birds were uncooperative. Despite that we still saw a decent number of species including **Green-backed Trogon**, **Bluish-fronted Jacamar**, **Gilded Barbet**, **Golden-collared Toucanet**, **Little Woodpecker**, **Cobalt-winged** and **White-eyed Parakeets**, **Stripe-chested Antwren**, **Peruvian Warbling-Antbird**, **Spot-winged Antbird**, **White-winged Becard**, **Ochre-bellied Flycatcher**, **White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant**, **Black-and-white Tody-Flycatcher**, **Yellow-browed Tody-Flycatcher**, **Yellow-breasted Flycatcher**, **Boat-billed Flycatcher**, **Piratic Flycatcher**, **Blue-naped Chlorophonia**, **Russet-backed Oropendola**, and **Black-bellied**, **Yellow-bellied**, **Paradise**, **Green-and-gold**, and **Blue-necked Tanagers**. After lunch, we first checked out to the famous KM515 bridge along the highway to Tarapoto where a colony of **Oilbirds** nests and roosts. It's one of the easiest places to see this species, though huge semi trucks that shake the whole bridge as they rumble past can be a bit disconcerting. Our next stop was a small pond where a small flock of **Masked Ducks** showed well along with **Common** and **Purple Gallinules**, then we headed to some rice fields near Tonchima. The open country makes for easy, relaxed afternoon birding. The scarce **Black-billed Seed-Finch** showed well and there were several **Pale-eyed Blackbirds** too along with **Oriole Blackbird**, **Red-capped Cardinal**, **Black-capped Donacobius**, **Chestnut-bellied Seedeater**, **Blue-gray Saltator**, **Wattled Jacana**, **Snail Kite**, **Limpkin**, **Pale-legged Hornero**, and others. **Spotted Rails** were calling from the rice, and finally after a lot of patience, one came right out in the open at close range for a truly memorable sighting. **Capped Heron** (*below*) was also a nice surprise since I had never seen one there before.

After breakfast we first birded some scrubby habitat below the lodge for **Speckled Chachalaca**, **Rusty-backed Antwren**, **Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant**, "Amazonian" **Mouse-colored Tyrannulet**, and **Black-faced Tanager**. After that, I decided the best option was to head back up the Mishquiyacu trail to look for some of the birds we had missed yesterday. Fortunately the activity was better today and we had several new birds as well as better sightings of some of the species from yesterday, like **Golden-collared Toucanet**. We tracked down a beautiful male **Fiery-capped Manakin** and saw **Golden-headed Manakin** too. Mixed flocks had some really scarce birds in them like **White-throated Woodpecker**, **Rufous-tailed Foliage-gleaner**, and **Yellow-crested Tanager**. A **Foothill Stipplethroat** showed amazingly well, perching in one spot long enough for everyone to get on it, only flying away when I went for the camera. Some of the other birds we saw this morning were **Blue-crowned Trogon**, **White-fronted Nunbird**, **Lafresnaye's Piculet**, **Olivaceous Woodcreeper**, **Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet**, **Gray-capped Flycatcher and Streaked Flycatchers**, **White-vented** and **Bronze-green Euphonias**, **Purple** and **Green Honeycreepers**, and **Black-faced Dacnis**. After lunch, we headed back up towards Abra Patricia. A stop at a palm grove unfortunately did not produce any palmcreepers but did get us **Orange-backed Troupial** and **Straight-billed Woodcreeper**. Not far from Owlet Lodge, we stopped along the highway at my most reliable spot for **Royal Sunangel**, and after scrambling up to a precarious lookout we found a handsome male at close range (*photo below*) along with some **Metallic-green Tanagers**, and **White-tipped Swifts** circled overhead.

White-throated Woodpecker from Quebrada Misshquiyacu

It was getting pretty late by the time we reached Owlet Lodge, so after settling into our rooms we just spent a bit of time at the hummingbird feeders. A **Sword-billed Hummingbird** took great interest in a pair of orange Swarovski binoculars, but ignored the feeders, and a **Tyrannine Woodcreeper** came in close. Before dinner we looked for **White-throated Screech-Owl**, which came in but perched behind a branch where not everyone could see it (we would try again a few days later though with better luck).

With four nights at Owlet Lodge we had a decent amount of time to explore the region. It was unusually dry, and there was not a drop of rain until the morning that we left, which was exactly when we really didn't want it. Hot and dry conditions are not great for cloudforest birding and it was often slow and quiet, but we had reasonable success seeing the specialties of the area. During our first day, we birded around the lodge and along its trails. After breakfast we first tried to see a singing Ochre-fronted Antpitta that would prove to be our nemesis over the next few days, hearing it several times and never even seeing movement. Soon after, two **Chestnut Antpittas** (*left*) came to a worm feeder near the lodge, offering great views and photos. **Rusty-tinged Antpitta** was not so cooperative. It used to come to worms, but did not do so during our stay. We did manage to coax one to cross a trail later in the morning, but the views were not great. We spent the rest of the morning along the trails where activity was generally slow, but we did

have good views of **Variable Antshrike**, **Streak-headed Antbird**, **Leymebamba Antpitta**, **Rufous-vented Tapaculo**, **Azara's Spinetail**, **Sulphur-bellied** and **Peruvian Tyrannulets**, **Mountain Wren**, **Andean Solitaire**, and some colorful **tanagers** including **Blue-capped**, **Blue-and-black**, **Beryl-spangled**, **Saffron-crowned**, and **Flame-faced**. Our afternoon session was focused on the most famous bird of Abra Patricia, the enigmatic **Long-whiskered Owlet**. The best spot for the bird is about 2.5km down a trail that is steep in parts, so we left well before dark and took our time walking down, hoping for some bird activity along the way. It was still very quiet, but we did find one of our main targets, the colorful **Johnson's Tody-Flycatcher**, along with a pair of the soon-to-be-split "Maroon-belted" **Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant**. We waited for it to get dark at a shelter, listening to distant Lyre-tailed Nightjars, until finally we could hear the soft calls of the owlet. Eber, the reserve warden in charge of showing people the owlet, led to us to a good spot and expertly called it in. The first time it came in it was hidden from some folks, but luckily it came back and perched very close to us in full view – fantastic! It was a slow hike back up the mountain, but the **Long-whiskered Owlet** made it completely worth it, and we also saw a **Rufous-banded Owl** on the way back as a nice bonus:

We birded for a short time near Owlet Lodge the next morning for **Emerald-bellied Puffleg**, **Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant**, **Pale-edged Flycatcher**, **Olivaceous Siskin**, **Russet-crowned Warbler**, and **Drab Hemispingus** before driving down the highway about 15 minutes to the Alto Nieva reserve. The local guide took us to a good territory for **Bar-winged Wood-Wren** which showed nicely, and we also had **Cinnamon-breasted Tody-Tyrant** nearby. They used to feed antpittas in this reserve, but sadly they stopped doing that during the pandemic. The local guide took us to some spots for Ochre-fronted Antpitta, but they were responsive and we just heard it distantly. We did see a few other birds along the trails like **Uniform Antshrike**, **Olive-backed Woodcreeper**, **Barred Becard**, **White-throated Spadebill**, **Three-striped**

Warbler, and **Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager**. The hummer feeders had **Greenish Puffleg**, two more **Royal Sunangels**, **Speckled Hummingbird**, and a few others. After heading back to the lodge for lunch, we spend the afternoon birding along the highway, hoping to find some mixed species flocks, which had been few and far between due to the dry conditions. Fortunately we did find one good flock with **Montane Woodcreeper**, **Streaked Xenops**, **Inca Flycatcher**, **Yellow-breasted Brushfinch**, **Citrine Warbler**, **Black-eared Hemispingus**, **Gray-hooded Bush Tanager**, and various other species we had seen elsewhere. Other stops along the road produced a **White-capped Tanager** perched up on a distant snag and a pair of **Torrent Ducks** that were soon joined by two **White-capped Dippers** that sat on a nearby rock. Interestingly, the dippers appeared to be two different subspecies, the dark-bellied nominate, and the pale-bellied *leuconotus*:

For our third full day based out of Owlet Lodge, we first drove down to lower elevations to the Arena Blanca Reserve, hoping to see tinamous at a feeder early in the morning. The tinamous were no-shows, but a big family of **Rufous-breasted Wood-Quails** came in and were fun to watch, along with the **Orange-billed Sparrows**. Banana feeders attracted hordes of hungry birds, mostly common species, but there were a few surprises in the form of "Moriche" **Epaulet Oriole**, **Hauxwell's Thrush**, **Magpie Tanager**, and **White-lored Euphonia**. We also had one new hummingbird, a fancy **Wire-crested Thorntail** that was feeding on verbena flowers. Later in the morning, we made some stops along the highway on the way back to Owlet Lodge, where some of the highlights were **Equatorial Graytail**, **Lined Antshrike**, **Yellow-breasted Antwren**, **Ecuadorian Tyrannulet**, **Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant**, and **Olivaceous Greenlet**. After lunch, we hit the trails again, which weren't bad considering the time of day. Most of the birds we had seen before, but new ones included **Pearled Treerunner**, **Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia**, **Grass-green Tanager**, **Mountain Cacique**, and an absolutely superb **Crimson-mantled Woodpecker** that posed for photos near an almost equally stunning **White-collared Jay**.

Crimson-mantled Woodpecker

White-collared Jay

Rain greeted us early next morning as we checked out of Owlet Lodge to continue or journey. We could have used some of that the previous days considering how dry it was, but today it was very unwelcome and meant that we wouldn't be able to hike up the tough San Lorenzo trail. At least that gave us more time to bird in the Utcubamba Valley, where we easily found some key targets like **Peruvian Pigeon**, **Black-necked Woodpecker**, **Marañon Thrush**, and "Baron's" **Line-cheeked Spinetail** along with others like **Speckle-chested Piculet**, **Buff-bellied Tanager**, **Spot-throated Hummingbird**, **Yellow-browed Sparrow**, and **Mottle-backed Elaenia**. We also got a head start on the temperate forest above Leymebamba. The stunning **Yellow-scarfed Tanager** was definitely a favorite, but a **Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan** was a close runner up. We had our best views yet of **Yungas Pygmy-Owl**, and other birds came in to mob it including **Rainbow Starfrontlet**, **Amethyst-throated Sunangel**, **Mountain Velvetbreast**, **White-banded Tyrannulet**, **Superciliaried Hemispingus**, and **Blue-backed Conebill**. The recently split **Utcubamba Tapaculo** showed well in response to playback, but we didn't have luck with Chachapoyas Antpitta, which we only heard. Higher up the forest was more stunted and we located the endemic **Coppery Metailtail** and a few other birds like **Tufted Tit-Tyrant** and **Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager** before driving down to our lodge in Leymebamba, stopping to see our first **Andean Flickers** along the way. Just after dark, a **Koepcke's Screech-Owl** began singing right next the lodge. It had stopped by the time everyone had gone outside, but we managed to find another one just up the road for a great view.

Tufted Tit-Tyrant

A long but fascinating day! We began in the same forest patches that we had birded yesterday afternoon, seeing many of the same birds again but also adding **Strong-billed Woodcreeper**, **Barred Becard**, **Black-capped Tyrannulet**, **Smoky Bush-Tyrant**, **Golden-browed Chat-Tyrant**, and **Glossy-black Thrush**. Another stop higher up got us the rare **Russet-mantled Softtail** that came in from way down the slope in response to some playback, as well as a **White-chinned Thistletail**. Forest gave way to grassy paramo as we passed the tree line, and different birds appeared like **Many-striped Canastero**, **Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant**, and **Grass Wren**. We reached the rim of the Marañon Canyon at the infamous

Abra Barro Negro ("Black Mud Pass") at 3600 m (11800 ft) where it was a brisk 45F/7C, and with a bit of effort managed to call in the endemic **Neblina Tapaculo** before starting down. It's a narrow, slow, potholed road, and we took our time, stopping a couple of times to look at the scenery, for a picnic lunch, and once for a pair of **Bare-faced Ground Doves**. Forest gave way to scrub and farmland, and then to cactus-filled desert as the temperature climbed into the 90s and we had to strip off our layers. The heat kept the bird activity low, though we did manage to find both **Buff-bridled** and **Gray-winged Inca-Finches** before heading up the western rim and down to the town of Celendin, where we would spend two nights. Upon arrival we learned that the whole town was without water due to a broken pipe, but we sorted out some buckets and made it through the night.

With two endemics still missing, we headed back down into the canyon the following morning. **Chestnut-backed Thornbird** was easy enough to find, so we set our sights on the last one, **Yellow-faced Parrotlet**. We had our picnic breakfast right in the heart of the best remaining habitat, and listened for them as we enjoyed the beautiful morning and stunning scenery. Right in the middle of the second cup of coffee, the parrotlets starting calling downslope, and after a short wait a pair came up and perched very close to us for fantastic views and photos:

After a while they were chased away by a pair of **Black-necked Woodpeckers**, which we were happy to see again. After breakfast, we drove slowly back to Celendin, making stops along the way for "Black-lored" **Masked Yellowthroat**, more **Gray-winged** and **Buff-bridled Inca-Finches**, **Jelski's Chat-Tyrant**, **Smoky-brown Woodpecker**, **Golden-billed Saltator**, along with many other species seen earlier in the trip. It was only late morning by the time we reached town, so we stocked up on stuff for a picnic lunch and headed out along the highway to Cajamarca, where we spent the rest of the day. The recently split **Cajamarca Antpitta** was my favorite of the afternoon, when one bird perched up high enough that we could see it from the side of the highway in a tiny patch of forest. Other nice sightings included **Andean Gull**, **Shining Sunbeam**, **Andean Flicker**, **Mountain Caracara**, **Cream-winged Cinclodes**, **Rusty-crowned Tit-Spinetail**, **Streak-throated Canastero**, **Rufous-webbed Bush-Tyrant**, **Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant**, and **Peruvian** and **Plumbeous Sierra-Finches**. **Plain-tailed Warbling Finch** was calling in one spot, but stayed in dense vegetation and didn't show well – we'd have to try again tomorrow. Heading back to Celendin, we were delighted to learn the water was back on, and enjoyed hot showers before heading to a local pizza place for dinner.

Andean Flicker

Our second attempt at seeing **Plain-tailed Warbling Finch** started the same as the first – frustrating – but then finally the birds came up into view, flew across the road, and moved through some more open vegetation (*photo left*). We also added **Tit-like Dacnis**, **Giant Hummingbird**, **Black-throated Flowerpiercer**, and the crazy-looking **Black-crested Tit-Tyrant** before continuing on towards Cajamarca. Omar knew about a stakeout for **Rufous-eared Brushfinch**, which I had never managed to see on this tour before, and the birds came in straight away for superb views. By late morning we had reached the Rio Chonta, and after a bit of a search we located our last two endemic hummingbirds of the tour, the big **Gray-belllied Comet** and unique **Black Metailtail**. **Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant**, **White-browed Chat-Tyrant**, **White-winged Cinclodes**, **Torrent Tyrannulet**, and **Cinereous Conebill** rounded out the morning's birding before we headed to the city and had a late lunch. With our major targets seen already, I decided to do some exploring just west of the continental divide, but it was almost totally dead and we saw basically nothing of note, so we bailed and checked into our nice hotel by Cajamarca's main square, having a bit of time to relax in the afternoon.

Rufous-eared Brushfinch

We had one last morning of birding, and one last endemic to look for – **Great Spinetail**. It wasn't easy, but we got it in the end. We chased one up a steep slope and along an overgrown trail, but it was staying just out of view. Eventually the trail came out on the highway one switchback up from where we started, and the bird finally showed itself near the top of an open bush. We were a bit scratched up from the thorny vegetation, but happy to have seen it. **Blue-and-yellow Tanager** was the only other new trip bird from that spot. Since we had seen the spinetail fairly quickly, there was time to check out a highland lake called Lago Huanico. This reed fringed lake was a fun place to finish as we quickly saw some neat birds like **Puna** and **Yellow-billed Teal**, **Yellow-billed Pintail**, **Silvery Grebe**, **Plumbeous Rail** (right out in the open), **Slate-colored Coot**, **Andean Lapwing**, **Andean Gull**, **Puna Ibis** and a few others. We returned to Cajamarca in time to pack up and check out of the hotel, then had a very tasty lunch before heading to the airport and catching a flight back to Lima. Some of us had connecting flights home that evening, and others had to spend the night, so we said our goodbyes and went our separate ways. Thanks to everyone for helping to make it a great trip!

BIRD LIST

The list includes everything that was seen by at least one of the group, including the guide/tour leader. Taxonomy follows: Clements, J. F., T. S. Schulenberg, M. J. Iliff, D. Roberson, T. A. Fredericks, B. L. Sullivan, and C. L. Wood. 2021. The eBird/Clements checklist of birds of the world: v2021. Downloaded from http://www.birds.cornell.edu/clementschecklist/download/

498 bird species were seen, and another 51 were heard only

(E)=Endemic to Peru
H=heard only
GO=guide only

	TINAMOUS	**TINAMIDAE**
H	Gray Tinamou	*Tinamus tao*
H	Cinereous Tinamou	*Crypturellus cinereus*
H	Little Tinamou	*Crypturellus soui*
	Tataupa Tinamou	*Crypturellus tataupa*
	DUCKS, GEESE, AND WATERFOWL	**ANATIDAE**
	Comb Duck	*Sarkidiornis melanotos*
	Torrent Duck	*Merganetta armata*
	Puna Teal	*Spatula puna*
	Cinnamon Teal	*Spatula cyanoptera*
	White-cheeked Pintail	*Anas bahamensis*
	Yellow-billed Pintail	*Anas georgica*
	Yellow-billed Teal	*Anas flavirostris*
	Masked Duck	*Nomonyx dominicus*
	Andean Duck	*Oxyura ferruginea ferruginea*
	CRACIDS	**CRACIDAE**
	Speckled Chachalaca	*Ortalis guttata*
	Andean Guan	*Penelope montagnii*
	White-winged Guan (E)	*Penelope albipennis*
H	Wattled Guan	*Aburria aburri*

	NEW WORLD QUAIL	**ODONTOPHORIDAE**
	Rufous-breasted Wood-Quail	*Odontophorus speciosus*
	GREBES	**PODICIPEDIDAE**
	White-tufted Grebe	*Rollandia rolland*
	Pied-billed Grebe	*Podilymbus podiceps*
	Great Grebe	*Podiceps major*
	Silvery Grebe	*Podiceps occipitalis*
	PIGEONS AND DOVES	**COLUMBIDAE**
	Rock Pigeon	*Columba livia*
H	Scaled Pigeon	*Patagioenas speciosa*
	Band-tailed Pigeon	*Patagioenas fasciata*
	Peruvian Pigeon	*Patagioenas oenops*
H	Plumbeous Pigeon	*Patagioenas plumbea*
	Ruddy Pigeon	*Patagioenas subvinacea*
	Ruddy Ground Dove	*Columbina talpacoti*
	Croaking Ground Dove	*Columbina cruziana*
	Blue Ground Dove	*Claravis pretiosa*
	Bare-faced Ground Dove	*Metriopelia ceciliae*
	White-tipped Dove	*Leptotila verreauxi*
H	Gray-fronted Dove	*Leptotila rufaxilla*
	West Peruvian Dove	*Zenaida meloda*
	Eared Dove	*Zenaida auriculata*
	CUCKOOS	**CUCULIDAE**
	Smooth-billed Ani	*Crotophaga ani*
	Groove-billed Ani	*Crotophaga sulcirostris*
	Striped Cuckoo	*Tapera naevia*
	Squirrel Cuckoo	*Piaya cayana*
	NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES	**CAPRIMULGIDAE**
	Tschudi's Nightjar	*Systellura decussata*
H	Common Pauraque	*Nyctidromus albicollis*
H	Lyre-tailed Nightjar	*Uropsalis lyra*
	OILBIRD	**STEATORNITHIDAE**
	Oilbird	*Steatornis caripensis*
	SWIFTS	**APODIDAE**
	Spot-fronted Swift	*Cypseloides cherriei*
	Chestnut-collared Swift	*Streptoprocne rutila*
	White-collared Swift	*Streptoprocne zonaris*
	White-tipped Swift	*Aeronautes montivagus*
	Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	*Panyptila cayennensis*
	Fork-tailed Palm-Swift	*Tachornis squamata*
	HUMMINGBIRDS	**TROCHILIDAE**
	White-necked Jacobin	*Florisuga mellivora*
	Rufous-breasted Hermit	*Glaucis hirsutus*
	Green Hermit	*Phaethornis guy*
	Great-billed Hermit	*Phaethornis malaris*
	Black-throated Hermit	*Phaethornis atrimentalis*
	Sparkling Violetear	*Colibri coruscans*
	Lesser (Green) Violetear	*Colibri cyanotus*
	Black-throated Mango	*Anthracothorax nigricollis*
	Amethyst-throated Sunangel	*Heliangelus amethysticollis*

	Purple-throated Sunangel	*Heliangelus viola*
	Royal Sunangel	*Heliangelus regalis*
	Wire-crested Thorntail	*Discosura popelairii*
	Rufous-crested Coquette	*Lophornis delattrei*
	Ecuadorian Piedtail	*Phlogophilus hemileucurus*
	Speckled Hummingbird	*Adelomyia melanogenys*
	Long-tailed Sylph	*Aglaiocercus kingii*
	Gray-bellied Comet (E)	*Taphrolesbia griseiventris*
	Green-tailed Trainbearer	*Lesbia nuna*
	Tyrian Metaltail	*Metallura tyrianthina*
	Coppery Metaltail (E)	*Metallura theresiae*
	Black Metaltail (E)	*Metallura phoebe*
	Greenish Puffleg	*Haplophaedia aureliae cutucuensis*
	Emerald-bellied Puffleg	*Eriocnemis aline*
	Marvelous Spatuletail (E)	*Loddigesia mirabilis*
	Shining Sunbeam	*Aglaeactis cupripennis*
	Bronzy Inca	*Coeligena coeligena*
	Collared Inca	*Coeligena torquata*
	Rainbow Starfrontlet	*Coeligena iris*
	Mountain Velvetbreast	*Lafresnaya lafresnayi*
	Sword-billed Hummingbird	*Ensifera ensifera*
	Chestnut-breasted Coronet	*Boissonneaua matthewsii*
	Booted Racket-tail	*Ocreatus underwoodii*
	Fawn-breasted Brilliant	*Heliodoxa rubinoides*
	Violet-fronted Brilliant	*Heliodoxa leadbeateri*
	Giant Hummingbird	*Patagona gigas*
	Long-billed Starthroat	*Heliomaster longirostris*
	Peruvian Sheartail	*Thaumastura cora*
	Short-tailed Woodstar	*Myrmia micrura*
	Purple-collared Woodstar	*Myrtis fanny*
	White-bellied Woodstar	*Chaetocercus mulsant*
	Violet-headed Hummingbird	*Klais guimeti*
	Gray-breasted Sabrewing	*Campylopterus largipennis*
	Napo Sabrewing	*Campylopterus villaviscensio*
	Fork-tailed Woodnymph	*Thalurania furcata*
	Spot-throated Hummingbird	*Thaumasius taczanowskii*
	Many-spotted Hummingbird	*Taphrospilus hypostictus*
	Amazilia Hummingbird	*Amazilis amazilia*
	Andean Emerald	*Uranomitra franciae*
	Golden-tailed Sapphire	*Chrysuronia oenone*
	Sapphire-spangled Emerald	*Chionomesa lactea*
	White-bellied Hummingbird	*Elliotomyia chionogaster*
	RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS	**HAEMATOPODIDAE**
	Spotted Rail	*Pardirallus maculatus*
	Plumbeous Rail	*Pardirallus sanguinolentus*
	Common Gallinule	*Gallinula galeata*
	Slate-colored (Andean) Coot	*Fulica ardesiaca*
	Purple Gallinule	*Porphyrio martinica*
H	Russet-crowned Crake	*Anurolimnas viridis*
H	Rufous-sided Crake	*Laterallus melanophaius*

H	Gray-breasted Crake	*Laterallus exilis*
	LIMPKIN	**JACANIDAE**
	Limpkin	*Aramus guarauna*
	THICK-KNEES	**THINOCORIDAE**
	Peruvian Thick-knee	*Burhinus superciliaris*
	STILTS AND AVOCETS	**RECURVIROSTRIDAE**
	Black-necked Stilt	*Himantopus mexicanus*
	OYSTERCATCHERS	**STERCORARIIDAE**
	American Oystercatcher	*Haematopus palliatus*
	PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS	**LARIDAE**
	Andean Lapwing	*Vanellus resplendens*
H	Killdeer	*Charadrius vociferus*
	JACANAS	**JACANIDAE**
	Wattled Jacana	*Jacana jacana*
	SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES	**SCOLOPACIDAE**
	Whimbrel	*Numenius phaeopus*
	Ruddy Turnstone	*Arenaria interpres*
	Sanderling	*Calidris alba*
	Baird's Sandpiper	*Calidris bairdii*
	Least Sandpiper	*Calidris minutilla*
	Wilson's Phalarope	*Phalaropus tricolor*
	Spotted Sandpiper	*Actitis macularius*
	Greater Yellowlegs	*Tringa melanoleuca*
	Lesser Yellowlegs	*Tringa flavipes*
	GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMMERS	**LARIDAE**
	Andean Gull	*Chroicocephalus serranus*
	Gray-hooded Gull	*Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus*
	Kelp Gull	*Larus dominicanus*
	Peruvian Tern	*Sternula lorata*
	Royal Tern	*Thalasseus maximus*
	CORMORANTS AND SHAGS	**PHALACROCORACIDAE**
	Neotropic Cormorant	*Nannopterum brasilianum*
	PELICANS	**PELECANIDAE**
	Peruvian Pelican	*Pelecanus thagus*
	HERONS, EGRETS, AND BITTERNS	**ARDEIDAE**
	Cocoi Heron	*Ardea cocoi*
	Great Egret	*Ardea alba*
	Snowy Egret	*Egretta thula*
	Little Blue Heron	*Egretta caerulea*
	Cattle Egret	*Bubulcus ibis*
	Striated Heron	*Butorides striata*
	Capped Heron	*Pilherodius pileatus*
	Black-crowned Night-Heron	*Nycticorax nycticorax*
	IBISES AND SPOONBILLS	**THRESKIORNITHIDAE**
	Puna Ibis	*Plegadis ridgwayi*
	NEW WORLD VULTURES	**CATHARTIDAE**
	King Vulture	*Sarcoramphus papa*
	Black Vulture	*Coragyps atratus*
	Turkey Vulture	*Cathartes aura*
	OSPREY	**PANDIONIDAE**
	Osprey	*Pandion haliaetus*

	HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES	**BURHINIDAE**
	Pearl Kite	*Gampsonyx swainsonii*
	Hook-billed Kite	*Chondrohierax uncinatus*
	Swallow-tailed Kite	*Elanoides forficatus*
	Snail Kite	*Rostrhamus sociabilis*
	Savanna Hawk	*Buteogallus meridionalis*
	Solitary Eagle	*Buteogallus solitarius*
	Roadside Hawk	*Rupornis magnirostris*
	Harris's Hawk	*Parabuteo unicinctus*
	Variable Hawk	*Geranoaetus polyosoma*
	Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	*Geranoaetus melanoleucus*
	Short-tailed Hawk	*Buteo brachyurus*
	OWLS	**STRIGIDAE**
	White-throated Screech-Owl	*Megascops albogularis*
	Koepcke's Screech-Owl (E)	*Megascops koepckeae*
	Peruvian Screech-Owl	*Megascops roboratus*
	Band-bellied Owl	*Pulsatrix melanota*
	Yungas Pygmy-Owl	*Glaucidium bolivianum*
	Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl	*Glaucidium brasilianum*
	Peruvian Pygmy-Owl	*Glaucidium peruanum*
	Long-whiskered Owlet (E)	*Xenoglaux loweryi*
	Burrowing Owl	*Athene cunicularia*
	Rufous-banded Owl	*Ciccaba albitarsis*
	TROGONS	**TROGONIDAE**
	Golden-headed Quetzal	*Pharomachrus auriceps*
	Green-backed Trogon	*Trogon viridis*
	Blue-crowned Trogon	*Trogon curucui*
	Masked Trogon	*Trogon personatus*
	MOTMOTS	**MOMOTIDAE**
H	Rufous Motmot	*Baryphthengus martii*
H	Broad-billed Motmot	*Electron platyrhynchum*
	KINGFISHERS	**ALCEDINIDAE**
	Ringed Kingfisher	*Megaceryle torquata*
	PUFFBIRDS	**BUCCONIDAE**
H	Lanceolated Monklet	*Micromonacha lanceolata*
	White-fronted Nunbird	*Monasa morphoeus*
	JACAMARS	**GALBULIDAE**
	Bluish-fronted Jacamar	*Galbula cyanescens*
	Great Jacamar	*Jacamerops aureus*
	NEW WORLD BARBETS	**CAPITONIDAE**
	Gilded Barbet	*Capito auratus*
	Versicolored Barbet	*Eubucco versicolor*
	TOUCANS	**RAMPHASTIDAE**
	Chestnut-tipped Toucanet	*Aulacorhynchus derbianus*
	Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan	*Andigena hypoglauca*
H	Chestnut-eared Aracari	*Pteroglossus castanotis*
	Golden-collared Toucanet	*Selenidera reinwardtii*
H	Channel-billed Toucan	*Ramphastos vitellinus*
	WOODPECKERS	**PICIDAE**
	Lafresnaye's Piculet	*Picumnus lafresnayi*
	Ecuadorian Piculet	*Picumnus sclateri*

	Speckle-chested Piculet (E)	*Picumnus steindachneri*
	Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	*Melanerpes cruentatus*
	Smoky-brown Woodpecker	*Dryobates fumigatus*
	Little Woodpecker	*Dryobates passerinus*
	Scarlet-backed Woodpecker	*Dryobates callonotus*
	Lineated Woodpecker	*Dryocopus lineatus*
	White-throated Woodpecker	*Piculus leucolaemus*
	Golden-olive Woodpecker	*Colaptes rubiginosus*
	Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	*Colaptes rivolii*
	Black-necked Woodpecker (E)	*Colaptes atricollis*
	Andean Flicker	*Colaptes rupicola*
	FALCONS AND CARACARAS	**FALCONIDAE**
GO	Black Caracara	*Daptrius ater*
	Mountain Caracara	*Phalcoboenus megalopterus*
	Crested Caracara	*Caracara plancus*
	Yellow-headed Caracara	*Milvago chimachima*
	American Kestrel	*Falco sparverius*
H	Bat Falcon	*Falco rufigularis*
	Peregrine Falcon	*Falco peregrinus*
	PARROTS	**PSITTACIDAE**
H	Barred Parakeet	*Bolborhynchus lineola*
	Cobalt-winged Parakeet	*Brotogeris cyanoptera*
	Speckle-faced Parrot (White-capped)	*Pionus tumultuosus seniloides*
	Blue-headed Parrot	*Pionus menstruus*
H	Scaly-naped Parrot	*Amazona mercenarius*
	Pacific Parrotlet	*Forpus coelestis*
	Yellow-faced Parrotlet (E)	*Forpus xanthops*
H	Golden-plumed Parakeet	*Leptosittaca branickii*
	Scarlet-fronted Parakeet	*Psittacara wagleri*
	Red-masked Parakeet	*Psittacara erythrogenys*
	White-eyed Parakeet	*Psittacara leucophthalmus*
	TYPICAL ANTBIRDS	**THAMNOPHILIDAE**
H	Fasciated Antshrike	*Cymbilaimus lineatus*
	Chapman's Antshrike	*Thamnophilus zarumae*
	Lined Antshrike	*Thamnophilus tenuepunctatus*
	Collared Antshrike	*Thamnophilus bernardi bernardi*
	Collared Antshrike (shumbae)	*Thamnophilus bernardi shumbae*
H	Plain-winged Antshrike	*Thamnophilus schistaceus*
	Northern Slaty-Antshrike	*Thamnophilus punctatus*
	Variable Antshrike	*Thamnophilus caerulescens*
	Uniform Antshrike	*Thamnophilus unicolor*
H	Plain Antvireo	*Dysithamnus mentalis*
	Foothill Stipplethroat (Antwren)	*Epinecrophylla spodionota*
	Stripe-chested Antwren	*Myrmotherula longicauda*
	Yellow-breasted Antwren	*Herpsilochmus axillaris*
	Rusty-backed Antwren	*Formicivora rufa*
	Streak-headed (Long-tailed) Antbird	*Drymophila caudata*
	Peruvian Warbling-Antbird	*Hypocnemis peruviana*
	Spot-winged Antbird	*Myrmelastes leucostigma*
H	Zimmer's Antbird	*Sciaphylax castanea*

	CRESCENTCHESTS	**MELANOPAREIIDAE**
	Marañon Crescentchest	*Melanopareia maranonica*
	Elegant Crescentchest	*Melanopareia elegans*
	ANTPITTAS	**GRALLARIIDAE**
H	Chestnut-crowned Antpitta	*Grallaria ruficapilla*
H	Stripe-headed Antpitta	*Grallaria andicolus*
	Rusty-tinged Antpitta (E)	*Grallaria przewalskii*
	Cajamarca (Rufous) Antpitta (E)	*Grallaria cajamarcae*
	Chestnut Antpitta (E)	*Grallaria blakei*
H	Chachapoyas (Rufous) Antpitta (E)	*Grallaria gravesi*
H	Ochre-fronted Antpitta (E)	*Grallaricula ochraceifrons*
	Leymebamba (Rusty-breasted) Antpitta	*Grallaricula leymebambae*
	TAPACULOS	**RHINOCRYPTIDAE**
	Neblina Tapaculo (E)	*Scytalopus altirostris*
H	White-crowned Tapaculo	*Scytalopus atratus*
	Rufous-vented Tapaculo (E)	*Scytalopus femoralis*
	Utcubamba (Blackish) Tapaculo (E)	*Scytalopus intermedius*
	OVENBIRDS AND WOODCREEPERS	**FURNARIIDAE**
	Coastal Miner (E)	*Geositta peruviana*
	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	*Sittasomus griseicapillus amazonus*
	Tyrannine Woodcreeper	*Dendrocincla tyrannina*
	Strong-billed Woodcreeper	*Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus*
	Olive-backed Woodcreeper	*Xiphorhynchus triangularis*
	Straight-billed Woodcreeper	*Dendroplex picus*
	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	*Lepidocolaptes souleyetii*
	Montane Woodcreeper	*Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger*
	Streaked Xenops	*Xenops rutilans*
H	Streaked Tuftedcheek	*Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii*
	Pale-legged (Pacific) Hornero	*Furnarius leucopus cinnamomeus*
	Pale-legged Hornero	*Furnarius leucopus tricolor*
	Wren-like Rushbird	*Phleocryptes melanops*
	Cream-winged Cinclodes	*Cinclodes albiventris*
	White-winged Cinclodes	*Cinclodes atacamensis*
	Montane Foliage-gleaner	*Anabacerthia striaticollis*
	Rufous-tailed Foliage-gleaner	*Anabacerthia ruficaudata*
H	Rufous-necked Foliage-gleaner	*Syndactyla ruficollis*
	Henna-hooded Foliage-gleaner	*Clibanornis erythrocephalus*
H	Striped Treehunter	*Thripadectes holostictus*
H	Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner	*Automolus ochrolaemus*
H	Spotted Barbtail	*Premnoplex brunnescens*
	Pearled Treerunner	*Margarornis squamiger*
	Rusty-crowned Tit-Spinetail (E)	*Leptasthenura pileata*
	Rufous-fronted Thornbird	*Phacellodomus rufifrons*
	Chestnut-backed Thornbird (E)	*Phacellodomus dorsalis*
	Many-striped Canastero	*Asthenes flammulata*
	Streak-throated Canastero	*Asthenes humilis*
	White-chinned Thistletail	*Asthenes fuliginosa peruviana*
	Equatorial Graytail	*Xenerpestes singularis*
	Russet-mantled Softtail (E)	*Thripophaga berlepschi*
	Ash-browed Spinetail	*Cranioleuca curtata*

	Line-cheeked Spinetail	*Cranioleuca antisiensis palamblae*
	Line-cheeked (Baron's) Spinetail (E)	*Cranioleuca antisiensis baroni*
	Marañon Spinetail	*Synallaxis maranonica*
	Great Spinetail (E)	*Synallaxis hypochondriaca*
	Necklaced Spinetail	*Synallaxis stictothorax*
	Chinchipe Spinetail (E)	*Synallaxis chinchipensis*
H	Dark-breasted Spinetail	*Synallaxis albigularis*
	Azara's Spinetail	*Synallaxis azarae*
	Rufous Spinetail	*Synallaxis unirufa*
	MANAKINS	**PIPRIDAE**
H	Painted (Striped) Manakin (E)	*Machaeropterus eckelberryi*
	Fiery-capped Manakin	*Machaeropterus pyrocephalus*
	Golden-headed Manakin	*Ceratopipra erythrocephala*
	COTINGAS	**COTINGIDAE**
	Green-and-black Fruiteater	*Pipreola riefferii*
	Scaled Fruiteater	*Ampelioides tschudii*
	Peruvian Plantcutter (E)	*Phytotoma raimondii*
GO	Red-crested Cotinga	*Ampelion rubrocristatus*
	TITYRAS AND ALLIES	**TITYRIDAE**
	Barred Becard	*Pachyramphus versicolor*
	White-winged Becard	*Pachyramphus polychopterus*
	TYRANT FLYCATCHERS	**TYRANNIDAE**
	Wing-barred Piprites	*Piprites chloris*
	White-throated Spadebill	*Platyrinchus mystaceus*
	Many-colored Rush Tyrant	*Tachuris rubrigastra*
	Streak-necked Flycatcher	*Mionectes striaticollis*
	Olive-striped Flycatcher	*Mionectes olivaceus*
	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	*Mionectes oleagineus*
	Slaty-capped Flycatcher	*Leptopogon superciliaris*
	Inca Flycatcher (E)	*Leptopogon taczanowskii*
	Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant	*Phylloscartes ophthalmicus*
	Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	*Phylloscartes ventralis*
	Ecuadorian Tyrannulet	*Phylloscartes gualaquizae*
	Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant	*Pseudotriccus ruficeps*
	White-bellied Pygmy-Tyrant	*Myiornis albiventris*
	Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant	*Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer*
	Black-throated Tody-Tyrant	*Hemitriccus granadensis*
	Cinnamon-breasted Tody-Tyrant	*Hemitriccus cinnamomeipectus*
	Johnson's Tody-Flycatcher (E)	*Poecilotriccus luluae*
	Black-and-white Tody-Flycatcher	*Poecilotriccus capitalis*
	Common Tody-Flycatcher	*Todirostrum cinereum*
	Yellow-browed Tody-Flycatcher	*Todirostrum chrysocrotaphum*
	Yellow-margined Flycatcher	*Tolmomyias assimilis*
	Yellow-breasted Flycatcher (Olive-faced)	*Tolmomyias flaviventris*
	Cinnamon Flycatcher	*Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus*
	Cliff Flycatcher	*Hirundinea ferruginea*
H	White-lored Tyrannulet	*Ornithion inerme*
	Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet	*Camptostoma obsoletum*
	White-banded Tyrannulet	*Mecocerculus stictopterus*
H	White-throated Tyrannulet	*Mecocerculus leucophrys*

	Sulphur-bellied Tyrannulet	*Mecocerculus minor*
	Black-crested Tit-Tyrant	*Anairetes nigrocristatus*
	Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant	*Anairetes flavirostris*
	Tufted Tit-Tyrant	*Anairetes parulus*
	Mouse-colored Tyrannulet (Amazonian)	*Phaeomyias murina wagae*
	Mouse-colored Tyrannulet (Tumbes)	*Phaeomyias murina tumbezana/inflava*
	Mouse-colored Tyrannulet (Marañon)	*Phaeomyias murina maranonica*
	Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet	*Tyrannulus elatus*
	Pacific Elaenia	*Myiopagis subplacens*
	Mottle-backed Elaenia	*Elaenia gigas*
	Highland Elaenia	*Elaenia obscura*
	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	*Elaenia flavogaster*
	Sierran Elaenia	*Elaenia pallatangae*
	Torrent Tyrannulet	*Serpophaga cinerea*
	Black-capped Tyrannulet	*Phyllomyias nigrocapillus*
	Mishana Tyrannulet (E)	*Zimmerius villarejoi*
	Peruvian Tyrannulet (E)	*Zimmerius viridiflavus*
	Fulvous-headed (Tawny-crowned) Pygmy-Tyrant	*Euscarthmus fulviceps*
	Gray-and-white Tyrannulet	*Pseudelaenia leucospodia*
	Bran-colored Flycatcher	*Myiophobus fasciatus*
	Euler's Flycatcher	*Lathrotriccus euleri*
	Smoke-colored Pewee	*Contopus fumigatus*
	Tropical Pewee (Tumbes)	*Contopus cinereus punensis*
	Black Phoebe	*Sayornis nigricans*
	Vermilion Flycatcher	*Pyrocephalus rubinus*
	Rufous-naped Ground-Tyrant	*Muscisaxicola rufivertex*
	Rufous-webbed Bush-Tyrant	*Cnemarchus rufipennis*
	Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant	*Agriornis montanus*
GO	Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant	*Myiotheretes striaticollis*
	Smoky Bush-Tyrant	*Myiotheretes fumigatus*
	Tumbes Tyrant	*Tumbezia salvini*
	Jelski's Chat-Tyrant	*Ochthoeca jelskii*
	Golden-browed Chat-Tyrant	*Ochthoeca pulchella*
	Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant	*Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris angustifasciata*
	Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant	*Ochthoeca fumicolor*
	Piura Chat-Tyrant (E)	*Ochthoeca piurae*
	White-browed Chat-Tyrant	*Ochthoeca leucophrys*
	Short-tailed Field Tyrant	*Muscigralla brevicauda*
	Rufous Flycatcher (E)	*Myiarchus semirufus*
H	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	*Myiarchus tuberculifer*
H	Short-crested Flycatcher	*Myiarchus ferox*
	Pale-edged Flycatcher	*Myiarchus cephalotes*
	Brown-crested Flycatcher	*Myiarchus tyrannulus*
	Great Kiskadee	*Pitangus sulphuratus*
	Boat-billed Flycatcher	*Megarynchus pitangua*
	Social Flycatcher	*Myiozetetes similis*
	Gray-capped Flycatcher	*Myiozetetes granadensis*
	Baird's Flycatcher	*Myiodynastes bairdii*
	Streaked Flycatcher	*Myiodynastes maculatus*
	Piratic Flycatcher	*Legatus leucophaius*

	Tropical Kingbird	*Tyrannus melancholicus*
	VIREOS	**VIREONIDAE**
	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	*Cyclarhis gujanensis*
	Olivaceous Greenlet	*Hylophilus olivaceus*
H	Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo	*Vireolanius leucotis*
H	Tawny-crowned Greenlet	*Tunchiornis ochraceiceps*
	Brown-capped Vireo	*Vireo leucophrys*
	Red-eyed Vireo	*Vireo olivaceus*
	Chivi Vireo	*Vireo chivi*
	CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES	**CORVIDAE**
	White-collared Jay	*Cyanolyca viridicyanus*
	Green Jay	*Cyanocorax yncas*
	White-tailed Jay	*Cyanocorax mystacalis*
	SWALLOWS	**HIRUNDINIDAE**
	Blue-and-white Swallow	*Pygochelidon cyanoleuca*
	Brown-bellied Swallow	*Orochelidon murina*
	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	*Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*
	Gray-breasted Martin	*Progne chalybea*
	Tumbes Swallow	*Tachycineta stolzmanni*
	Barn Swallow	*Hirundo rustica*
	Chestnut-collared Swallow	*Petrochelidon rufocollaris*
	WRENS	**TROGLODYTIDAE**
H	Scaly-breasted Wren	*Microcerculus marginatus*
	House Wren	*Troglodytes aedon*
	Mountain Wren	*Troglodytes solstitialis*
	Grass (Sedge) Wren	*Cistothorus platensis*
	Fasciated Wren	*Campylorhynchus fasciatus*
H	Thrush-like Wren	*Campylorhynchus turdinus*
	Speckle-breasted Wren	*Pheugopedius sclateri paucimaculatus*
	Speckle-breasted Wren (Marañon)	*Pheugopedius sclateri sclateri*
	Superciliated Wren	*Cantorchilus superciliaris*
H	Sharpe's (Sepia-brown) Wren	*Cinnycerthia olivascens*
	Bar-winged Wood-Wren	*Henicorhina leucoptera*
	Gray-breasted Wood-Wren	*Henicorhina leucophrys*
	GNATCATCHERS	**POLIOPTILIDAE**
	Tropical Gnatcatcher (Marañon)	*Polioptila plumbea maior*
	White-browed (Tropical) Gnatcatcher	*Polioptila bilineata*
	DIPPERS	**CINCLIDAE**
	White-capped Dipper	*Cinclus leucocephalus*
	DONACOBIUS	**DONACOBIIDAE**
	Black-capped Donacobius	*Donacobius atricapilla*
	THRUSHES AND ALLIES	**TURDIDAE**
	Andean Solitaire	*Myadestes ralloides*
H	Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush	*Catharus fuscater*
	Pale-breasted Thrush	*Turdus leucomelas*
	Hauxwell's Thrush	*Turdus hauxwelli*
	Plumbeous-backed Thrush	*Turdus reevei*
	Black-billed Thrush	*Turdus ignobilis*
	Marañon Thrush	*Turdus maranonicus*
	Great Thrush	*Turdus fuscater*

	Chiguanco Thrush	*Turdus chiguanco*
	Glossy-black Thrush	*Turdus serranus*
	MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS	**MIMIDAE**
	Long-tailed Mockingbird	*Mimus longicaudatus*
	OLD WORLD SPARROWS	**PASSERIDAE**
	House Sparrow	*Passer domesticus*
	PIPITS	**MOTACILLIDAE**
	Peruvian (Yellowish) Pipit	*Anthus peruvianus*
	EUPHONIAS AND SISKINS	**FRINGILLIDAE**
	Golden-rumped Euphonia	*Chlorophonia cyanocephala*
	Blue-naped Chlorophonia	*Chlorophonia cyanea*
	Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia	*Chlorophonia pyrrhophrys*
	Purple-throated Euphonia	*Euphonia chlorotica*
	Golden-bellied (White-lored) Euphonia	*Euphonia chrysopasta*
	White-vented Euphonia	*Euphonia minuta*
	Thick-billed Euphonia	*Euphonia laniirostris*
	Orange-bellied Euphonia	*Euphonia xanthogaster*
	Bronze-green Euphonia	*Euphonia mesochrysa*
	Hooded Siskin	*Spinus magellanicus*
	Olivaceous Siskin	*Spinus olivaceus*
	SPARROWS AND ALLIES	**PASSERELLIDAE**
	Yellow-throated Chlorospingus (Bush-Tan.)	*Chlorospingus flavigularis*
	Short-billed Chlorospingus (Bush-Tan.)	*Chlorospingus parvirostris*
	Ashy-throated Chlorospingus (Bush-Tan.)	*Chlorospingus canigularis*
	Common Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)	*Chlorospingus flavopectus*
	Tumbes Sparrow	*Rhynchospiza stolzmanni*
	Yellow-browed Sparrow	*Ammodramus aurifrons*
	Orange-billed Sparrow	*Arremon aurantiirostris*
	Black-capped Sparrow (Black-capped)	*Arremon abeillei abeillei*
	Black-capped Sparrow (Marañon)	*Arremon abeillei nigriceps*
	Chestnut-capped Brushfinch	*Arremon brunneinucha*
	Rufous-collared Sparrow	*Zonotrichia capensis*
	White-headed Brushfinch	*Atlapetes albiceps*
	Rufous-eared Brushfinch (E)	*Atlapetes rufigenis*
	Yellow-breasted Brushfinch	*Atlapetes latinuchus latinuchus*
	Yellow-breasted (Baron's) Brushfinch	*Atlapetes latinuchus baroni*
	White-winged Brushfinch	*Atlapetes leucopterus*
	Bay-crowned Brushfinch	*Atlapetes seebohmi*
	TROUPIALS AND ALLIES	**ICTERIDAE**
	Peruvian Meadowlark	*Leistes bellicosus*
	Russet-backed Oropendola	*Psarocolius angustifrons*
GO	Crested Oropendola	*Psarocolius decumanus*
	Yellow-rumped Cacique	*Cacicus cela*
	Mountain Cacique	*Cacicus chrysonotus*
	White-edged Oriole	*Icterus graceannae*
	Yellow-tailed Oriole	*Icterus mesomelas*
	Epaulet Oriole	*Icterus cayanensis*
	Orange-backed Troupial	*Icterus croconotus*
	Shiny Cowbird	*Molothrus bonariensis*
	Scrub Blackbird	*Dives warczewiczi*

	Oriole Blackbird	*Gymnomystax mexicanus*
	Pale-eyed Blackbird	*Agelasticus xanthophthalmus*
	NEW WORLD WARBLERS	**PARULIDAE**
	Masked Yellowthroat (Black-lored)	*Geothlypis aequinoctialis auricularis/peruviana*
	Tropical Parula	*Setophaga pitiayumi*
	Three-striped Warbler	*Basileuterus tristriatus*
	Three-banded Warbler	*Basileuterus trifasciatus*
	Citrine Warbler	*Myiothlypis luteoviridis*
	Black-crested Warbler	*Myiothlypis nigrocristata*
H	Buff-rumped Warbler	*Myiothlypis fulvicauda*
	Russet-crowned Warbler	*Myiothlypis coronata*
	Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart)	*Myioborus miniatus*
	Spectacled Redstart (Whitestart)	*Myioborus melanocephalus*
	CARDINALS AND ALLIES	**CARDINALIDAE**
	Hepatic Tanager	*Piranga flava*
	White-winged Tanager	*Piranga leucoptera*
H	Red-hooded Tanager	*Piranga rubriceps*
H	Red-crowned Ant-Tanager	*Habia rubica*
	Golden (Golden-bellied) Grosbeak	*Pheucticus chrysogaster*
	TANAGERS AND ALLIES	**THRAUPIDAE**
	Red-capped Cardinal	*Paroaria gularis*
	Black-faced Tanager	*Schistochlamys melanopis*
	Magpie Tanager	*Cissopis leverianus*
	White-capped Tanager	*Sericossypha albocristata*
	Black-eared Hemispingus	*Sphenopsis melanotis*
	Buff-bellied Tanager	*Thlypopsis inornata*
	Superciliaried Hemispingus	*Thlypopsis superciliaris*
	Plain-tailed Warbling Finch (E)	*Microspingus alticola*
	Yellow-crested Tanager	*Loriotus rufiventer*
	White-lined Tanager	*Tachyphonus rufus*
	Black-bellied Tanager (E)	*Ramphocelus melanogaster*
	Silver-beaked Tanager	*Ramphocelus carbo*
	Hooded Mountain Tanager	*Buthraupis montana*
	Blue-capped Tanager	*Sporathraupis cyanocephala*
	Grass-green Tanager	*Chlorornis riefferii*
	Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanager	*Anisognathus igniventris*
	Blue-winged Mountain Tanager	*Anisognathus somptuosus*
	Yellow-throated Tanager	*Iridosornis analis*
	Yellow-scarfed Tanager (E)	*Iridosornis reinhardti*
	Blue-and-yellow Tanager	*Rauenia bonariensis*
	Orange-eared Tanager	*Chlorochrysa calliparaea*
	Blue-gray Tanager	*Thraupis episcopus quaesita*
	Blue-gray Tanager (White-edged)	*Thraupis episcopus caerulea*
	Palm Tanager	*Thraupis palmarum*
	Yellow-bellied Tanager	*Ixothraupis xanthogastra*
	Spotted Tanager	*Ixothraupis punctata*
	Silvery (Silver-backed) Tanager	*Stilpnia viridicollis*
	Masked Tanager	*Stilpnia nigrocincta*
	Blue-necked Tanager	*Stilpnia cyanicollis*
	Blue-and-black Tanager	*Tangara vassorii*

	Beryl-spangled Tanager	*Tangara nigroviridis*
	Metallic-green Tanager	*Tangara labradorides*
	Turquoise Tanager	*Tangara mexicana*
	Paradise Tanager	*Tangara chilensis*
	Bay-headed Tanager	*Tangara gyrola*
	Golden-eared Tanager	*Tangara chrysotis*
	Saffron-crowned Tanager	*Tangara xanthocephala*
	Flame-faced Tanager	*Tangara parzudakii*
	Green-and-gold Tanager	*Tangara schrankii*
	Golden Tanager	*Tangara arthus*
	Swallow Tanager	*Tersina viridis*
	Black-faced Dacnis	*Dacnis lineata*
	Purple Honeycreeper	*Cyanerpes caeruleus*
	Green Honeycreeper	*Chlorophanes spiza*
	Guira Tanager	*Hemithraupis guira*
	Blue-backed Conebill	*Conirostrum sitticolor*
	Cinereous Conebill	*Conirostrum cinereum*
	Moustached Flowerpiercer	*Diglossa mystacalis*
	Black-throated Flowerpiercer	*Diglossa brunneiventris*
GO	White-sided Flowerpiercer	*Diglossa albilatera*
GO	Deep-blue Flowerpiercer	*Diglossa glauca*
	Masked Flowerpiercer	*Diglossa cyanea*
	Peruvian Sierra Finch	*Phrygilus punensis*
	Tit-like Dacnis	*Xenodacnis parina*
	Plumbeous Sierra Finch	*Geospizopsis unicolor*
	Ash-breasted Sierra Finch	*Geospizopsis plebejus*
	Cinereous Finch (E)	*Piezorina cinerea*
	Gray-winged Inca-Finch (E)	*Incaspiza ortizi*
	Buff-bridled Inca-Finch (E)	*Incaspiza laeta*
	Little Inca-Finch (E)	*Incaspiza watkinsi*
	Drab Hemispingus	*Pseudospingus xanthophthalmus*
	Gray-hooded Bush Tanager	*Cnemoscopus rubrirostris*
	Collared Warbling Finch	*Poospiza hispaniolensis*
	Saffron Finch	*Sicalis flaveola*
	Sulphur-throated Finch	*Sicalis taczanowskii*
	Blue-black Grassquit	*Volatinia jacarina*
	Parrot-billed Seedeater	*Sporophila peruviana*
	Drab Seedeater	*Sporophila simplex*
	Chestnut-bellied Seedeater	*Sporophila castaneiventris*
	Black-billed Seed-Finch	*Sporophila atrirostris*
	Yellow-bellied Seedeater	*Sporophila nigricollis*
	Red-crested Finch	*Coryphospingus cucullatus*
	Bananaquit	*Coereba flaveola*
	Dull-colored Grassquit	*Asemospiza obscura*
	Buff-throated Saltator	*Saltator maximus*
	Blue-gray (Grayish) Saltator	*Saltator coerulescens*
	Streaked Saltator	*Saltator striatipectus*
	Black-cowled Saltator	*Saltator nigriceps*
	Golden-billed Saltator	*Saltator aurantiirostris*
	Slate-colored Grosbeak	*Saltator grossus*

MAMMALS

Large-headed Capuchin	*Cebus macrocephalus*
Sechuran Fox	*Lycalopex sechurae*
Guayaquil Squirrel	*Sciurus stramineus*
Collared Peccary	*Tayassu tajacu*
White-tailed Deer	*Odocoileus virginianus*